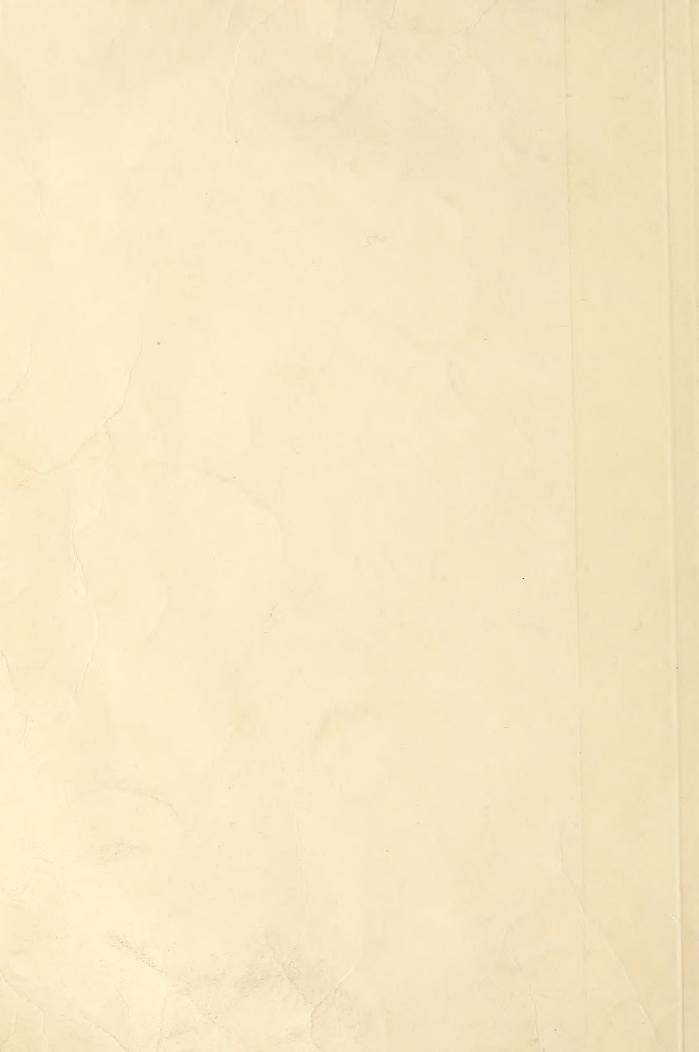
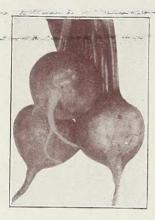
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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



Job P. Wyatt & Sons Co., Raleigh, N.C.





Do Not Delay Ordering until you are ready to use the goods you want. It will prove economical often to anticipate your wants. The loss of time in planting by delays of transportation companies, also advance in prices, should show the wise buyer that it is to his interest to order early.

Save Money. When you make out your general list of Seed, be sure to include Insecticides and Sprayers, also Fertilizers, with your order; thereby you will be saving extra express or freight charges. Remember, when the bugs or insects appear on your crop, you need insecticide; then delay in getting the remedy and sprayers may cost you ten times the cost of your purchase.

How to Send An Order. You will find in the back of this book an order sheet, perforated for tearing out; also an addressed envelope in which to send the order. When convenient, always use

this order sheet. Please do not write anything on the sheet except items wanted and what pertains to the order. Write on separate sheet when asking for prices or information; this will avoid the possibility of being overlooked; also insure quick attention to information asked.

Please be careful to sign your name, postoffice, county, and state on each order and letter sent us.

TERMS. All orders, to secure prompt shipment, should be accompanied with the cash, only send to well-rated merchants, or parties well known to us, without the cash with order. remittance falls short of amount of goods ordered, it is our custom to reduce the quantity, instead of delaying order by writing.

HOW TO SEND MONEY. By Post-Office of Express Money Order, Bank Check, or Draft, Cash by Registered Letter. We accept clean postage stamps for small amounts the same as cash.

C. O. D. ORDERS must be accompanied by a remittance equal to one-fourth the amount of the order; this insures the express or freight charges in case the goods are not taken when they arrive at destination.

POSTAGE ON SEEDS. We pay the postage on packets, ounces, and quarter-pound packages; also where prepaid postage prices are given. For large quantities, see parcel post rates in table given below. PARCEL POST RATES on Merchandise and Seeds. Seed rate, 2 ounces for 1 cent, up to 8 ounces.

Above 8 ounces the local and zone parcel post rates are applied.

PRICES ON FIELD SEEDS, ONION SETS, and POTATOES are constantly fluctuating. The prices given are those ruling at the time this catalogue is printed but they are not binding, and may change at any time. We will cheerfully quote prices at any time on request, and will always fill open orders entrusted to us at the lowest rates possible for our best quality seeds. If you are a frequent purchaser of seeds and wish to receive our monthly price-list, advise us, and we shall be glad to enter your name on our regular mailing-list. It frequently occurs that the prices of articles may have changed between the time our catalog is printed and

occurs that the prices of articles may have changed between the time our catalog is printed and receipt of orders. When such is the case, if the article ordered is cheaper, we will send the value of such articles at the ruling prices. If the articles are higher, we will deduct the quantity to meet the amount of remittances. But in case you wish to limit your price, please so state on your order; otherwise we will fill your order as we think host. we think best.

ABOUT WARRANTING SEEDS. We exercise the greatest possible care in growing, buying examining, and testing our seeds, and we try in every department of the business to guardagainst mistakes and insure reliability, and under certain conditions and with proper cultiunder certain conditions and with proper cultivation they will certainly grow good crops, yet no seedsman can, or ever does in good faith, assume any responsibility for crops grown from seeds supplied by him, there being too many causes, known and unknown, which prevent good seeds from germinating. Therefore, in common with all responsible seed houses, we sell our goods subject to the following, and all orders sent us will be accepted under these conditions only: Job P. Wyatt & Sons Co. give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to growth, description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, or plants they send out, and they will not be responsible in any way for the crop. for the crop.

PARCEL POST RATES							
POUNDS		First Zone 1 to 50 Miles	Second Zone 50 to 150 Miles	Third Zone 150 to 300 Miles	Fourth Zone 500 to 600 Miles	Fifth Zone 600 to 1,000 Miles	
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5	07	09	09	14	23 27 31 35 39 43	32	
6	08 08 09	10	10	16	27	38	
7	08	11	11	18	31	44	
8	09	12	11 12	2.0	35	44 50	
9	09	13	13	22	39	56	
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JOB P. WYATT & SONS CO., Raleigh, N. C.

JOB P. WYATT & SONS CO.

ESTABLISHED 1881

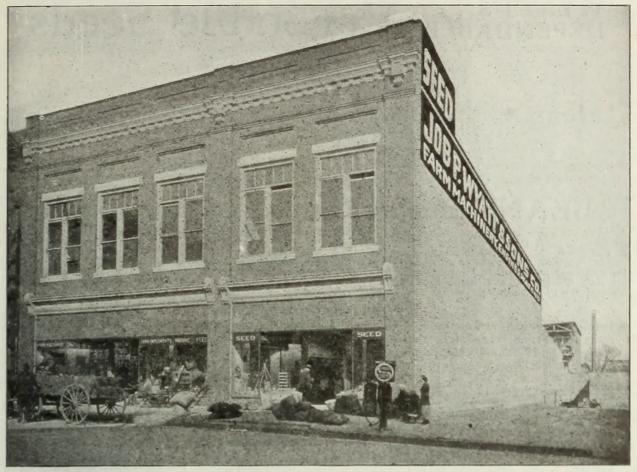
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

The Leading Seed House of the Carolinas.

Job P. Wyatt & Sons Co. give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, or plants they send out, and will not be responsible for the crop.

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SPECIAL NOTICE We Would Appreciate the Names of a Few of Your Friends Who Are Interested in Gardening—We Wish to Have Our Catalog in Their Homes											
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Main Store Building and Offices, Wilmington Street

January 2, 1922.

TO OUR PATRONS AND FRIENDS

With this, our fifth annual catalog, we extend greetings and all good wishes to every one of its many thousands of readers. The rapid growth and steady expansion of our seed business in the past four years constitutes a vote of confidence by our customers that fills us with a sense of profound appreciation and inspires us to renew and enlarge our effort for the year 1922.

We would urge our customers to turn away from the one crop farming of the past and by diversified farming raise at home all of their necessary supplies. In the proper rotation of crops the fertility of the soil can not only be conserved but can be improved from year to year.

And we would also strongly advise early purchasing of all needed supplies of seeds. Those who delay until the season is well begun find prices higher, and good seeds scarce. Owing to the prolonged unfavorably dry weather of 1921 many varieties of seed will be difficult to obtain, and those who wait until the limited supplies are sold will be under the undesirable necessity of doing without or of substituting other varieties which they are not accustomed to growing.

Yours for the best seeds and the best service we can give during 1922.

JOB P. WYATT & SONS CO.



Implement Display Room



Warehouse on S. A. L. Railroad Tracks

WYATT'S DEPENDABLE Vegetable Seeds

BEST FOR SOUTHERN PLANTING

ASPARAGUS One ounce will plant 60 feet of drill

Sow in March or April, in rows 1 foot apart. When two years old, transplant into permanent beds, which should be well and deeply manured and trenched to the depth of 2 feet. Set the plants (in rows) from 3 to 4 feet apart and 2 feet in the rows, spreading out the roots and covering from 6 to 8 inches. On the approach of winter, cover with manure or compost; fork the beds early in the spring and apply a dressing of salt. Cut for use the second year after planting in permanent bed.

Palmetto. This is the favorite and earliest variety grown in the South. Oz. 5c, ½ lb. 15c; lb. 60c. Asparagus Roots. \$1.25 per 100, \$7.50 per 1,000, f. o. b. Raleigh.

BEANS, Bush or Snap one pound will plant 60 feet of row;

For the earliest crop, plant just as soon as the weather gets warm—in this section, about April 1. To have a succession, plant every two weeks throughout the summer until the middle of August, or, farther south, as late as September 20. Late Snaps make a very satisfactory crop, and should be more generally grown. For field culture, plant in rows 2½ to 3 feet apart, 3 inches between the Beans, covering about 2 inches. In small gardens the rows may be only 2 feet apart. Cultivate often until they blossom, not afterward, and never when the vines are wet. To prevent anthracnose, blight, mildew, rust and leaf-spot, spray early and frequently with Bordeaux Mixture. Will mature in 42 to 70 days.

GREEN-PODDED VARIETIES

Wyatt's Improved Red Valentine. A very hardy, early and productive standard sort. Pods 4½ inches long, round and crease-backed, medium green, brittle even when fully grown. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts., 2 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid; by freight or express, 10 lbs. \$2.00, 100 lbs., \$18. Black Valentine. The earliest Bean to plant,

Black Valentine. The earliest Bean to plant, owing to its hardiness. Very hardy and productive; the green pods are fit for the table in 45 days. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts., postpaid; by freight or express, 10 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Bountiful. This is an extra early, hardy Snap Bean, which is very popular with market gardeners. It is named Bountiful because of the heavy crops it produces. The vines are vigorous and upright, having large leaves. The pods are from 5 to 6 inches long, large and flat. The seed is of medium size and of a solid, rich yellow color. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts., 2 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid; by freight or express, lb. 20c.

Burpee's Stringless. Early, hardy, vigorous, and productive. Pods large, 5 inches long, stout, round and crease-backed; dark green in color; strictly stringless, tender and brittle; of good quality. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts.,

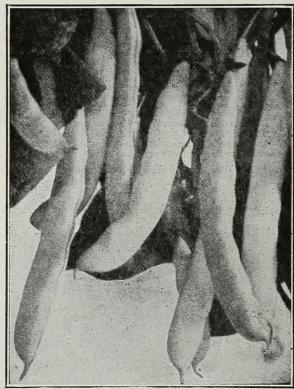
2 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid.

1000-to-1 or Extra Early Refugee—Similar in all respects to the ordinary Refugee, but is two weeks earlier, enormously prolific, and from its earliness is almost certain to produce a crop in any kind of season. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts., pk. \$3.00; bu., \$12.00.

Longfellow or French Stringless. Attractive long green pods of excellent quality. This perfectly round, green-podded Bean is tender and prolific, and is one of the best varieties for the home-garden. The pods are of fine quality, nearly stringless, exceedingly handsome, pods 7 to 8 inches long, straight and round. When cooked the flavor is exquisitely delicious. Grows 14 to 16 inches high, bearing edible pods in 35 days. Seed purplish pink, mottled pale ocher red. Pkt. 10c., lb. 35 cts., 2 lbs. 65 cts., 5 lbs. \$1.50, 10 lbs. \$2.50, postpaid.

Giant Stringless. Somewhat similar to Burpee's Stringless but pod is a little longer, straighter, and more slender; more depressed between Beans and slightly lighter in color; early, hardy, and of highest quality. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts., 2 lbs. 65 cts., ppd.; by freight or express, 10 lbs. \$2.00, 100 lbs. \$18.

Full Measure. A bush variety, popular on account of its wonderful yield and quality. Handsome long, green, round pods, of the highest quality and perfectly stringless. It also remains in picking condition many days after maturing, a strong point in its favor. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts., 2 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid, by freight or express, lb. 20 cts.



WYATT'S IMPROVED RED VALENTINE

EAT MORE BEANS

Beans of all kinds are one of the best and most nutritious forms of food for human beings. They are good both green and dry. They are easier to grow in the South than any other vegetable. Grow and eat more Beans.

YELLOW, or WAX-PODDED BUSH BEANS

Dwarf Black Wax (German Wax). The reliable old Black Wax, but greatly improved in every respect. The vines are vigorous, hardy, and productive. The pods are 4½ to 5 inches long, of a clear creamy white color, fleshy, strictly stringless, fine-grained, of the best quality, and remain fresh a long time. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid.

Improved Golden Wax. Probably the most popular of the wax varieties and one of the best. Early and productive, pods 5 inches long, very stout, straight or slightly curved, and oval in form; flesh brittle, stringless and of good quality; color bright yellow; seed white, much mottled brown. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 20c lb.

Cabbage, or Crystal White Wax. A very beautiful, distinct, and desirable variety, producing pods of good size. Color waxy white and almost transparent; stringless, crisp, tender and of rich flavor. The pods develop quickly, but



IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX

mature slowly and remain in condition for table use longer than any other variety. Pkt, 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid; by freight or express, 10 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.

POLE, or CORNFIELD BEAN

These are much stronger growers than Bush Beans and require good, strong stakes. They give a much greater yield than Bush Beans, but being more tender, should never be planted before May in this section.

Use poles about 8 feet long and set firmly 4 feet apart each way. Plant five to eight Beans in a hill, 1½ to 2 inches deep. When well started, thin to four plants in a hill. They are sometimes planted in the hills of field corn.

Old Homestead, or Kentucky Wonder. The most popular greenpodded climbing, or corn-hill bean; early and productive. Pods 8 to 9 inches long; very slender, decidedly curved; slightly stringy, tender and good quality. Pkt-, 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid.

White Kentucky Wonder. A very early, white-seeded variety. Pods 6 to 7 inches long, round, slender and straight; very tender, fleshy and stringless; of high quality; color dark green. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid.

Striped Creaseback Scotia, or Nancy Davis. Plants large, compact; vigorous grower; pods about 7 inches long, almost straight or slightly bent backward at the end, round, well filled, and of good quality. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c, postpaid; by freight or express, 10 lbs., \$2.25, 100 lbs., \$20.00.

Lazy Wife. A late, productive, standard sort. Pods 5 to 6 inches long, broad, straight, flat, stringless, very fleshy, brittle, fine-grained, attractive and of excellent quality; color medium green. Dry Beans round and white. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid.

Cut Short, or Cornfield. Very popular throughout the South for planting in corn. Pods fleshy and of good quality. A good yielder and well liked wherever grown. By mail, postpaid, pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.25. By express, lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 100 lbs., \$20.00.

NOTICE. In the cental system, which we have adopted this season for Peas, Beans and Corn, 1 pound is equivalent to 1 pint, 2 pounds are equivalent to 1 quart, and 7 pounds are equivalent to 1 gailon, approximately. You can easily figure the quantity by the quantities sown previous seasons. All varieties of Peas, Beans and Corn are figured in this way.



Kentucky Wonder, a very popular variety and enormously productive, high quality seed have stood the test of the most severe critics. Thousands of our customers are increasing their orders every year.



BUSH LIMA BEANS Will mature in 70 to 90 days

Lima Beans, in common with all other varieties of beans are sensitive to cold and should not be planted until all danger of frost is past Require a rich, light, preferably sandy soil which helps to mature the "Limas" quickly. Select a rich soil or use old well-rotted manure.

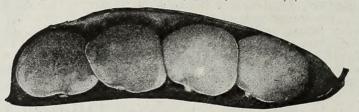
Plant in hills $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. apart each way and 5 to 6 seeds in a hill, or in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart, 4 to 6 inches between the plants in the row and 2 inches deep. Draw the soil up along the plants, but do not work among the beans when wet as this induces rust.

Prolific Bush Lima. A very good, medium-sized Bush Bean larger than the Henderson Bush and not as large as the Burpee's Bush. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid.

Burpee's Fordhook Bush Lima. A most excellent variety and exceedingly popular with market-gardeners. Pods about 5 inches long, containing four or five large, oval-shaped, very thick white Beans. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid.

Henderson's Bush Lima. The original well-known small Bush Lima. It is earlier, a larger yielder, and of good flavor. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; postpaid.

Burpee's Improved Bush Lima. Of enormous size, eight days earlier than the old Burpee's Bush Lima, and the Beans are larger and thicker. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid; by freight or express, 10 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.



CAROLINA OR SIEVA LIMA OR BUTTER BEAN

POLE LIMA BEANS Will mature in 70 to 90 days

BUSH LIMA OR BUTTER Wyatt's Improved Pole Lima. Much larger than the small lima and earlier and much more prolific than the large white Lima Beans. Pkt., 10c; lb.,

35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid.

Small White Pole Lima. Also known as small Lima or "Sieva" Bean. A climbing form of the Henderson Bush Lima, and very popular. This variety is a continuous bearer and furnishes the most tender and delicious Beans for the table. It's very prolific and a hardy grower for "butter Beans" in the South. Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid; not prepaid, 15 lbs. (peck), \$3.25; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$12.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.

BRUSSELS

SPROUTS

One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants.

Sow seed in a bed during June or July. When large enough to move, transplant in the open ground 18 inches apart in the row. The cultivation and handling is in every respect similar to that given cabbage. Makures to that given cabbage. Matures in about 125 days.

The "Sprouts" resemble

miniature cabbage, growing closely on the stalk of the plant. The leaves should be broken down in the fall to give the little heads more room to grow. They should be treated in all respects like winter cabbage or kale. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 85c, lb. \$3.00.



WHEN TO ORDER YOUR SEEDS

Now is the time to order your seeds, while you have the subject fresh on your mind. Don't put it off until tomorrow. By sending in an order now you will have the seeds when wanted.

We would call special attention to our lists of Farm Seeds, including Grasses, Clovers, Alfalfa, Wheat, Oats, etc., which will be found further on in this catalogue. These are all of the very highest in this catalogue. These are all of the very nignest quality, and we heartily recommend them to our quality, and w

BEETS

Two ounces of seed will sow 100 feet of row; about 7 pounds will sow an acre. Will mature in 40 to 60 days

For very early crop, the seed should be sown in hotbeds or started in boxes in the house in January and February. After danger of frost is past, transplant and set them in rows 2 to 3 feet apart and 6 to 8 inches apart in the rows. Or they can be sown outside from March to July, as desired for medium, early, or late crop, in drills, covering 1 inch, and plants thinned to 6 to 8 inches. Beets should be grown in light, clean, deep soil and kept well cultivated.

Improved Early Blood Turnip. The old standard table Beet. Roots nearly round or slightly flattened, bright red, zoned and of good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

Crimson Globe. Early; rich crimson; perfect globe; smooth and clean. Very attractive, and a general favorite. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid; by express, lb., \$1.15.

Detroit Dark Red. Here is a Beet you will like, whether you grow for home use or market. Almost globe-shaped, with small tops and tap-roots, very smooth and of dark blood-red color. The quality is fine, and for canning purposes it has no superior. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35, postpaid; by express, lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs. and over, \$1.15 per lb.

Extra-Early Eclipse. An early variety, with small top and medium-sized, round, bright, deep red roots. Flesh bright red, zoned pinkish white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1, postpaid.

Extra-Early Egyptian. One of the very earliest, with small tops; roots flat and moderately thick, very dark red; flesh dark purplish red. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

Long Smooth Blood-Red. Roots long, penetrating the soil deeply, but seldom growing more than 2 inches in diameter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

Crosby's Improved Egyptian—Very early strain of the old standard Egyptian; small tops, good shape; popular with the truckers. Pkt. 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb., \$1.10, postpaid; by express, lb. \$1.

EARLY WONDER BEET

Early Wonder. Deep blood red; nearly globular in shape with a small root and top; one of the earliest and most uniform bunching beets that can be grown. Postpaid, Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

SWISS CHARD, or SPINACH BEET

One ounce will sow 100 feet of row.

Giant Lucullus. The Swiss Chard, or Spinach Beet is prepared for the table in the same manner as spinach; sometimes, however, the midrib is prepared like asparagus. Seed planted early in the spring will quickly produce plants from which cuttings may be made in 24 days and continued all summer, as you can cut right down to the ground, and new shoots will soon spring up and make a fast growth, while those plants which are allowed to grow on without any cutting will make large curly leaves, with thick, light-colored midribs, which are delicious when cooked and served like asparagus. You should not fail to plant at least one long row in your garden. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

MANGEL-WURTZELS

Mangel-Wurtzel, also called Stock Beet, or Cow Beet, is a very large Beet, growing mostly above the ground, and all stock eats it greedily.

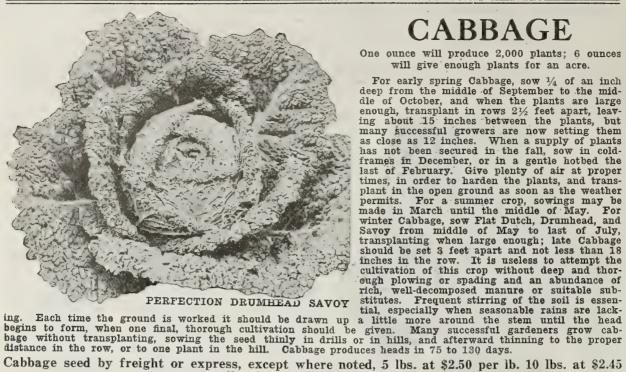
Plow the soil for it deeply, and in May or June plant six Mangel seed to the foot, in 2 to 3 foot rows, later thinning to a 10-inch row, and an acre requires five to six pounds. When a light frost has occurred, lift the roots, store in pits or cellars, and the Mangels are soon ready for feeding.

Long Red. A large, long variety, grown for stock-feeding. It stands up well above the surface; color light red; flesh white and rose-colored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1, postpaid.



SWISS CHARD

Beet-Tops. Be sure to sow a row of Beet seed for "Tops." There is nothing more delicious than Beet Tops cooked like spinach, when young and served in the same way. Eclipse is a good variety for this purpose. Sow thickly.



CABBAGE

One ounce will produce 2,000 plants; 6 ounces will give enough plants for an acre.

For early spring Cabbage, sow 1/4 of an inch deep from the middle of September to the middeep from the middle of September to the maddle of October, and when the plants are large enough, transplant in rows 2½ feet apart, leaving about 15 inches between the plants, but many successful growers are now setting them

Cabbage seed by freight or express, except where noted, 5 lbs. at \$2.50 per lb. 10 lbs. at \$2.45 per lb.; 100 lbs., at \$2.25 per lb.

Wyatt's Selected Early Jersey Wakefield. Long recognized as the best early marketable Cab-In size, medium; bage. in shape, pyramidal with pointed peak. Its uncommonly fine heading qualities, together with its fitness for wintering in coldframes, pleases the most critical gardeners. Our strain of seed is of superior quality, Long Island grown. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb.. \$2.75, postpaid.

Large, or Charleston

Wakefield. Large solid heads, of good quality, a few days later than Early Jersey Wakefield; especially recommended for home gardeners and market gardeners, producing fully twice as much per acre as the early variety. The strain we offer is very fine, and cannot fail to give satisfaction, as it combines all the good qualities of an early, long-keeping cabbage. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid.

Winnigstadt. Medium early, for either early or late use. A standard sure heading variety; very hardy; heads hard, fine-grained and cone-shaped; sure cropper. Pkt.. 10c; oz.. 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid.

HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT

Kills Cabbage and Cauliflower Worms 1 Pound carton with perforated top, 45 cents,

postpaid.

By express or freight, not prepaid,
1 pound carton, 25 cts; 5 pound package 65 cts;
10 pound package, \$1.20.



EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD

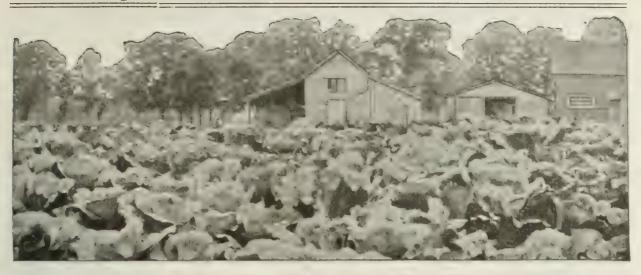
Large, Late Drumhead-Heads are solid and have few loose leaves, thus allowing of planting closely in the field, and thereby increasing the number of heads produced. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.75, postpaid.

Perfection Drumhead Savoy. The largest solidheading Savoy; has the rich flavor of the Cauliflower. The plants are strong and vigorous, and withstand the ravages of the cabbage worm better than other sorts. This is the best for market-gar-

deners, as it will produce larger heads than any other kind of Savoy Cabbage. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.



ALL SEASONS CABBAGE



FIELD OF EARLY FLAT DUTCH CABBAGE GROWN FROM OUR SEED

Henderson's Succession. This recently introduced variety, which originated on Long Island, we regard as valuable an acquisition as the famous Early Drumhead, but produces heads of very much larger size. Whether for an early, medium, or late crop, it is equally as valuable. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c: 4 lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid.



SUCCESSION CABBAGE

Autumn King, or World Beater. Heads large, solid, good quality, and keep well. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid.

Early Drumhead. A good second early for the home-garden; large, round, very solid head. This we consider the best for following Charleston Wakefield; it matures about 10 days later. Pkt., 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid.

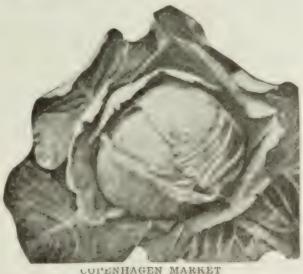
Early Flat Dutch. Medium early, large, flat, solid heads. A reliable and popular variety Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.75, postpaid.

Premium Late Flat Dutch. A popular winter Cabbage. Large, solid, flat heads. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75. postpaid.

Red Rock. The largest and surest heading red winter Cabbage, and the sort most generally planted by gardeners. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

ppenhagen Market. This excellent variety from Denmark will command the attention Copenhagen Market. of those who grow for early market, as well as private growers who desire an extra-early, round-headed Cabbage which can be depended upon for making large solid heads at an early season. The heads are grown upon a short stem, are solid and large in size, weighing 10 to 12 pounds, with light green leaves of good quality. It is the largest of the early round-headed varieties, and its habit of growth allows of its being planted close together in the field or garden. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$4.50, postpaid.

Il Seasons. The heads are extremely hard and solid, round, flattened on top, and ready to market nearly as early as Early Drum-head, while considerably larger in size. It is called All Seasons because it is as good for autumn or winter as for early summer. Pkt., 10e; oz., 35e; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.75. postpaid.



Plant Department

Our Sturdy Southern Grown Cabbage Plants are Tough and Hardy.
They Mean Dollars to the Wide-awake Gardener.



The plants make a slow but steady growth, until at eight or ten weeks of age they are very tough, the buds are purple and the outer leaves a reddish brown. When in this condition they can be shipped to territory farther north and be planted in the open ground a month to six weeks sooner than the home-grown hot-bed or cold-frame plants. These Frost-proof Cabbage Plants will stand a temperature of twenty degrees above zero without injury, the land freezing, or the plants being covered with ice, sleet or snow after they are planted will not injure

The top of the plant does not grow until your regular Spring weather opens up, but the roots

grow from the time they are planted, and just as soon as Spring weather starts, the established root growth assimilates the fertilizer in the soil, the plants grow very fast, maturing headed cabbage two to three weeks sooner than you can mature them from hotbed and cold frame plants. You know what the difference in profit will be if your crop is matured and marketed before the general crop from home-grown plants is matured.

To get the advantage of these Frost-proof Cabbage Plants they must be planted a month or six weeks earlier than you would plant home-grown plants.

Our cabbage plants are grown from the best Long Island grown seed. We can fill orders from November 1st to May 1st.

The plants when received will be somewhat wilted and have a hard stunted appearance, which will be disappointing to persons who have never used these plants before. Regardless of appearance, they will produce the crop results. On account of congested transportation, we do not guarantee delivery. Our responsibility ceases upon delivery of plants to post-office or transportation company.

Varieties—Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Large Type Wakefield, Succession and Early Flat Dutch, and other varieties.

Prices by Parcel Post, postage paid, 50c per hundred; 200 or more at 35c per hundred.

Prices by Express, buyer paying charges, 1,000 to 4,000 at \$2.50 per thousand; 5,000 to 8,000 at \$2.40 per thousand; 10,000 and over, \$2.25 per thousand.

Terms cash with order.

WRITE FOR PRICES ON PLANTS NOT QUOTED.

PLANTS IN SEASON

ASPARAGUS ROOTS, \$1.25 per 100.
RHUBARB ROOTS, 25c éach.
TOMATO PLANTS, 30c per doz., \$1.00 per 100.
COLLARD PLANTS, 40c per 100, \$3.50 per 1,000.
EGGPLANTS, 75 cents per dozen.
CELERY PLANTS, \$1.00 per 100.
PEPPER PLANTS, 40c per doz., \$3.00 per 100.
STRAWBERRY PLANTS, \$1.50 per 100.
All varieties.



CHINESE CABBAGE

CHINESE or CELERY CABBAGE, PE-TSAI

Pe-Tsai. A wonderful salad plant, growing 15 or 16 inches high, somewhat resembling Cos Lettuce, or probably more like Swiss Chard. It yields an unusual amount of most excellent salad. Cut up like Cabbage, and served with mayonnaise or French dressing, it makes a splendid cold-slaw. Can be boiled like cabbage if cooked quickly and served with cream sauce, but is without the strong flavor and odor of Cabbage The hearts blanch to a crystalline white, whiter than lettuce and more beautiful than cabbage—every leaf, including the outside ones, is delicate and tender. Pe-Tsai should be of special interest to poultrymen; it is an economical and prolific green food. It is easy to grow, but should be grown in a cool season, as it runs to seed in hot and dry weather. Sow early in the spring and again in July and August, transplanting 18 inches apart in 2½ ft. rows. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid.



EARLY SNOWBALL

CELERY

One oz. to sow 100 feet, will produce about 4,000 plants; 8 ounces to set 1 acre.

Sow seed in February, March or April, in rows of fine rich soil, and if dry enough, press the soil firmly with a roller or the back of a spade. Keep the seed-bed well

watered, as Celery germinates slowly. When 4 in. high, cut tops to make the plants grow stocky. Transplant from June to September, in rows 3 feet apart, 6 inches apart in row. Matures from 120 to 160 days.

Winter Queen. The best winter Celery. It blanches easily, has a crisp, nutty flavor, is hardy and a splendid keeper. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$3.00.

Giant Pascal. Thick, solid stalk, golden hearts; blanches quickly; keeps well and is of good flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$3.00.

White Plume. One of the best for early use; handsome; good quality; blanches easily. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$3.00.

Golden Self-blanching. Not so early as the White Plume, but is of a heavier and more compact growth. Its stalks are thick, crisp, and brittle. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

CARROTS

Sow in rich, sandy loam which has been well manured the previous year.

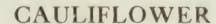
The soil should be thoroughly pulverized before seeding, because the seeds are very small, and there is danger of covering them too deep. Sow in drills 2 feet apart, at the rate of 1 ounce to every 100 feet of row. After the plants attain some size, thin them to 6 to 8 inches apart and give frequent shallow cultivation. The time for seeding extends from early spring to the middle of the summer. Produces Carrots in 75 days.

Danvers Half-Long. The roots are smooth, 8 to 10 inches long, of a deep orange color. The flesh is fine-grained sweet and of the very best quality. This is

color. The flesh is fine-grained, sweet, and of the very best quality. an excellent variety either for the home garden or for the market. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

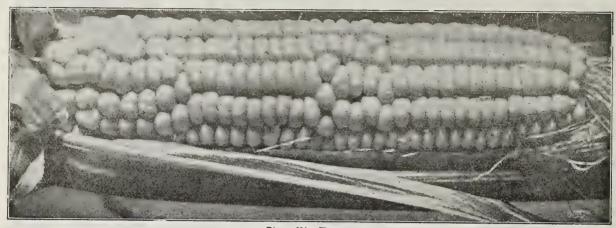
Chantenay. Suited to either garden or field culture. It makes a good yield and is often used for stock feed. It has a medium-sized top, small neck, stump root and a broad, thick shoulder. The roots are of an orange color, and the flesh Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid. is of good quality.





One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants Early Snowball. An extremely early dwarf variety, producing magnificent white heads in 90 days. The plants make a compact growth, with short outside leaves, and produce heads of medium size. Well suited for hotbed culture. Pkt., 20c; ¼ oz., 60c.





Stowell's Evergreen

SWEET or SUGAR CORN

One-half pound will plant 150 feet of row; 12 pounds to the acre.

Plant 5 or 6 grains, 1½ inches deep, in hills rounded up with the hoe, 3 feet apart, in rows 3 feet apart. When plants are 4 inches high pull out all but two plants to the hill. For very early Corn, the hardiest and earliest varieties can be planted the latter part of March, if the weather is mild, but Sweet Corn should not be planted until April, or until the spring weather opens and the ground gets warm, as it has a tendency to rot in the ground if planted too early or during a continued cold or rainy spell of weather. It should be planted at intervals of every two weeks until July or August, so as to have Corn for use during the entire season. Roasting ears in 60 to 80 days.



For table use the Sweet Corns are far and away ahead of all other varieties. While they cannot be planted quite as early as the first of the Field Corns, their quality is so superior that no garden should be without a good planting of early and late varieties. Good prices can always be obtained, and the crop is a very profitable one for the market gardener.

Golden Bantam. The earliest and best of Sugar Corns. It is golden color and delicious flavor, with the sweetness of honey; can be planted earlier than the other varieties of true Sweet Corn, as it is very hardy. The stalks are dwarf in habit, growing about four feet high, producing two or three good ears, 5 to 6 inches long, well set from the ground. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c, postpaid; by freight or express, 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

Country Gentleman. Considered one of the best quality Sweet Corns for table use and canning. Has long, deep grains, and yields two to four ears to Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; postpaid.

Stowell's Evergreen. The standard and best known Sweet Corn. Ears 8 inches long, 10 to 20 rowed, with very deep, sweet grains. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; by freight or express, 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

PLEASE NOTE

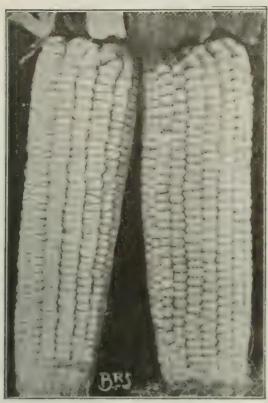
As required by the United States Food Administration, Peas, Beans and Garden Corn will hereafter be sold by weight (pounds, etc.), instead of by measure (pints, quarts, pecks, bushels), as formerly used. This may be a little confusing at first, but as soon as all of us become accustomed to the change it will no doubt be found far preferable to the old system. The quantity by weight as compared to the quantity by measure is about as follows: follows:

Kindly send us names and addresses of your gardener friends and we will mail them our catalog free.



GOLDEN

ROASTING EAR CORN



IMPROVED ADAMS' EARLY

Improved Adams' Early. An improvement in the old Adams Early, being nearly one-third larger and almost as early. Pkt., 10c; lb. 20c postpaid, 30c); 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs., \$6.00; 60c per dozen ears.

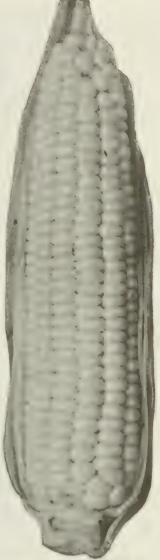
Adams' Early. While not a Sugar Corn, is a tender white corn for the table; can be planted earlier and will be ready in 60 days. Pkt., 10c; lb., 20c (postpaid, 30c), 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$6; 60c per dozen ears.

Snowflake. This variety is later than the Adams' Early, but is far superior to it in size and quality. It is what we would call a second early. It is larger than Trucker's Favorite, but not quite so early. The stalks grow large and vigorous, bearing several large, well-filled ears. The grains are rather large, deep, and pure white. Pkt., 15c; lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 75c, ppd. Truckers Favorite. A splendid

early white corn, coming in directly after Adams' Early, grain. Pkt. 10c: lb., 20c (nost-

but much larger; has a deep white, soft grain. Pkt. 10c; lb., 20c (post-paid, 30c), 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$6.00; 60c per doz. ears.

Garden Corn on Ear. For seed purposes. Extra fine ears. Will average about 60c per dozen ears.



TRUCKER'S FAVORITE

POP CORN

Queen's Golden. Stalks grow 6 feet high, with large ears produced in abundance. It pops perfectly white, and a single kernel will expand to a diameter of nearly one inch. Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 30c, postpaid; by freight or express, 10 lbs. for \$2.00.

White Rice. The most popular and widely known variety. The kernels are pointed and resemble rice. It matures later than other varieties but yields heavily and "pops" fine. Pkt., 10c;

14 lb., 20c; lb., 30c, postpaid; by freight or express, 10 lbs., \$2.00.

Red Beauty. A prolific variety with deep relears. Pops white. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c, postpaid;

WHITE RICE POP CORN

CORN SALAD One ounce will sow about 2,000 plants

Similar to cauliflower, but taller, and the heads more divided, stands greater extremes of temperature, and is better adapted for fall planting. Can be sown either in the spring or fall. Cultivate like cauliflower.

Early White Cape. The best variety. Heads white and compact; hardy, vigorous, and easily grown. Pkt., 10c.

by freight or express 10 lbs. for \$2.00.

Pop-Corn for Popping.
Lb., 12c; 5 lbs., 55c;
10 lbs., \$1.10; 100
lbs., \$10.00. If wanted by mail, add 5c
per pound for postage.

BROCCOLI One ounce of seed will produce

Large-seeded. Sow in the early spring in rows 12 inches apart and repeat as desired for succession. May be sown in September, if protected. Cultivate thoroughly and keep well watered. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c.

For Stock Feeding, besides Carrots be sure to plant a liberal acreage in Mangel-Wurtzel or Stock Beets



IMPROVED LONG GREEN

CUCUMBERS

One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 2 pounds will plant an acre

Our Seed is Grown From Selected Seed

An early crop of Cucumbers can be had each year by starting the seed in pots, boxes, or on a piece of sod so they can be readily transplanted without checking the growth. For outside planting, the ground should be prepared and put in good condition and the seed should be planted about the latter part of April or the first of May in this particular latitude. The seeds should not be planted more than an inch deep and in hills slightly raised above the ground, about 4 feet apart each way. It is advisable to mix the soil with well-rotted stable manure, being careful not to put too much manure in the hills. We also recommend planting about two or three times as much seed as you would for any other crop and then thin out or pull out the plants, as the insects attack the vines which are the weakest, leaving about three or four strong vines to each hill. The ground should by all means be kept free from weeds and the fruit should be gathered and not allowed to ripen on the vine, as this reduces the production. The Cucumbers are ready for use about two months after planting. planting.

Arlington White Spine. One of the earliest and most productive of the White Spine family; true to type and uniform. Fruits about 7 inches long, rounded at both ends and of bright, deep green color. A very popular sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Early Green Cluster. The fruits are of slender form and most desirable for pickling. They are very prolific, and frequently set in clusters of two and three. If the fruits are kept gathered, the vines will continue long in bearing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25, postpaid

EARLY GREEN CLUSTER

Early Fortune. An extra-early Cucumber of the White Spine type. Very productive; fruits 8 inches long, slightly tapering. Flesh white, very firm and crisp, with very few seeds. Color dark green. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c;

postpaid. Green Prolific. Very prolific; especially recommended for pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

1/4 lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50

Improved Long Green. Well-known table sort, 12 to 14 inches long; slender, more tapering toward the stem end; color dark green; flesh white and firm. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid. Klondyke. A desirable dark green White Spine.

Excellent strain of White Spine, remarkable

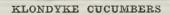
for the uniformly dark green skin of its shapely fruits. Its good qualities are its extreme earliness and prolificness. Very hardy, resisting unfavorable weather conditions and is a good size for slicing. It is also quite firm when small and is excellent for pickling. A most prolific

bearing sort. Matures in 60 days. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Davis Perfect. This Cucumber is old and reliable. Noted for the perfect fruit it produces. Fruit long, rather slender, beautiful deep green color, few seeds.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.45, ppd.

Gherkin or Burr. Small prickly; used for pickles only. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 65c; ppd.



COLLARDS

One of the most popular southern vegetables and largely used in place of cabbage. It is hardier and easier to grow than cabbage, can be grown on poorer soil, and withstands insect attacks better.

Although often sown during the spring and summer, the principal sowings are made in June, July and August, transplanted a foot apart in the row and given frequent cultivation. They make a most excellent vegetable for the late fall, winter and early spring. The flavor is improved by frost. Cultivate like late cabbage. Ready for use ip about 75 days.

North Carolina Short-Stem. A decided improvement, and has proved very popular wherever grown. Has a short stem; large spreading leaves; very hardy, withstanding drought in summer and cold in winter. Its flavor and cooking qualities are the very best. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid; by express, lb., \$1.15.



COLLARDS

Cabbage Collard. Called "Cabbage Collard" because of its close bunching habit and general resemblance to cabbage. Extremely hardy and grows on the poorest soils. As white and crisp as cabbage. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 14 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00. postpaid; by express, lb., 80c.

> True Georgia, or Southern. The well-known and popular Collard that has been grown for generations in the South. Should have a place in every southern garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c, postpaid; by express, lb., 80c.

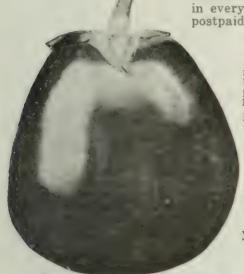
EGGPLANT One ounce of seed will produce 2,000 plants: pound will sow an acre.

Sow in hotbeds during March, and when 3 inches high transplant into small pots or otherwise. Plant outdoors after the weather has become permanently warm. The rows should be 3 feet apart and the plants set 2 feet apart in the row. Hoe frequently to keep soil loose and fine. Matures in about 120 days.

Black Beauty. While the Eggplant is naturally tender, the plants of this variety are remarkably healthy in their growth, and produce an abundance of large fruits fully ten days earlier than the New York Improved. The skin is of rich purplish black, making the fruit very attractive in appearance. Entirely spineless. The quality is all that could be desired, and the fruits are solid, tender and of excellent flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb.. \$1.50; lb., \$5.00.

New York Improved Purple. A general favorite. Fruits large, oval; color a splendid dark purple. Plants usually ripen four to eight large fruits. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50.

WE WILL HAVE EGGPLANT PLANTS IN SEASON.



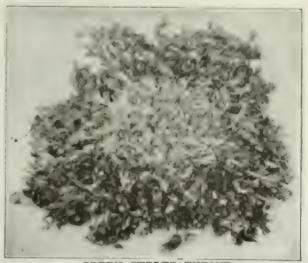
BLACK BEAUTY EGG PLANT

ENDIVE One ounce will sow about 200 feet of drill

Seed may be sown any time during the year. When plants are well started thin out to 10 inches apart in the row, or they may be transplanted to fresh rows. When plants have reached a good size, gather the leaves closely together and tie loosely in an upright bunch. This bleaches the inner leaves in about ten days and adds to the crispness as a salad, as it renders the flavor mild and delicate. One ounce will sow 100 feet of row; 3 lbs. will plant 1 acre of land in rows 3 feet apart.

Green Curled. An attractive and appetizing salad for the fall and winter. Has fine-cut leaves, giving it a mossy appearance. Sow in August in 18-inch drill, and later thin plants to 1 foot apart; when large, tie up outer leaves to blanch. In dry seasons give plenty of water. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 14 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

It is money in your pocket to buy your seeds from a reliable house.



GREEN CURLED ENDIVE

EARLY CURLED

SIBERIAN KALE

KALE or BORECOLE

One ounce will produce about 300 plants. Sow 8 pounds per acre broadcast; 4 to 5 pounds in drills

Spring or Smooth Kale may be sown either in the spring or fall, making greens earlier than the winter sorts... Make spring sowings in February and March. The Siberian and Scotch are the popular sorts for fall sowings; a limited quantity is also sown in the spring... Sow from August 15 to October 15, either broadcast or in drills 18 inches apart, and give some cultivation, and they will yield greens throughout the winter.

Spring, or Smooth. Hardy, quick-growing; best for spring sowing. Sow 10 pounds to the acre broadcast, or 4 to 5 pounds in drills. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 50c, postpaid.

Early Curled Siberian. A standard winter variety; bright green, curled leaves, with purple tinge. Sow five pounds to the acre. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

Green Curled Scotch. Very popular for shipping. Light green; nicely curled. Sow 5 pounds to the acre. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35, postpaid.

GOURDS

Nest-Egg. The small, white fruits of this variety resemble exactly

in color, form and size the eggs of hens. When properly dried, these fruits are light and durable. As they do not crack and are uninjured by cold or wet, they make the best of nest-eggs. Grown on a trellis, the vines serve as an ornamental screen. They should not be grown in a very rich soil, or fruits will become too large for nest-eggs. They are also useful for stocking darners. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; lb., \$2.50.

LEEK

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill. Similar to onions in flavor, being of the same family of plants, but does not form a thick bulb. Sow seed early as possible, half an inch deep, and when plants are large enough to handle transplant to rows 12 inches apart, setting plants 6 inches apart. Hill up as they grow to bleach the stems, or plant in a trench like celery and fill in as they grow. Seed may also be sown in September and transplanted in spring.

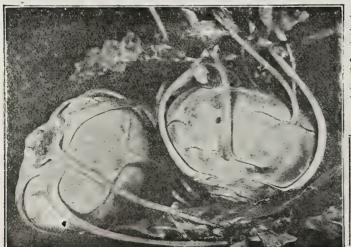
Large Flag. Well known and popular variety; hardy. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50(postpaid.

KOHLRABI

One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill. A peculiar vegetable, belonging to the cabbage family and forming a turnip-shaped bulb above the ground



LEEK



EARLY WHITE VIENNA KOHLRABI

which is used in the same manner as turnips. For garden cultivation give same treatment as cabbage. Sow in June or July for fall use. The plants are ready to use in 60 days.

Early White Vienna. A very satisfactory variety, of good quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 85c; lb., \$3, postpaid.

HOME VEGETABLE GARDENING FROM A TO Z

A valuable book by Adolph Kruhm. The discussion of each vegetable is practical and complete, from sowing seeds to what kinds to grow in different soils and sections. About 300 pages, more than 200 photographic reproductions, and 32 four-color illustrations. Bound in cloth, \$2.00 postpaid.

LETTUCE

READY TO CUT IN 45 TO 85 DAYS

One ounce will produce 2,500 plants; 8 ounces enough plants to set out an acre.

To raise the best of Lettuce, rich soil with plenty of humus is needed, and we particularly recommend that it be planted after clover, whenever possible. North Carolina truckers treat the head varieties in the same way as cabbage, sowing the seed the last week of September in beds 1-8 inch deep, and setting the plants in the open field during November. Shelter from the wind is of such immense advantage that if no natural windbreaks are available it pays handsomely to provide artificial ones made from cornstalks or cheap lumber. For the family garden, seed may be sown as late as October in a warm, sheltered bed, protecting it during severe weather with a covering of straw, or it may be transplanted into coldframes to head during the winter. For a succession, sow in beds from the last of March to the middle of May, covering

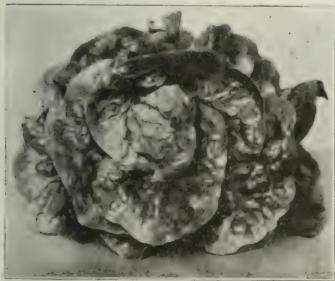
the last of March to the middle of May, covering
the seed thinly as directed, but taking care to firm
the surface. For several years Lettuce has been in
great demand during November and December, and large quantities are now grown for that market, the seeds
being drilled from the middle of July to the middle of S ptember in 10 inch rows on beds 4 feet wide at the
rate of five pounds to the acre, and thinned to 9 inches when large enough.

Unrivaled. An improvement on the Big Boston, possessing all the good qualities of this kind; large size and attractive color. Its additional value lies in the fact that it can be sown almost the whole year round. It resists heat remarkably well; is crisp and solid when other sorts become tough and flabby under the same conditions. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15e; 14 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Improved Hanson. One of the best summer Lettuces. Large, solid, sure header, crisp and tender. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

White Paris Cos. One of the best celery Lettuces. Forms large, light green, solid, wellfolded head; of upright growth, and esteemed for its crispness and mild flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Early Curled Simpson. A leading early sort; heads up loose and very tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 14 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.



BIG BOSTON LETTUCE

Big Boston. Very popular for outside culture as well as coldframe forcing. The heads are large and compact; leaves broad, almost smooth, but wavy at the edge; color light green, slightly tinged reddish brown. Pkt.. 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Wayahead. It is not only earlier than May King and other fine early varieties, but the tightly folded heads are generally larger in size. The outer leaves are a rich, buttery yellow. Wayahead stands a longer time before running to seed than any other early head variety. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1, lb., 60c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.

Grand Rapids. Of highest merit as a forcing variety. Owing to its peculiar upright habit of growth, it economizes in bench-room, and in a short time produces a mass of beautifully frilled leaves of quality for the table or for shipping. It is also an attractive and desirable variety for growing outside in the nome-garden and steadily growing in favor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.25. postpaid.

Mignonette. A solid header; leaves broad, excessively blistered, crumpled, and twisted. The best variety for the southern home-garden. Quality excellent, tender, crisp and sweet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Early White Cabbage. An old, standard cabbage-heading sort. Head globular, large and well blanched; leaves broad, blistered and crisp; color medium green, and of fine quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

New York Improved. Also called "Los Angeles" and "Wonderful." Plants of extralarge growth, producing closely folded heads of immense size. The inner portion is beautifully blanched; outer leaves a deep, rich green. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.



CANTALOUPE, or MUSKMELON

One ounce will plant 50 hills; 2 pounds to the acre.

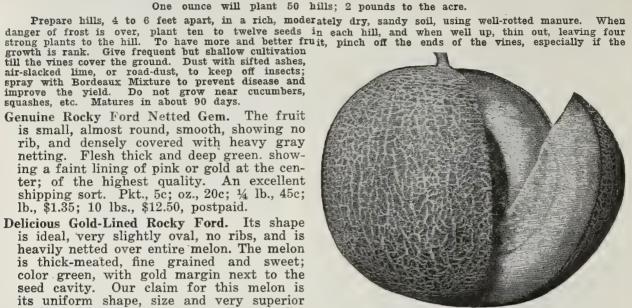
Genuine Rocky Ford Netted Gem. The fruit is small, almost round, smooth, showing no rib, and densely covered with heavy gray netting. Flesh thick and deep green. showing a faint lining of pink or gold at the center; of the highest quality. An excellent shipping sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$12.50, postpaid.

Delicious Gold-Lined Rocky Ford. Its shape is ideal, very slightly oval, no ribs, and is heavily netted over entire melon. The melon is thick-meated, fine grained and sweet; color green, with gold margin next to the seed cavity. Our claim for this melon is its uniform shape, size and very superior quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.35, postpaid.

Extra-Early Hackensack. An early melon, flattened at the end, roughly netted, thick flesh and of good flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Banana. Long, shaped like a banana; has a most delicious odor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60, postpaid.

Honey Dew. This new melon is entirely distinct from any other variety, and has taken front rank in popularity wherever used. Fruit of good size, weighing six to twelve pounds each, round to oval in shape. The smooth skin is a dull white when ripe; the flesh is crisp and delicious, very sweet and juicy, possessing the sweetness of honey and the freshness of the morning dew. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.



ROCKY FORD NETTED GEM

Knight. About a week earlier than the Rocky Ford; of uniform size, with thick, green flesh, of splendid flavor and appearance. A favorite market variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Eden Gem. The real true money-making variety for the shipper and market gardener as well as the most satisfactory of all for home use. Its dense netting helps greatly in resistance to insect attacks. You will make no mistake planting Eden Gem in the South. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Hoodoo. As a Muskmelon for the private garden, this variety will surely please all who plant it. The vines make a strong and vigorous growth, which enables them to with-stand disease and produce an abundant crop

of the most delicious melons one can imagine. Flesh thick and firm; deep salmon or orange color. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

Emerald Gem. No melon is more delicious. It is of good size and is deep emerald-green in color; the salmon-colored flesh is unusually thick and sweet. It is a good sort for either home or market garden. Don't fail to grow a few for home use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Montreal Market. Largest of the nutmeg varieties; flesh green. Often attains a weight of 35 to 40 pounds. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.



WATERMELON

One ounce is sufficient for a rew of 100 feet in hills; 2 to 3 pounds will plant an acre in hills

A rich but light and well-drained soil is needed to produce the best results. Plant the seeds 1 inch deep, from April to June, in hills not less than 8 feet apart each way. Avoid planting until the warm weather has become settled, as the vine will never thrive if checked by cold, and it really pays to use the seed more lavishly than indicated above. After the first plowing, cultivation must be shallow and the crop "laid by" as soon as the ground is well covered. Matures in about 110 days.

Excel. It is well adapted to southern conditions, and as a shipping melon it can't be beat. The rind is tough and will withstand the roughest use in transit. A heavy cropper. It is a large, long dark green melon with faint stripes—a quick seller on the market. Flesh red, very crisp, solid. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Duke Jones, or Jumbo. Although a shipping melon, it is of such good quality

and fine flavor that it is equally well recommended for home use. Extra large and of attractive color and appearance. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c; postpaid.

Monte Cristo, or Kleckley Sweet. Very large, oval shape, skin dark green and somewhat mottled. The rind is thin, but hard, and the flesh is extremely sweet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00.

Tom Watson. A medium-early, long green melon; thin, but tough rind, which makes it the best market and shipping variety. Flesh is bright red, firm, and very sweet. Has taken the lead over all other shipping melons, and sells for the highest prices in the northern markets. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c, postpaid.

The Jackson. An old variety but still popular in many sections. Early; long, pale green melons; very tender; crimson flesh; unusually sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 90c, postpaid.

Florida Favorite. Oblong, of fair size. Rind tough, dark green, irregular stripes; flesh bright red, fine quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 90c, postpaid.



CAROLINA BRADFORD

Carolina Bradford—Fine flavored, large shipping melon, oblong in shape, rather square ends. The skin is very dark-green with darker stripes; flesh is very tender and solid. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Early Dark Icing. The melons are mediumsized, nearly round; dark green rind, thin and brittle. As an early melon for family or nearby market, it has no equal. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c, postpaid.

Pride of Georgia. One of the largest melons in our list. Dark green rind; oval shape; meat bright red. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c, postpaid.

Georgia Rattlesnake. This melon, known also as the "Striped Gypsy," is an oblong variety with decided stripes of light and dark green. The rind is tough and rather thick, while the flesh is bright red and of splendid quality. It attains a large size, is particularly handsome, and can be shipped as far as any other kind. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c, postpaid.

Irish Grey. This combination melon is equally as good for shipping as for home use and

ment

has attained great popularity on its merits. It is a melon you will like. The flesh is red, sweet, crisp and free from stringiness. The thin but tough rind is a mottled greenish gray, entirely distinct. Vines are very vigorous, healthy and produce fine melons through long season. Matures in 85 days. Pkt., 10c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb.,

40c; 1 lb., \$1.25, postpaid

The sowing of cheap or spurious seeds is a most sortous and unprofitable invest-



TOM WATSON

SOUTHERN-GROWN WATERMELON SEED PRODUCES THE BEST MELONS IN THE WORLD. OUR SEED IS THE BEST SOUTHERN-GROWN.

GIANT CHRLED MUSTARD

MARTYNIA

The seed-pods are used for pickling when The seed-pods are used for pickling when gathered young and tender. Sow in open ground in May, in hills 3 feet apart each way, or in a hotbed, and afterward transplant. If once planted in the garden, voluntary plants are likely to spring up the following year from scattered seeds.

Proboscidea. Large size, with long horns. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.25.

MUSTARD

One ounce will sow about 75 feet of drill. Mustard can be grown at almost any time of the year. Sow the seed either broadcast or in drills about 1 foot apart. Requires little or no cultivation, and will produce edible leaves within a few weeks after sowing.

Southern Giant Curled. This is the best known and most popular variety. It grows rapidly and produces an abundant crop of "greens" or salad.

Ostrich Plume. Delicious as well as ornamental. The leaves resemble ostrich; plumes, hence the name. Pkt., 5c; oz. 15c; th. \$1.00 rostroid. plumes, hence the name. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

Chinese Broad-Leaved. Makes a large and tender growth for greens, without bitter taste. Ready six weeks from sowing; sweet and pungent. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

OKRA, or GUMBO

One ounce of seed will sow 50 feet of row; 8 pounds to an acre.

Sow seed when ground is warm, 1 inch deep, a few inches apart, in rows 3 to 5 feet apart. Thin plants 18 to 24 inches apart. Until plants are almost grown, cultivate frequently and not very deeply. Pick young pods every day to keep plants bearing. Ready to use in 70 days.

Perkins Mammoth-podded. Very productive. Pods intense green, 8 to 10 inches long; superior for canning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 80c, postpaid.

White Velvet. Pods large, white and smooth and very abundant. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 80c, postpaid.

Dwarf Prolific. Plants small, but very prolific. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 80c, postpaid.

Tall Green. Long pods; grows 4 to 5 feet high. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10e; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 80c, postpaid.

One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds will plant an acre.

To grow large Onions from seed the first year, sow in January or February in hotbed or in the open ground later, and when the weather opens and the plants are the size of a goose-quill, transplant 4 to 5 inches apart in 12 to 18 inch rows. Transplanting always increases the yield, sometimes doubles it.

GROWING ONION SETS: To grow Onion Sets, sow in broad, wide rows in March or early in April, 40 to 50 pounds per acre, and keep clean of weeds. In late summer, or whenever the tops die, remove the sets to a dry place, spreading them out thinly on trays made of laths.

> Prizetaker. A large-growing yellowish brown variety. The flesh is white, fine-grained, and like all Spanish Onions is mild. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00, postpaid.

Large Red Wethersfield. The most generally grown and best known red variety. The bulbs are large, somewhat

flattened, but thick; skin purplish red; flesh purplish white; very hard and solid; an excellent keeper and a heavy cropper. A good Onion for poor and dry soils. Packet, 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

WHITE

OKRA



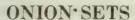
PRIZETAKER

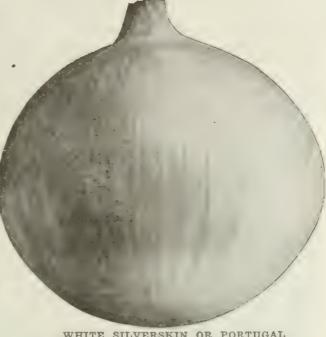
ONION, Continued

White Silverskin, or Portugal. A large, early white Onion, noted for its mild flavor and good keeping qualities. The bulbs grow large, are pure white, and are quite in demand on the market. It is one of the best keepers among the early Onions, and is often used for pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

Yellow Globe Danvers.. This is a handsome globe-shaped Onion. It is a great favorite with market gardeners and commercial growers. Very productive and a good keeper. The bulbs grow large, of globe shape and have a clear yellow color. The flesh is crisp and mild. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb., \$1.60, postpaid.

Extra-Early White Pearl. The quickest of the white sorts; makes large pearly white Onions, tender, mild and of excellent flavor. Sown in the spring thickly, and the sets put out in the fall, large Onions may be had before any other sorts are ready. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.25, postpaid.





WHITE SILVERSKIN OR PORTUGAL

Bushel prices quoted on request. Plant 4 inches apart, in rows ' inch deep, and one foot between the rows, but do not cover the sets entirely, except the Potato Onion, which should be planted in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches apart in the row, and covered about 1 inch. All varieties can be set out in the fall as well as in spring. One pound equals about 1 quart.

> Silverskin. Lb., 25c (postpaid, 35c); 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

> Yellow Danvers. Lb., 25c (postpaid, 35c.), 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

> Red Wethersfield. Lb., 25c (postpaid, 35c); 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

Extra-Early White Pearl. Recommended for fall planting. Lb., 25c (postpaid, 35c); 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

White Multiplier. Qt., 25c; pk., \$1.50. Yellow Potato. Qt. 35c; pk., \$1.75.



PARSNIPS One ounce will sow about 200 ft. of drill Sow seed during the early spring in a rich, soil, drilling them in rows from 2 to 3 feet apart, and not over 1 inch deep. Later thin plants to 6 inches apart, and give frequent shallow cultivation.

Long, Smooth, or Hollow Crown. The best variety for table use and for the market. Early and productive. Roots long, smooth and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 75c, ppd.



CHAMPION MOSS CURLED PARSLEY



One ounce will sow a PARSLEY 150-foot drill

Parsley is easily grown, only it takes several weeks for it to come up, hence the ground where it is sown is often covered with weeds or dug over with the belief that the seed is no good. Seed may be soaked several hours in warm water before sowing, which will hasten germination. Sow it early in forc sowing, which will hasten germination. Sow it early in the spring in rows a foot apart. It can also be used to border beds, making a very pretty effect. A few plants can be taken up in the fall and put in pots or boxes in a sunny window and will continue to furnish leaves for davoring or garnishing throughout the winter.

Champion Moss Curled. A very fine strain, with beautiful foliage, useful for all purposes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

ain. Hardy and vigorous grower; not so mild as the above. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 14 lb., 30c; lb., \$1, ppd.

GARDEN or ENGLISH PEAS

One pound will sow about 100 feet of row; about 100 pounds will sow an acre.

The extra-early or smooth varieties are very hardy, and can be planted as early in the spring as the ground can be cultivated, while the wrinkled varieties should not be planted until later. Peas thrive best when planted in light, rich, loamy soil. Plant in rows about 3 feet apart, and cover 3 to 4 inches. Keep well cultivated until 6 inches high, then stake the tall-growing varieties with brush. Peas should be planted at intervals of two weeks to give a continuous crop. Ready to use in 60 to 80 days

Early Morning Star Pea. A prolific, hardy, early smooth seeded sort. This hardy early maturing pea produces a heavy crop of pods on vines growing 2 to 2½ feet high, which do not require any sticking, so prolific are the pods that they can be readily picked, filling the basket very quickly. The large size pods produce excellent peas which are sweet in flavor. This pea has become a leading favorite

with market gardeners, as well



Early Morning Star Peas

as in the home garden, producing a crop in 45 days under favorable weather conditions. Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 40c, postpaid. By mail, express or freight, not prepaid, pound, 27c; 10 lbs. or over, 25c per lb.

First and Best. An extra-early smooth Pea, which is hardy and produces well. The vines grow to a height of about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet and bear straight, round pods about $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length and blunt at the ends. A good variety for early planting. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid; by express or freight, 10 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$20.00.

Gradus, or Prosperity. We consider this the best Pea in the

world for the home-garden and the local market. It is not an extra-early sort, but its products are far above those of any other variety. The vines are hardy and grow to a height of about 3 feet. The pods are very large, straight and slightly rounded at the point,

averaging about 4 inches in length. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; postpaid; by express or freight, 10 lbs., \$2.25.

Alaska. This is a standard variety for market and home gardeners. Vines grow about 30 inches high. Pods are about 2½ inches long, straight, round and well filled. Seed rather small, round, slightly dented and of a green color. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid; by express or freight 10 lbs. \$2.25.

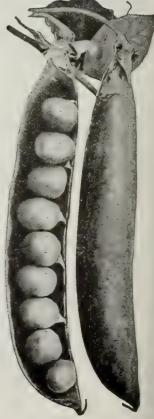
Ameer. A new and valuable strain of the popular Alaska Pea, the distinctive superiority being that it makes much larger pods and is more prolific. The vines grow 24 inches. Pkt., 10c; ½-pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 65c, postpaid; not prepaid \$20.00 per 100 lbs.

GRADUS PEAS Improved Dark Green Telephone. Productive, sugary; pods contain six or seven Peas; late. Height 4 feet. One of the most popular sorts for main crop. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c (postpaid, 40c); by express or freight, 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.25; 50 lbs., \$11.00.

Premium Gem. A favorite early dwarf Pea; bears well; good quality. Height 18 inches. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c (postpaid, 40c); by express or freight, 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.25; 50 lbs., \$11.00.

Bliss Everbearing. A good variety that continues in bearing a long time. A general favorite. Height 3 feet. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c, (postpaid, 40c); by express or freight, 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

Large White Marrowfat. Late, very hardy and vigorous. Pods good size, contain 5 or 6 peas of good quality. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c, postpaid; by freight or express, 100 lbs., \$16.00.



AMEER PEAS



CHINESE GIANT

PEPPER

One ounce will produce about 1,200 plants.

Sow in hotbed in February or March and transplant outside in May, 18 inches apart, in 2 to 3 foot rows. When the ground becomes warm, sow outside and transplant as above. Cultivate well and keep free of weeds. Hen manure, liquid manure, or a good garden fertilizer, if worked into the soil when the plants are 6 inches high, will materially increase the yield. Matures in about 130 days.

Ruby King. One of the most popular of the large varieties, 4 to 6 inches long, by 3 to 4 inches across, flesh very thick, sweet and so mild that it may be served with vine-

gar, or they may be stuffed. The green fruits make excellent pickles. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$4.25, postpaid.

Spanish Mammoth, or Sweet Mountain. A late variety, bearing large, thick fruits, often 4 to 5 inches across; mild and sweet; fine for mangoes. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., {4.45; 1 lb., \$5.25, postpaid.



RUBY KING

Chinese Giant. Measures 12 to 15 inches in circumference and 4 to 5 inches long. Very early and very prolific. The plants grow about 2 feet high and carry an enormous load of fruit, often having the appearance of being bunched together; frequently half a dozen fruits will appear in a bunch. Flesh is thick, tender, mild and sweet. They may be sliced and eaten like tomatoes or stuffed as mangoes. When ripe they are a rich glossy scarlet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.65; lb., \$6.10, postpaid.

Long Red Cayenne. Very hot; both green and ripe fruits are used for pickling; dry for use in winter. Fruits 3 to 4 inches long and borne profusely. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.75, postpaid.

Pimento. Can be eaten raw like an apple, stuffed with meats, rice, etc., and baked, can be served as a salad, made into Spanish omelets, and for canning is especially fine. Smooth and uniform in shape and size; an abundant and continuous bearer till frost. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 1/4, 1b., \$1.25; lb., \$4.50, postpaid.

Red Chili. Small, thin, coral-red and very hot. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 14 lb. \$1.20; lb. \$4.25, postpaid.

PUMPKIN

One ounce is sufficient for a row of 100 feet in hills; for an acre in hills, 2 to 3 pounds.

Plant from May to July, 1 inch deep in hills 8 feet apart each way, and cultivate frequently until the vines get a strong growth. Matures in 70 to 90 days.

Green-striped Cushaw. Fruits very large, with crooked neck; color creamy white, irregularly striped or traced with green; flesh light yellow, very thick, sweet. Very productive and popular in the southern states. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¹/₄ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Yellow Cushaw Crookneck. Grows to a medium size; color light yellow, and is the best variety for table use. Should have a place in every home garden and is also an ex-

cellent market sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Cornfield, or Big Tom. Generally used for planting in corn for stock feeding; also for pies. Fruit rather oblong, flattened at ends; often 15 inches in diameter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Tennessee Sweet Potato.
Pear-shaped, thick white
flesh. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c;
¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50, ppd.

Large Cheese. Large, round, flattened fruit; much ribbed and creamy buff in color; flesh yellow and very deep. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1, lb., 30c; lb., \$1.10, postpaid.

Small Sugar. Fruit small, round, flattened at the ends, slightly ribbed; skin and flesh deep orange-yellow; flesh very thick and of high quality. An old variety that is still largely planted because of its delicious quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 14 lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

LARGE CHEESE PUMPKIN

King of the Mammoths. This variety, often call-ed "Jumbo," is recommended to all who wish to grow large Pumpkins for exhibitions or their own gratification, as it attains an extraordinary size under the right conditions. Specimens have been grown weighing over 100 lbs. and the quality is excellent. The vines should have ample space for growth. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

SELECTED SEED POTATOES

NORTHERN-GROWN STOCK, SELECTED AND GROWN SPECIALLY FOR SEED Prices fluctuate. Write us when you are ready to purchase, stating quantity wanted. Potatoes are forwarded by express or freight as directed, purchaser paying charges. We assume no risk on Potatoes, and ship strictly on purchaser's responsibility. Sacks contain 2½ bushels. strictly on purchaser's responsibility.

One peck will plant about 100 feet of row, or 100 hills; 10 bushels are required for an acre.

Good, well-drained, fibrous loam will produce Potatoes and the conditions of the soil must be rich. Potatoes are planted at various times—both early and late. Cut the tubers so there will be two to three eyes to each piece. Plant in hills or rows about 3 feet apart and from 15 to 18 inches apart in the row. Spray the leaves of the young plants with a bordeaux-arsenate-of-lead winture as a protection against hight and attacks of mixture as a protection against blight and attacks of beetles.

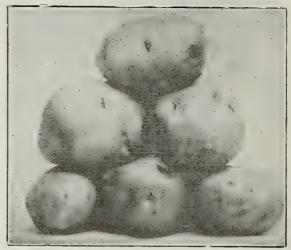
Irish Cobbler. Extremely early—a world-wide favorite. It is a most excellent extra-early variety, producing plump, handsome tubers of good size and excellent quality. The vines make short upright growth, so that the hills may be only a short distance apart. The flesh is pure white, with a clean, smooth, white skin with strong well-developed eyes slightly indented. In quality they are excellent, always cooking dry and mealy. Splendid keepers, and a first-class sort worth the attention of all Potato growers. Matures in 80 days. Pk. \$1.00; bu. \$3.25; sack, \$7.50.

True Early Rose. The Early Rose is the old standard early Potato; rosy blush skin; white flesh; productive and of excellent flavor; a fine keeper. A standard variety that has been popular for years. Pk., \$1.00; bu.,

\$3.25; sack, \$7.50.

Bliss Early Red Triumph. This beautiful variety combines the productiveness of the Carman with the good qualities of the Early Rose. It is an extra-early variety. The tubers are of medium size, round and uniform in shape, eyes slightly depressed; color

BLISS RED TRIUMPH, EXTREMELY HARDY



IRISH COBBLER

a beautiful light red. Its great beauty, productiveness, and fine quality make it one of the best extra-early market varieties, especially for the South. Pk. \$1.00; bu. \$3.50; sack, \$8.00.

Spaldings' No. 4 Rose. A popular and largeyielding early variety, coming in a little later than the regular Early Rose, but ordinarily gives larger yields and better crop results. Large sized round potato, pinkish skin; good keeping and shipping qualities; for either early or late crop. We have no hesitation in recommending it as a most satisfactory and profitable variety. Pk. \$1.00; bu. \$3.50; sack, \$7.75.

Green Mountain. A large, handsome, pure white Potato for main or late crop; prolific yielder and invariably of fine table quality,

cooking dry and mealy. It has largely superseded other varieties for late plantings; is also one of the best varieties for main crop, maturing about two weeks later than the Irish Cobbler. Pk. \$1.00.

Improved Peachblow. An old favorite for late planting; skin slightly ting-ed with pink; of attractive appearance, and one of the best keepers. Our stock of these Potatoes is superior to the old Peachblow, being rounder in shape and of better quality. Stands drought and heat better

and other leading varieties, all strong healthy plants that will grow. 35c per

100; \$3.00 per 1,000.



COLD STORAGE POTATOES we will have a nice stock of Seed Potatoes kept in cold stor-age for late planting. Write for prices in June or July.

RADISH

One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; 8 to 10 pounds, 1 acre. Ready for in 25 to 45 days. Ready for market

To be tender and crisp, Radishes must be grown quickly, and this requires rich soil and plenty of moisture. Commencing with the first mild spell in the spring, sow at intervals of ten days, in a light, rich, deeply worked soil. May also be sown as a catch crop between rows of beets, letters and the commence drill the continued of the commence drill the continued of the continue a catch crop between rows of beets, lectuce, onions, etc., or sown in the same drill with slow-growing vegetables like carrots and parsnips. When forced in hotbeds, they must have plenty of ventilation and moisture. For fall and winter use, sow the winter varieties in August or September.

Early Red, or Scarlet Turnip. No Radish is more popular for the home garden. A quick-growing, round red Radish, with small tops;

Icicla



FRENCH BREAKFAST

rich red color; crisp and tender. Fine for early outdoor planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35, postpaid.

Early White-tipped Scarlet Turnip (Rosy Gem). A fine forcing Radish. Very early; makes beautiful, deep scarlet roots, with white tip; crisp, tender and mild. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35, postpaid.

Brightest Scarlet. A decided improvement in earliness and color over other varieties of its class. Fit for use in about twenty-five days when planted outdoors. Has a small top and no neck; bright scarlet color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.30, postpaid.

Long Scarlet Short-Top. . Long; bright scarlet; fine for forcing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.35, postpaid.

White Strasburg.. Large, long, solid; one of the best for summer use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35, postpaid.

Icicle—A fine white radish about 5 inches in length and quite slender. This is one of the very best of the summer radishes. Skin is smooth and thin; flesh fine grained, white and crisp. A good variety for family use. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

White Box. The Philadelphia gardeners are partial to this Radish, and it is grown to some extent for shipment to that market. It is a rapid grower, rather small in size, with brittle, sweet flesh and pure white skin. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

French Breakfast. A white-tipped, olive shaped sort, and one of the earliest forcing varieties, but should be used while young. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c, lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

WINTER RADISHES

Sow during August or September, and when freezing weather comes on, pack in sandy soil, either buried outdoors or in a damp, cool cellar, where they will keep all winter.

Rose China Winter. Roots cylindrical; color bright rose; flesh white and of superior quality. One of the best. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

Long Black Spanish. One of the hardiest of Radishes: oblong in shape; of large size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

SALSIFY, or VEGETABLE OYSTER

One ounce will sow about 50 feet of drill.

Soil and culture should be the same as for parsnips. Make sowings as early as practicable in spring. Salsify is boiled like parsnips or carrots, or is half-boiled and grated, then made into balls, which are dipped into batter and fried like carrots.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. A new and improved type, producing roots of nearly double the size and weight of the old sort, and in every way preferable. Much valued by market-gardeners, as it grows stronger and is less inclined to branch. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.75, postpaid.



SALSIFY

SQUASH

An ounce of the summer varieties will plant 30 hills; of the winter sorts, 15 hills.

There are two types of these, the summer and winter varieties. The former are used when they are about half-grown and are seft and tender, but are of no value when matured. The winter Squash is one of our finest winter vegetables, and should be largely grown. No variety can be planted until the weather has become warm, as the plants are very susceptible to cold, damp weather. For the summer varieties, hills can be made 4 to 6 feet apart. For the winter varieties, they should be 8 to 10 feet apart. Sow eight to ten seeds in a hill, and after danger from bugs or cutworms is over, thin to four plants in a hill. The striped beetle and large Squash bug are very troublesome, but can be held in check if tobacco dust or stems are freely used in the hills and the plants dusted frequently about with Slug-Shot, air-slacked lime, or fine ashes mixed with road dust. Matures in 65 to 125 days.

Wyatt's Early White Bush, or Patty Pan. Very largely grown in the South. Early, productive, and a good shipper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Earliest Prolific. An extremely early variety of summer Squash of Pattypan type; a bush squash remarkably productive and of good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Boston Marrow. This is a very productive fall and winter variety, of medium to large size, oval shape, and thin skin. It is much used for canning and making pies. The fruits

when ripe are bright orange with a shading of light cream color. The flesh is of rich salmon-yellow color, fine grained and of ex-

cellent flavor, but not as dry as the Hubbard. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Early Yellow Bush, Scalloped (Yellow Patty Pan) This is similar in growth and fruit to Early White Bush, but has skin of a deep orange color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Mammoth White Bush. A marked improvement over the Early White Bush, being nearly double the size and more regular in shape. Early, uniform

and prolific; has beautiful clear white skin and flesh and grows 10 to 12 inches in diameter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35, postpaid.



MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH



GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK SQUASH

Hubbard. One of the best of the winter Squashes. The vines are vigorous and very productive. The fruits are large, heavy and

and moderately warted, with a very hard shell. The skin is uniformly dark bronze green. The flesh is bright orange-yellow, fine grained, thick, dry, richly flavored. This squash can be kept in good condition until spring. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

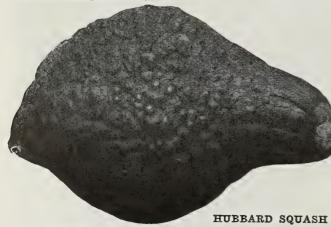
Golden Summer crookneck. Early, productive, and good flavor; grown extensively. One of the best summer squashes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb.,

45c; 10., \$1.50, postpaid.

English Vegetable Marrow. This is a very popular variety in England, and is gaining favor in this country. It produces a succession of Squashes throughout the summer, ranging in size from 9 to 18 inches long; skin greenish yellow to a creamy white; flesh

white and of a very rich flavor. We regard it as the best of all summer varieties. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Burpee's Bush Fordhook. Being of Bush growth, the plants can be grown closely together. The fruits are shorter and thicker than those of the running type. They are also thicker fleshed and have a smaller seed cavity. Fordhook Squash is about a week later than the Early White Bush; it is much sweeter and better flavored. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.



SPINACH

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 20 pounds per acre, in drills, or 25 to 30 pounds broadcast. One-half pound is sufficient for an average garden.

Should be grown in every garden for greens. It is very healthful, and should be freely used, as it is not difficult to raise, requires little cultivation, and seed is easily sown. It can be sown in drills, which should be about 18 inches apart, covering the seed with an inch of soil, or it can be sown broadcast. Can be sown in February. March, and April, or in September or October for late fall and early spring use. Ready to cut in



TOMATOES

One ounce makes about 1,500 plants; 4 ounces

Six or eight weeks before frost is over, sow seed in hotbeds or in pots or shallow boxes in the house, and when the plants have made four leaves, transplant in the beds to promote root-growth. Expose as much as possible to harden them, so that when set out in the open ground they will be strong and stocky, but do not allow the growth to be checked. Transplant 3 to 4 feet apart in a light, warm soil, and cultivate as long as possible. When transplanted, puddle the plants and shade them a few days until they are well rooted. The earliest fruits may be had by growing in pots and shifting to larger pots as they become filled with roots. Earliness may also be promoted by pinching off all the branches except the one most thrifty and tying this and the main stem to stakes. If all useless growth is removed by pinching out the side branches, the plants may be set closer and will produce more perfect fruits and a more abundant crop.

Brimmer. A new Tomato, which is said to grow larger than any other kind. The fruit is unusually large, flat curved, of a bright red color, thick, meaty and con tains but few seed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ 4b., \$1.40 lb., \$5.00, postpaid.

Red Rock. A main-crop variety similar in character to the Stone; very productive, a good shipper. Fruit is a brilliant red; exceptionally smooth and uniform in size; flesh is very firm; an excellent variety for can ning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.25, postpaid

Dwarf Champion (Purplish pink). The best Pink Tree Tomato. The famous Dwarf Champion tomato owes its wide popularity to its stiff, vigorous upright growth, with fruit well above the soil, and to its earli ness; matures large size fruit in 95 days. In color i is a purplish pink, and is always round, smooth and symmetrical. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.25, lb., \$4.00, postpaid.

Acme. Ripens early. Medium-sized, glossy red fruits with purplish tinge, round, smooth, free from cracks. An excellent tomato for market gardeners' use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 90c; 1b., \$3.25, postpaid.

Spark's Earliana. Extremely early and of the very best quality. The vines are hardy and productive, although they are of only medium size. The fruit is smooth, nearly round Norfolk Savoy, or Bloomsdale. A hardy variety; very early, producing leaves resembling a Savoy cabbage; a good variety for fall seeding. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.

Long Season. Well-known variety for either fall or spring seeding. Stands a long time in edible condition. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c, 14 lb., 25c; lb., 65c, postpaid.

New Zealand. Produces tender Spinach even during hot weather, and will grow in poor soil. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

ong-standing Prickly. Matures a little later than the roundleaved sorts, but furnishes a quantity of thick leaves of ex-

will make plants enough for an acre.



GREATER BALTIMORE

and of a deep scarlet color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 85c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.

Greater Baltimore. A main-crop variety, excellent for canning; fruit large, smooth and well formed; color bright red; a heavy crop-Pkt., 5e; oz., 30e; 4 lb., 90e; lb., \$3.25, postpaid.

BEAUTY TOMATOES

TOMATOES—Continued

June Pink. An old standby which none of the new varieties have been able to replace. Matures very early and produces a heavy crop. The fruit is of medium size, handsome shape, smooth, and of a beautiful pink color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 85c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.

John Baer. An extra early, large, smooth, solid bright red tomato. This is the earliest, large, solid Tomato known, and has proven a most profitable early market variety for the last

four seasons. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1; lb., \$3.75, postpaid.

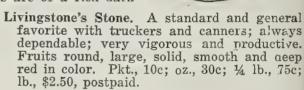
Beauty. (Improved Strain.) This has been a standard variety for many years, and is still the favorite main-crop Tomato. Medium early, round, very uniform in shape. Skin smooth, crimson with purplish tinge; flesh solid and of excellent flavor. A splendid Tomato for either the home-garden or for shipping. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., 90c; lb., \$3.25, postpaid.

Matchless. (Wyatt's Selected Seed Stock.) Bright red; skin is so tough that it is a splendid keeper and shipper and it is less liable to crack in wet weather than any other large tomato. Fruit is free from core; seed-spaces are small. Leaves are of a rich dark

green, very luxuriant, indicating great vigor and giving the plant ability to produce fruit of the largest size throughout the entire season. We can highly recommend it to all our friends, especially to those who are running market-gardens. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50, postpaid.

Ponderosa. An exceptionally large, purple-fruited Tomato. One of the best for home use. Fruits very solid, with few seeds. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5, postpaid.

PONDEROSA TOMATO



Bonny Best. The crop ripens more uniformly than that of any other early scarlet-sort, and is of superior solidity and interior color. The vines are vigorous and produce a good crop of exceptionally round fruits, bright deep scarlet in color and of very good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.10, postpaid.

> Yellow Pear-shaped. Small, for preserves, much resembling a pear in form. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Golden Queen. Very early large, smooth, bright yellow tomato. Much like Paragon, except in color. Ripens in about 95 days. Quality excellent in all respects, either for slicing or preserving. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.

> One paper Bonny Best One paper Matchless One paper Yellow Pear

One paper Red Rock

One paper Stone

One paper Acme One paper Beauty

One paper Ponderosa



HEDDS —									
HERBS									
Pkt. (Pkt. Oz.	Pkt. Oz.						
Anise\$0.10 \$0.	.20	Dill\$0.10 \$0.15	Sage\$0.10 \$0.25						
Basil, Sweet Green .10	.20	Fennel, Sweet10 .20	Savory, Summer						
Balm		Lavender10 .25	or Winter10 .35						
Coriander10	.20	Sweet Marjoram10 .35	Thyme						
Caraway	.20	Rosemary10 .40	Wormwood10 .30						

TURNIPS

One cunce is sufficient for 100 feet of drill; 1½ to 2 pounds to an acre

The successful cultivation of Turnips requires land which has been thoroughly enriched and put in the best condition. For spring use, sow the earlier varieties about the last of For spring use, sow the earlier varieties about the last of February, three-quarters of an inch deep in drills 18 inches apart, and thin the plants to 6 inches apart; for fall and winter supply, sow from the middle of July to November 1. The strap-leaf varieties will usually make Turnips as late as the middle of October. For the rutabagas and large Turnips the drills ought to be 2 feet apart, and the plants thinned to 10 inches. If desired, they may also be sown

For the Table and for Feeding the Stock Through Fall and Winter. Profitable Crops For the Market Gardener.

Turnips are easy to grow. Pull them while they are tender and sweet. These Turnips selected for rich flavor, fine grain and handsome appearance. You should sell lots of them in a ready market.

Rutabaga for table and for stock. We selected these varieties for your planting. Nothing better for feeding cows, hogs and sheep.

A long white turnip, 12 to 15 inches in length, 2½ inches in diameter and growing well above the ground. Of rapid growth, producing large, heavy roots in 75 days. One of the best and sweetest for home use or for stock feeding and excellent to plow under as green fertilizer. Pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c;

Purple-Top White Globe. large, rapid-growing sort with globe-shaped roots. Flesh pure white, and the best flavored; the skin is white, with a purple top. On account of its shape it will outyield any other sort. A strictly first-class strain.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c;

lb., 75c, prepaid; not prepaid, 5 lbs.

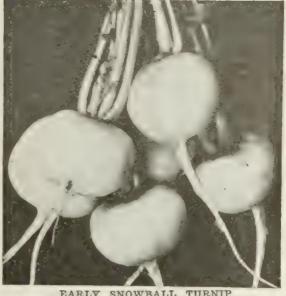
\$3.50; 10 lbs., \$6.00.

lb., 75c, postpaid.

White Milan. This extra-early Turnip is a selection from the well-known Purple-Top Milan, and is particularly recommended to all market gardeners. It is the same as the older variety, except as to color. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 45c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.



EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH STRAP-LEAVED TURNIPS



EARLY SNOWBALL TURNIP

Cow Horn. Excellent for the table or stock. Early Snowball. While all of the early white Turnips in common use are flat, we are sure there will be the warmest of welcomes for

this charming little variety so soon as its qualities are known. It is precisely the shape of an orange, beautifully white, and most delicate in flavor, being really sweet so long as it is orow.

ing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c, postpaid.

Seven-Top. This variety is grown altogether for its tops. It does not make a root of sufficient size to eat. It is the best salad Turnip grown, and the tops will continue to come after being cut. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c, postpaid; not prepaid, 10 lbs., \$6.00.

White Milan Extra-Early Purple-Top Milan The earliest of all Turnips. The roots are clean, smooth, flat, and handsome. The flesh is pure white, tender, and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Large White Norfolk Globe. Like the Purple-Top White Globe, this variety is an enormous yielder. The roots are large, globe-shaped, comparatively smooth; tops green, bottoms

white. The flesh is of good quality and suitable for table use. This variety is fine for winter use, since it keeps much better than other sorts. Pkt., 5e; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25e; lb., 75c, postpaid.

Large Amber Globe. Large yellow turnip, used for both table and stock feeding. It resembles the rutabaga and grows to an enormous size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c, postpaid.



TURNIPS—Continued.

Southern Prize. Makes an abundant growth of tops, and at the same time produces a medium-sized root, which is white and of good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c, postpaid; not postpaid, 10 lbs. for \$6.00.

Purple-Top Strap-Leaf. A summer Turnip, which is generally planted for its tops. The roots are flat, with a purple top, small, but of good quality, and can be used for cooking. The tops grow large and produce an abundant supply of salad. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10e; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c, postpaid; not postpaid, 5 lbs., \$3.50; 10 lbs., \$6.00.

Early White Flat Dutch. An early, strap-leaf white turnip which serves a double purpose. It produces a good crop of tops for salad and a medium-sized, pure white root of good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c, postpaid; not postpaid, 2 lbs. and over at 70c per lb.

Yellow Aberdeen. Long-keeping, sweet yellow flesh. A Turnip of high merit. The flesh is yellow, tender, sugary, and very solid. In color the Turnip is purple above and deep yellow below. Used on the table as well as for stock feeding. Produces large

roots in 75 days. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c, postpaid.

RUTABAGA-Purple-Top Yellow. The sweetest and most productive of all the Rutabagas. This makes one of the best of Turnips for table use. Roots grow large, yellow, and have a very sweet flesh. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c, postpaid.

TOBACCO SEED

One ounce will sow 50 square yards and produce about 7,500 plants

A very clean piece of land is best for the Tobacco plant beds; hence it is customary to burn a piece of land in the woods for same. This destroys grass, weeds, and insects, adds fertility through the action of the woodshes, and leaves the ground in good order. The seeds are sown about February and protected by plant-bed cloth to keep off tobacco flies. When large enough and weather is settled (May-June), set the plants out in highly manured or fertilized soil in 3½ foot rows, 3 feet between the plants. Constant care must be given, cultivating, suckering, worming, etc. Methods of curing differ according to the variety and color, whether to be sun or flue-cured, etc.

Improved Gold Leaf. A splendid combination of size, weight and quality. The leaf is long, broad, very similar to Warne, but of finer texture and less inclined to have green shoulders. It has been thoroughly tried out by both growers and manufacturers, and has stood every test and proved one of the best of the bright Tobaccos on the market at the present time. Pkt., 5c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Adcock. One of the best Tobaccos for poor land. The leaf, though not long, is broad for its length; they are set well apart on the stalk, exposing a greater surface to the sun, resulting in a more uniform ripening and more even crop. Best adapted to light gray or sandy soils; makes fine cigarette cutters and smokers; cures bright. Pkt., 5c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

North Carolina Bright Yellow. Comparatively new, having been on the market only about ten years, but in that short time its numerous good qualities have gained for it a place among the best of bright Tobaccos. Plants of medium size and very erect;

leaf of medium length and breadth. Cures well and is of unsurpassable quality. Oz. 50c; 4 ozs., \$1.50, lb., \$5.00, postpaid.

Long-Leaf Gooch. Famous for its long, broad leaf of fine texture and superior quality. Ranks among the first in the class where size does not injure quality. Well known upon the market and brings top prices. Oz., 50c;

4 ozs., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid. Warne. For bright wrappers this variety can be excelled only by the Gold Leaf. Grows to a large size and holds itself up well. leaf is large, of medium breadth and very



IMPROVED GOLD LEAF

fine grained. Comparatively new, but already very popular. Try it and see for yourself. Oz., 50c; 4 ozs., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.

White Stem Oronoko. The improved variety is the only superior it has in the Oronoko strain. The plants are large, with long, medium broad leaves of handsome shape, fine texture and good body. Our improved variety is decidedly better, but this is within itself a very superior tobacco. ozs., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid. Oz., 50c; 4



WYATT'S EVERYBODY SELECTED

FLOWER SEEDS

WILL MAKE YOUR HOME-GROUNDS MORE BEAUTIFUL

There are few places where some variety of flower seeds cannot be sown, and certainly, where there is any space at all, one should have flowers. Our list is not an extensive one, but there is sufficient variety that all can have flowers who will devote a little time and attention to their care, and experience is not necessary to produce many of our most popular varieties. For the beginner, we would suggest such kinds as Alyssum, Asters, Calliopsis, Centaurea, Cosmos, Nasturtiums, Dianthus, Poppies, Verbenas, and Zinnias.

The soil should be finely pulverized Light, rich loam is most suitable for flowers. Light, rich loam is most suitable for flowers. The soil should be finely pulverized for best results. This is of paramount importance if one wishes to grow them successfully. They, in common with all other seeds, should be sown thinly and the soil pressed firmly over them when covered. Water frequently. A good plan is, sow the seed in rows about 8 inches apart ,then transplant to permanent garden later. This applies to all the above varieties or those flowers to be sown from small seeds, with the exception of Poppies, Nasturtiums, and other large-seeded varieties, which can be planted where they are intended to flower, placing the seed about 2 inches apart in the rows and about 1 inch deep.

Annuals are those flowers that attain their full growth, bloom and die the first year. Among these are Asters, Balsam, Cosmos, Zinnias, Mignonettes, Sweet Peas, Nasturtiums, Morning Glories and other brilliant and fragrant sorts.

Biennials produced from seed generally flower the second year and then die, the life of the plant being two seasons.

Perennials usually do not flower the first year, but live over until the second season and then bloom. They continue to bloom for many years after. These sorts constitute the "Hardy Flowers," such as Hollyhocks, Sweet William.

Hardy, Half-hardy and Tender are common terms applied to Annuals. All Hardy Annuals can be sown at same time peas and radishes are usually sown in the vegetable garden. Half-Hardy Annuals may be sown at corn-planting time, or when there is little danger of frost. Tender Annuals should not be sown until the ground is warm and the weather is settled, usually in May.

Desirable Annuals for Beds and Massing
Ageratum, Alyssum, Antirrhinum (Snapdragon),
Balsams, Asters, Calendula, Calliopsis, Candytuft, Carnation, Celosia, Cosmos, Dianthus, Gaillardia, Heliotrope, Marigoid, Chrysanthemum, Eschscholtzia, Nasturtiums, Pansy, Petunia, Mignonette, Scabiosa, Phlox Drummondii, Poppies, Portulaca, Salvia splendens, Zinnia, Verbena, and Vinca.

Long-Stemmed Flowers for Cutting

Aquilegia, Astera, Calliopsis, Carnations, Centaurea cyanus, Centaurea (sweet), Chrysanthemum, Coreopsis, Cosmos, Dahlias, Delphinium (hardy), Gypsophila, Gaillardias, Larkspur, Marigolds, Mignonette, Poppies, Salpiglossis, Scabioss, Stocks, Stokesia, Sunflowers, Sweet Peas, Sweet Sultan, and Zinnias.

Climbing Annuals for Verandas, Arbors,

Trellises, Etc.

Balloon Vine, Cobaca, Cypress Vine, Gourds, Dolichos, Moonflower, Nasturtium, Morning-Glories, Thunbergia, Sweet Peas, and Maurandya

Desirable Plants for Shady Locations

Antirrhinum, Canterbury Bells, Corcopsis, Digitalis, Pansies, Mimulus, Popples (hardy), Violet, Aquilegia, Asperula, Daisies, and Delphinium.

Plants Suitable for Edging and Low Borders

Aster, Ageratum, Alyssum, Begonia, Bellis (Inisies), Candytuft, Centaures candidissima, Cosmos (dwarf), Lobelia compacta, Marigold, Pinks (hardy), Portulaca, Pyrethrum, Forget-me-not, Verbenas and Zinnias

Plants for Baskets, Vases, Veranda Boxes, Etc.
Alyssum, Abronia, Centranthus, Dusty Miller, Centaureas, Clarkia, Dwarf Morning-Glory, Lobelia gracilis, Maurandys, Nasturtium, Petunia, Begonia, Coleus, Fuchsia, Geranium, Heliotrope, Impatiens, Pansy, Oxalis, and Thunbergia.

Showy Annuals for Tall Beds, Groups and Backgrounds

Cosmos, Centaures, Daturs, Hibiscus, Amaranthus. Marigolds, Poppies, Nicotiana, Ricinus, Salvia, Sunflower, Zinnias, Calendula, and Calliopsis

Annuals to Be Started in Boxes Early

Cosmos, Godetia, Marigolds, Canterbury Bells, Calliopsis, Chrysanthemum, Cockscomb, Petunia, Ricinus, Verbena, Sweet William, Asters, and Salvia (Scarlet Sage). These can also be planted in the open when weather permits.

YOUR FLOWER GARDEN

Whether your garden be small or large, start it right by securing Seeds of High Quality. The wise gardener avoids wasting his ground space by sowing seeds which have lain about "five and ten cent" and department stores for any length of time. Many of these places are ill fitted for seed storage; seeds are resting, living plants, not pebbles. We have made a special study and business of growing flower seeds, and the stocks here offered are the best possible to produce.

ALL FLOWER SEEDS SENT POSTPAID ON RECEIPT OF PRICE

AGERATUM

An annual plant, growing about a foot high and covered all summer with close, fluffy heads of bloom of a pretty shade of blue. Used largely for edgings and borders of taller-growing plants. Hardy annual. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

ALYSSUM

A wonderfully hardy little plant, coming into bloom when only a couple of inches high and flowering all summer. Grows about 6 inches high, and is fine for edging beds. Very fragrant. Hardy

CARPET OF SNOW. CARPET OF SNOW. An exceptionally fine and compact variety. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 65c. SWEET ALYSSUM. The regular type; strong grower; free bloomer.

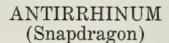
Pkt., 5c; oz., 65c.

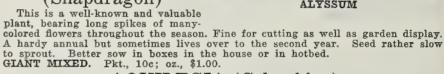
AMARANTHUS

These plants grow 2 to 3 feet tall and have ornamental foliage as well as flowers. The seed is very fine, but grows readily if kept moist. Can be readily transplanted. Do not cover seed over a quarter of an inch. Hardy annual. CAUDATUS (Love strays of red

Long, drooping sprays of red flowers. Pkt., 5c.

TRICOLOR (Joseph's Coat). Very fine variegated foliage. Pkt., 5c.







in starting.

DOUBLE MIXED. All colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.



The most popular of all annual flowers, and justly so. Valuable alike for garden decoration or cutting. A hardy annual, which should be started early, given rich soil and plenty of water.

SEMPLE'S BRANCHING. The largest and finest of all Asters, also the latest. A strong grower, producing beautiful flowers in late summer. White, Lavender, Rose, Pink, Crimson, Azure-Blue, and Purple., each, pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c; oz., \$1.20.

MIXED ASTERS. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c; oz., \$1.00.

CREGO GIANT PINK. A beautiful soft shell-pink flower of largest size. Pkt., 15c.

CREGO GIANT WHITE. Similar to Crego Giant Pink, but the flowers are glistening pure white. Pkt., 15c.

GIANT COMET. In this class of Asters the petals are very long and recurved and twisted near the center. Plants branching about two feet high, more vigorous and taller growing than the ordinary Comet; flowers larger and equal in form. Known as Ostrich Plume. White, pkt., 15c; mixed, pkt., 15c. equal in form. Known as Ostrich Plume. White, pkt., 15c; mixed, pkt., 15c.

BALSAM

Sometimes called "Touchmenot," or "Lady's Slipper."
A tender annual, growing about 18 inches tall in the shape of a small tree, and producing all along the branches showy single and double flowers like gle and double flowers have small roses. Should be grown in rich soil.

DOUBLE MIXED. Pkt., 10c;

oz., 50c.

BALSAM PEAR

ANTIRRHINUM

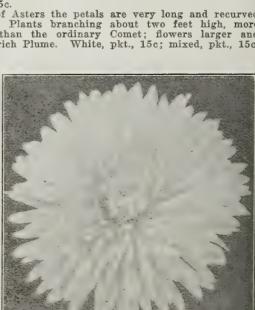
A good climber, with dense foliage and oddly shaped fruit, which is claimed to have medicinal qualities when put in alcohol or whiskey. Height 10 feet. Half-hardy annual. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c.

BALLOON VINE

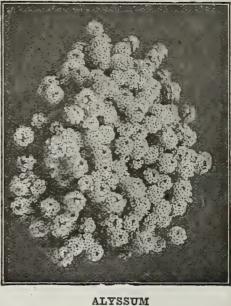
A rapid grower with fine white flowers, followed by inflated seed-pods resembling small balloons. Half-hardy annual. Height Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c.

BELLIS (English Daisy)

A little old-fashioned plant, growing about 4 inches tall and used for edging; produces very double pink and white flowers in early summer. Hardy perennial. Pkt., 5c.



BRANCHING ASTER



CALENDULA

The old "Pot Marigold." A very hardy annual with double yellow flowers, like double daisies. Blooms all summer and grows about 15 inches tall. Hardy annual. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

CALLIOPSIS

Very hardy and showy annual with bright yellow and reddish cown single daisy-like flowers, easily grown and useful both for garden decoration and cutting.

TALL, MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c. DWARF, MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bells)

An old-fashioned plant, and one of great beauty. Grows about 2 feet high and blooms in early summer. Will flower well in the shade. This is a true biennial. Does not bloom the first year, and after flowering the second year dies. Colors White, Pink, Blue and Purple, in fine mixture. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 30c; oz., \$1.10.

CANDYTUFT

A free-flowering, hardy annual, somewhat resembling Alyssum, but larger, with longer heads of bloom, fragrant and easily grown.

MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

CARNATION

Always in demand and not hard to grow. Have a delightful clove fragrance. Half-hardy perennials, flowering the second year from seed, with exception of the "Marguerite" variety, which will bloom in four months from time of sowing seed. Should not planted where water stands in winter.

Pkt., Se; 1 MIXED COLORS.

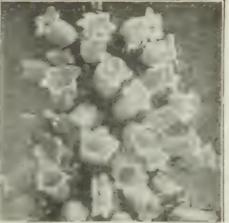
oz., 30c; oz., \$1.00.

MARGUERITE. All colors. Pkt. 5c; 1, oz., 40c.

CENTAUREA

There are two types of the plant, one Centaures synthese re-or Dusty Miller, a plant with ser-very gray foliage and largely und for borb ring formal beds and the other, our old-rishioned Basic lor's Button, or Cornflower, Centaurea cyanea, which is a very hardy annual, flowering all summer and useful for cutting. Very easily grown.

GYMNOCARPA. Pkt, Se; oz. 50c CYNEA. Mixed Colors. Pkt., 5c; oz., 50c.



CAMPANULA



CELOSIA (Cockscomb)

Hardy annuals, producing peculiar heads of bloom rather resembling a cock's comb, hence the

GLASGOW PRIZE. The finest of all, producing immense heads of glowing crimson. Pkt., 10c.

COSMOS

One of our most satisfactory hardy annuals, flowering in late sum or Fine for cutting and easily grown. Can be sown any where and transplanted. Grow: 4 to 6 feet high.

EARLY-FLOWERING MAMMOTE This improved variety has fow ers fully as large as the late type, but begins to flower in July, and from that time on is frost yields a quantity of bloom. Pkt. 10e; 1s on 25c; 1/4 oz., 45c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.00.

CHRYSANTHEMUM

These are not the large varieties grown and handled by florists. The annual varieties we offer are of many beautiful colors and similar to large daisies. If the shoots are nipped off when the plants are young they become more bushy. For early bleem start indoors or sow where plants are to bloom. Prices on all Chrysanthemums Pkt., 5c; ½ os. pkt., 15c; ½ os., 25c.

EARLY BLOOMING GARDEN SORTS

May be sown in the open ground after danger of frost is over and the seedlings thinned eight or ten inches apart, but the best results come from sowing under cover early in May, and transplanting to open border. Height one and one-half to two feet.

CARINATUM ECLIPSE MIXED (Tricolor)—Large single flowers in very striking color combinations. The ray florets range from pure golden yellow to nearly white, are often ringed or centered purplish scarlet and always have a dark brown disc.

CORONARIUM, DOUBLE WHITE—Very double white flowers, with petals reflexed and imbricated.

exed and

CORONARIUM, DOUBLE YELLOW—Very attractive, rick yellow double flowers, about one inch across; abundantly preduced.

MIXED—The choicest carinatum and coronarium varieties, both single and double.

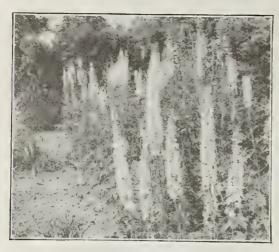
COLEUS

The most popular of all foliage plants. Easily grewn from seed, but must be started in a box in the house or hotbed, as the seed is very fine and when sown is scarcely covered, but must be kept moist. Tender annual..

MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 10c.



COSMOS



DELPHINIUM

CLARKIA

This pretty and easily grown annual has been much improved in recent years, and the varieties offered below are now seen as cut flowers in most of the large cities of Europe; they do well either in sun or shade, growing 2 to 2½ feet high, with leafy racemes of double flowers, which all open in water when cut.

ELEGANS DOUBLE MIXED. A fine mixture containing all the colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c.

CYPRESS VINE

One of the prettiest of our smaller vines, with fine, feathery dark green foliage and star-shaped scarlet and white flowers. Height 6 feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c.

DIANTHUS

Fine little plants with flowers resembling Carnations. Very hardy and usually live over for several years, but bloom freely the first year. One of the easiest flowers to grow.

CHINENSIS FL.-PL. Double Chinese Pinks. A very attractive variety. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 70c.

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur)

Very showy plants, producing long spikes of beautiful flowers in various shades of blue. There are both annuals and perennials. All colors. Sow early as ground

GIANT HYACINTH-FLOWERED. Hardy annual. is in working condition. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 30c.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove)

Produces long spikes of pink, light purple, and white, tube-shaped flowers. Does well in the shade. A very stately plant, easily grown and should be in every garden. Biennial. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 25c.

DAHLIAS

One of the best late summer and autumn flowering plants, and now enjoying a wide popularity; as easy to grow from seed as nasturtiums; the double sorts will bloom the first season if the seed is sown before the beginning of April; the single sorts will bloom from seed sown in the open ground as late as June, although an earlier start is better.

SINGLE MIXED. All colors. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 25c.

DOUBLE MIXED. This type is very desirable. Many colors. Pkt. 15c, ½ oz. 40c.

DOLICHOS (Hyacinth Bean)

A free-growing climber, with heavy foliage and large sprays of white and purple flowers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy)

A hardy, free-flowering annual, growing about 15 inches high and producing quantities of single, poppy-shaped blooms in shades of yellow, orange and red. Flowers over a long period. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c.

GAILLARDIA

A perennial producing large, single, daisy-shaped flowers in shades of yellow and reddish brown, with brown centers; fine for cutting. One of the most persistent bloomers. Does best in the hottest, driest location. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts.



GLOBE AMARANTH

GLOBE AMARANTH

A popular variety of everlasting flower, having ball-shaped blooms in many colors. When fully developed and hung head down in a cool, dry place for a few days, they will keep their form and color for many months. Hardy annual. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c.

GOURDS

Very rapid-growing vines, producing odd and interesting fruit.

DIPPER. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

SMALL VARIETIES, MIXED. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

HELICHRYSUM (Eternal Flower)

DOUBLE HOLLYHOCK

Everlasting; cut when about to open and dry for winter bouquets; large, double and of many colors. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 15c.

HELIOTROPE

Always popular on account of its delightful fragrance. The seed is rather slow in starting and had best be sown in boxes or in a hotbed. While it is a perennial, it will not stand any frost, and is therefore started afresh each year unless one cares to remove the plants to the house before frost comes. Can be started from cuttings.

MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 40c.



HOLLYHOCK

A very popular hardy perennial, grown A very popular hardy perennial, grown everywhere and valuable as a background for borders. Their long spikes of many-hued flowers add a quaint touch to any flower-garden and are invaluable where it is desired to hide high fences. There are both single and double varieties and they vary in color from white to deepest garnet, and include many lovely shades of yellow.

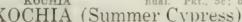
CHOICE MIXED. All varieties. Pkt., 10c;

HIBISCUS (Marshmallow)

Showy ornamental perennial plants for mixed beds or shrubbery borders, having large-sized beautifully colored flowers. Pkt

JOB'S TEARS (Coix Lacrymae)

A grass-like annual, producing large, shiny eds, used for many purposes. Hardy anseeds, used for many purposes. Hanual. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c.



KOCHIA (Summer Cypress)

A remarkable annual, producing dense, rounded plants with fine green leaves and growing to a height of 3 feet. The foliage changes to a reddish shade toward fall. Fine for a hedge or to outline the garden. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c, postpaid.

LUPINUS (Lupine)

Lupines are extremely decorative in the garden and valuable for cutting. Some varieties are tall while others are dwarf. All are free flowering, bright and attractive. annual

ANNUAL MIXED. One to 2 feet high with upright racemes of variously colored, pea-shaped flowers. Easily grown from seed. Valuable for mixed flower beds and borders. Pkt.

MARIGOLD

One of the easiest grown annuals, furnishing all summer long quantities of double and single flowers in shades of yellow and orange—some being striped with brown.

FRENCH GOLD-STRIPED. Pkt, 5c

ELDORADO YELLOW. Pkt., 5c: oz.



MARIGOLD

MIGNONETTE MIGNONETTE

Very popular on account of its delightful fragrance. A very hardy annual, and should be sown soon as the ground can be worked. Does not transplant, and should be thinned to stand 6 inches apart.

SWEET. The common variety. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz.,

ACHET. A very choice large flowered type. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c. 15c; oz., 25c. MACHET. A v

MIRABILIS

(Marvel of Peru)

The well-known Four O'clock. Grows freely and flowers quickly from seed. Blooms from late afternoon on through the night. Very fragrant. Roots can be taken up and stored like dahlias, but seed is very cheap and starts readily. Hardy annual. MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

MOONFLOWER

(Evening Glory)

rapid grower, climbing some 20 feet in a season, and producing large, waxy white flowers, similar to notining glories, 4 to 6 inches across. Very fragrant and opening about 7 o'clock in

the evening. The seed is very hard and the shell should be chipped or filed until the white seed shows through and then soaked in warm water for half a day before sowing. Best sown in the house and planted out when ground is warm. Pkt. 15c; ¼ os. 25c

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myositis)
Charming little flowers, highly effective if grown in masses. If sown early in sunny border, will bloom the first season. Height 6 to 9 inches. H. P
MIXED COLORS. The finest varieties mixed. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; 1/4 oz., 25c



The SAVO Steel All-year-round Flower Box



33

MARVEL OF PERU

MORNING GLORY

IMPERIAL JAPANESE. Very pretty foliage and a great variety of colors in the bloom. Very useful as a screen. Sow in a sunny location and give plenty of water. Pkt. 10c; oz., 30c. COMMON MORNING-GLORY (Convolvulus major). All colors, finely mixed.

Very popular. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c.

NASTURTIUM

One of the most popular of all annuals, as everyone can grow them. Sow anywhere, except in the shade. No ground is too poor to grow them. Fine for cutting. The tall or trailing variety is a useful plant for trailing over walls or stumps, also for porch-boxes or hanging baskets. The dwarf variety forms compact bushes. Both flower all summer. PINE STATE MIXED. A grand mixture of all the best colors and every thing good in tall nasturtiums. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb. \$1.60.

OLD NORTH STATE MIXED. A very fancy mixture of all the best dwarf varieties. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60.

NICOTIANA

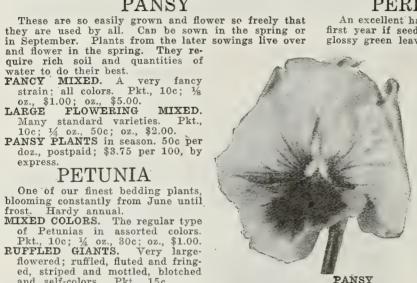
A very popular plant, with fragrant, white, star-shaped flowers. Sometimes called ''Flowering Tobacco.'' Pkt., 5c; 1/8 oz., 75c. SANDERAE HYBRIDS. An improved type with many delicate shades of color. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., \$1.00 PANSY

PETUNIA

One of our finest bedding plants, blooming constantly from June until frost. Hardy annual.

MIXED COLORS. The regular type of Petunias in assorted colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; oz., \$1.00.

RUFFLED GIANTS. Very large flowered; ruffled, fluted and fringed, striped and mottled, blotched and self-colors. Pkt., 15c.



PERIWINKLE (Vinca)

An excellent half-hardy perennial for bedding: blooms first year if seed is sown early. A free bloomer with glossy green leaves and bright rose and white flowers.

As bedding plants for the garden they rival the Geranium. Their soft and delicate colors and profuse blooming habit makes them at all times attractive. 2 ft. Mixed colors. 10c per pkt.

DOUBLE PETUNIA

PORTULACA

Select the hottest, sunniest place for this little plant. Sometimes called "Rose Moss." Forms masses of delicate green foliage covered with bright-colored flowers somewhat. resembling small roses. Tender annual. Specially adapted for light, dry soils, and particularly for sowing on surface of beds of spring-blooming balls such as Tulips, Narcissus. etc. Sow on open ground in May in a sunny situation.
SINGLE MIXED. Pkt., 10c; 1/4

oz., 40c. DOUBLE MIXED. Fine. Pkt., 10c;

\$0.60

\$6.00

11.00

10-inch

1/4 oz., 40c.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII

A hardy annual, with a greater range of colors than almost any other flower, and no other surpasses it in freedom of bloom. Transplanting readily, and as the seed is rather slow in starting, it pays to start it in a hotbed or box in the house. LARGE-FLOWERING MIXED. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz.,

25c; oz., 85c. CRIMSON. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c. WHITE. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.



PERIWINKLE

FLOWER-POTS AND SAUCERS

Special Prices to Florists Using Large Quantities

Charge will be made for packing at 25 cents for orders amounting to \$2.50 or less. On larger orders, add 10 per cent to amount of order. This bare-ly covers the cost. We pack carefully, but will not be re-

sponsible	e for breakage.	Her Miles Comment	
Diam.	Doz.	100	1,000
4-inch	\$0.60	\$4.00	\$35.00
5-inch	1.10	10.00	90.00
6-inch	2.40	18.00	160.00
	Each	Doz.	100
8-inch	\$0.40	\$2.80	\$22.50
10-inch.	.60	5.60	47.00
12-inch	1.10	11.50	96.00
	SAUCERS		- 1
Diam.	Each	Doz.	100
5-inch	\$0.05	\$0.50	\$3.50
6-inch	.10		6.00
8-inch		1.20	9.25
10-inch			15.50
12-inch	.30	2.50	20.60
~	SHALLOW POTS		
Simila	r to the ordinary flower-pot, bu	t shallower	, being
only 41/2	to 5 in. deep. Just the thing for	bulbs, fer	ns, etc.

\$2.75 3.75

Ask for prices on sizes not quoted.

\$0.25

.40

Diam.

6-inch

8-inch

POPPIES

Very hardy, and can be sown as early in the spring as the ground is in working order, the annual varieties flowering from June on for some weeks. This Poppy does not flower from seed the first year.

SHIRLEY. HIRLEY. The very finest strain of single Poppies. All colors from white to deep scarlet. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 40c.

PEONY-FLOWERED. Very double and fine. All colors. Pkt., 5c; 52 oz., 15c; oz., 30c.

RIENTAL. This is extremely hardy, and once established lasts for years. It produces immense single scarlet flowers 4 inches across in early summer, and makes a gorgeous display. Sow the seed thinly, early in the spring, and leave the plants until September before moving ORIENTAL. them to the permanent garden. Pkt., 5c; 1/8

RICINUS (Castor-Oil Bean)

An annual plant, making a rank growth in one

season, frequently to the height of 6 or 8 feet, with immense leaves. Fine for the center of foliage beds or as a screen. Can be started in the house and set out as soon as danger of frost is over.

MIXED VARIETIES. Many kinds. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.

SALPIGLOSSIS

EMPEROR. A beautiful and easily grown annual, produc-ing velvety-looking flowers ing velvety-looking now-in many colors, somewhat the shape of Petunias. Half-hardy annual. Pkt., 10c;

SALVIA (Scarlet Sage)

This ranks with the geran-iums as a bedding plant and is easily raised from seed. Long





MOURNING BRIDE

sprays of brilliant scarlet flowers in late summer. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 60c; oz., \$2.25.

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride)

A very showy hardy annual, fine for cutting, and furnishing quantities of very bright blossoms all summer long in a variety of colors. Very easy to grow. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 25c.

SHASTA DAISY

A large, white, single Daisy, grand for cutting and for gar den decoration. It is a good summer and autumn bloomer and unusually hardy, making it a most desirable plant for the flower garden. The flowers are borne in great abundance. Pkt. 10c. 1/2 oz., 25c.

STOCK, TEN WEEKS

An annual used largely for bedding purposes, and grown in pots for spring flowers. Has long spikes of bloom White, pink and crimson; single and double. Very fragrant Half-hardy

DWARF MIXED. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 8cc.

SUNFLOWER

Very hardy annual plants; grown everywhere

DOUBLE CALIFORNIA. Handsome, extremely double flowers Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 10c

Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 10c
CHRYSANTHEMUM-FLOWERED. A fine variety, double and of vigorous growth. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 10c.
RED SUNFLOWER. The flowers vary in size from 2 to 3 inches and upward; some are yellow with a red ring around a dark center, others yellow streaked with red, and other interesting color combinations. The flowers are numerous, have long large petals, sometimes two rows, and often slightly curled. Plants without purple in the stems and leaves should be removed while young. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c



NASTURTIUM

Specia	l Rates on Packet Flower	Seeds
Select any	Six 5c size for	30.25
Select any	Thirteen 5c size for	
Select any	Thirty 5c size for	1.00
Select any	Three 10c size for	
Select any	Seven 10c size for	.50
Select any	Fifteen 10c size for	1.00

SCHIZANTHUS (Butterfly or Fringe Flower)

This is one of the airiest and daintiest flowers imaginable, especially adapted to bordering beds of taller flowers and those of a heavier growth. The seeds germinate quickly and come into bloom in a few weeks from sowing. The florescence is such as to completely obscure the foliage, making the plant a veritable pyramid of the most delicate and charming bloom. The Schizanthus make admirable pot plants for the house in late winter and early spring. For this purpose sow in the autumn. A splendid mixture of the regular type. 1/4 oz., 25c.

SWEET WILLIAM

Old-time hardy perennial with dense heads of many-colored flowers. Very showy and satisfactory. For many years Sweet William has been esteemed as one of our finest hardy garden plants, being of easy culture, thriving in any good garden soil and lasting for years. The plants grow about one foot high and form fine clumps. SINGLE AND DOUBLE MIXED. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 50c.

VERBENA

No more attractive low-growing or trailing plants can be had. Their bright flowers and long season of bloom make them most popular. The trusses and individual flowers are of large size, of brilliant colors, free-blooming and of vigorous habit. For best and quickest results seed should be sown early in the house or hot bed, and transplanted to flowering quarters in May. Verbenas are better grown from seed than from cuttings, being more vigorous and not liable to disease. Seed starts slowly. Hardy

6256 Seed starts slowly. Hardy annual.

NEW MAMMOTH. Very large flowers. Fine mixed. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; oz., \$1.00. FINE MIXED. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz.,

25c; oz., 75c.

CHINESE WOOL FLOWER

This unique type of Celosia plumost form—instead of pyramidal panicles of bloom—large globular heads like balls of wool or chenille, and of a bright red color. The plants grow 2 to 3 feet in height, branch freely, each branch terminating with a flower head.. Blooms from early summer till frost. Pkt., 10c.



SCHIZANTHUS (Butterfly or Fringe Flower)



ZINNIA

GIANT DOUBLE ZINNIAS

A giant strain of this grand old favorite free and continuous flower ing annual, which produces flowers of colossal size, specimens measuring from 5 to 6 inches across being not unusual. Plants are of extremely robust habit, attaining a height of about three feet and bearing on long stems numerous semi-globular. of about three feet and bearing on long stems numerous semi-globular, mostly very double flowers, all of the largest size, making them of great value in large beds, borders, etc.; grown under favorable conditions they remain in bloom from early summer to late autumn.

We offer six of the most wanted colors, separately, as well as a splen-did mixture of many colors, as under:

ANT GOLDEN-YELLOW. Pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., 50c. GIANT

GIANT SCARLET. oz., 50c. Pkt., 15c; 1/4

GIANT WHITE. Pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., 50c.

GIANT FLESH COLOR. Pkt., 15c; ½ oz., 50c.

GIANT SULPHUR-YELLOW. Pkt.,

15c; ¼ oz., 50c. GIANT CRIMSON. Pkt., 15c; ¼ oz.,

COLLECTION of a packet each of the above 6 colors for 60c.

GIANT MIXED. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts. for 25c; ½ oz., 50c.

DOUBLE DAHLIA - FLOWERED. The latest development in Zinnias, bearing flowers of mammoth size and in form like a perfect decorative Dahlia. As the result of painstaking care and selection the size form and coloring has been much improved the past season. The mixture which we offer contains a wonderful range of beautiful colors; 3 ft. Pkt., 20c; 3 pkts. 50c.

Seeds in Quantity. To Market-Gardeners and Public Institutions who buy Vegetable Seeds in large quantities, we ask that you send us a list of your requirements for special prices, as we can frequently make substantial reductions on large orders.

Old North State Sweet Peas

These are almost hardy enough to live out over winter, and they make their best growth in the cool part of the season. The only way to have them last at all, once the hot weather comes, is to have them deeply rooted by that time, so plant as soon as you can stir the ground in the spring, when it is not muddy, covering 2 inches. Frost will not hurt them. Cultivate thoroughly, plant about 1 inch apart in rich ground; give plenty of water as soon as plants are up. Can be sown in the fall, November being a good time.

SPENCER MIXED SWEET PEAS

A very fine assortment of colors, including the best varieties. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

WYATT'S SPECIAL MIXTURE

A peerless mixture and absolutely the finest that can be had. It is a blend of the best Sweet Peas in cultivation. no dull colors, all choice giant-flowering varieties of every color and type, the colors being evenly distributed throughout. No matter at what price or under what high-sounding name it may be offered, for diversity of color, size and beauty of flowers, no other Sweet Pea mixture can surp 'Our Special Mixture.' Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75. postpaid. lb., \$1.75, postpaid.

FANCY GRANDIFLORA SWEET PEAS

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

BLANCH BURPEE. Largest pure white; fine form; grand flower.

DOROTHY ECKFORD. A grand white; the stems extra long and stiff; the best white of this type.

EMILY HENDERSON. White; early and free.
KING EDWARD VII. Crimson-scarlet. A fine, extralarge flower; nearly always borne three on a stem.

LADY GRISEL HAMILTON. The largest and lightest of lavender, standard light mauve; hooded form.

MRS. ROUTZAHN. Color buff, suffused with delicate pink, which deepens to a rose near edge of wings and standard.



GRANDIFLORA SWEET PEAS

PRIMA DONNA. Lovely soft pink, hooded form; vig orous grower.

SALOPIAN. Splendid brilliant scarlet. Fine to use in combination with other colors.

SEPARATE COLORS OF SPENCER SWEET PEAS Price, All Varieties: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.50. ASTA OHN. Light lavender, tinted with mauve-pink. A charming soft lavender. Large and beautifully waved.

BLANCHE FERRY. Pink and white; the old popular and well known Sweet Pea.

CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES. One of the finest in our collection with purplish maroon standard and bluish wings. True Spencer type

COUNTESS SPENCER. A lovely clear pink, shading deeper at the edges, the original of this type

ELFRIDA PEARSON. An old favorite. The color is a lovely pink throughout the buds and flowers being tinted with salmon-pink

FLORA NORTON. The finest pure lavender. A beauty.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE. A large and fine pure lavender; a great favorite

KING EDWARD SPENCER. Bright crimson-scarlet of largest size. A fine variety

MARGARET ATLEE. The best rich pink. A giant in size and a strong grower

MRS. HUGH DICKSON. A beautiful salmon-pink on a cream ground, color effect rich apricot; extra fine.

OTHELLO. Deep velvety maroon. Best of the dark-colored Spencera; large size

F. FELTON. Exquisite, soft lavender blue with slight suffusion of rose Flowers of largest size.

HITE SPENCER. A pure wavy white of enormous size and substance: long strong stems WHITE SPENCER.

OLD NORTH STATE SWEET PEA COLLECTION-ANY SEVEN 10-CENT PACKETS FOR 50 CENTS POSTPAID.

The Book of the Sweet Pea, By D. B. Crane. Price \$1.75



WHITE SPENCER SWELT PEAS

Our Garden Flowers. By Harriet L. Keeler. With 90 full-page illustrations from photographs and drawings. A popular study of their native lands, their life histories, and their structural affiliation. \$2.50.

Bulbs for Spring Planting

CANNAS

The gorgeous flowers and splendid foliage of the Canna are gaining for it greater popularity each season. No lawn or park seems complete without its tropical leaves and its mammoth flower-spikes that are a mass of bloom from July until frost. In our list below will be found the best of the standard sorts, and the prices are so reasonable that anyone can have a beautiful bed of them for a very small outlay of money.

Although astonishing success with Cannas will often be had under most unpromising conditions, they respond so luxuriantly to care that it is well worth while to take a little trouble at the start. The bed should be spaded to a depth of at least a foot and an abundance of well-decomposed manure worked in, and the roots set 4 or 5 inches under the surface. The "blazing" effects for which Cannas are so famous are best secured by the use in masses, with the roots set not more than 2 feet apart—dwarf kinds being set even more closely. All Cannas love water, and in dry seasons blooming will be much more profuse and constant if the soil be kept always moist. In the South, planting may be done as early as the last of March, but if early bloom is wanted, the best way is to start them in pots under protection, transplanting to the open ground when danger of frost has passed. Unless taken up before freezing weather, the roots should be covered with litter for the winter.

EUREKA. 4 ft. The finest white or cream-colored Canna.

GLADIATOR. 4½ ft. A leader for years. Color is bright yellow, spotted with red. No other Canna in this color can surpass this sturdy robust grower. HUNGARIA. 3½ ft. Purest LaFrance pink.

KING HUMBERT. 5 ft. The most popular Canna. Great orange-scarlet flowers surmount the vigorous dark bronze foliage throughout the season.

KING OF BRONZES. 4 ft. A superb foliage Canna; very large bronze leaves and bright red flower.



LOUISIANA. 6 ft. Vivid scarlet; often 6 inches across; orchid flowered.

PANAMA. 3½ ft. Orange-red with well-defined edg-

ANAMA. 3½ ft. Orange-red with we ing of bright yellow.

ICHARD WALLACE 4 ft. Caparage.

RICHARD WALLACE. 4 ft. Canary-yellow flowers. Very floriferous. One of the best yellows.

SHENANDOAH. 4 ft. Flowers salmon-pink borne in large clusters, foliage rich ruby-red.

WINTZER'S COLOSSAL. 5 ft. The largest of all Cannas, often over 8 inches across; bright scarlet.

YELLOW KING HUMBERT. 4 ft. Rich yellow, spotted with bright red; often 5 to 7 inches across.

All varieties, 15c each; 4 for 50c; doz., \$1.25, postpaid; \$7.50 per 100.



CALADIUM

CALADIUMS

Few foliage plants are so useful as the Caladium, and none require less attention after planting. Their magnificent leaves furnish the best possible background for grouping, and their absolute immunity from insect attack makes them doubly useful, now that so many of our handsomest plants are always disfigured in that way.

For the best results, the bulbs should be planted in well-drained rich soil. In dry weather the plants should be well watered. Planting is best done in April and May, the top of the bulb being set about 5 inches under the surface.

EXTRA-SELECTED BULBS. First size, 40 cents each, \$4.00 per doz.; second size, 25c each; \$2.50 per doz. Postage or expressage extra.

SUPERB CACTUS DAHLIAS

BEDINIA (Hybrid). Clear, bright orange, striped and flaked red; very striking. 20c each.

COUNTESS OF LONSDALE. A peculiar but pleasing blend of salmon-pink

COUNTESS OF LONSDALE. A peculiar but pleasing blend of salmon-pink and amber; flowers freely under all conditions. 35c each.

EARL OF PEMBROKE. Bright plum color; large, bold flower. 20c each.

ELLA KRAMER. Rose-pink with much brighter center; fine form. 25c each.

EUREKA. Color, very deep purple. Petals are long, straight and tightly quilled. 25c each.

HENRI CAYEUX. Immense size and perfect form. Color, an old gold, shading to golden yellow; plants very vigorous. 20c each.

J. H. JACKSON. The finest black dahlia in existence. Color deep, blackest maroon. Gigantic in size. Each 25 cents.

STANDARD BEARER. Brightest scarlet. Plant dwarf, branching; profuse bloomer. 25c each.

bloomer. 25c each.

GOLDEN GATE. A very large hybrid cactus of a rich deep golden-yellow suffused and shaded fawn, lights up well under artificial light. Long stiff stems; very free. 50c each.

WINSOME. Pure cream white. Each 25c.

One each of the above ten varieties, by mail, \$2.25.

MIXED DAHLIAS

A splendid mixture of many fine varieties. 15c each; 2 for 25c; 12 for \$1.25.

STANDARD DAHLIAS

20c each; 50c for 3; \$1.75 per doz., postpaid.

BLACK BEAUTY. (Decorative.) Large, dark velvety maroon; distinct form.

CHARLES LANIER. (Show.) The largest yellow Show Dahlia; amber shaded.

CUBAN GIANT. (Show.) Immense ball-shaped blooms. rich yelvety purple, shaded marcon.

DELICE. (Decorative.) Beautiful glowing rose-pink; perfect shape; a fine cut-flower.

JACK BOSE. (Decorative). Velvety crimson, like the General Jacqueminot rose.



DAHLIAS

JEAN CHARMET. (Decorative.) Seven inches more across, with long, wide petals; bright pink with crimson edges; stems long; extra fine.

SYLVIA. (Decorative.) A very large pink; of elegant shape, a fine cut-flower,

PERLE DE LYON. (Decorative.). Pure white; one of the finest of any class for cut-flowers.

YELLOW DUKE. (Decorative.) Pure canary-vellow:

GLADIOLI

Gladioli are so inexpensive, so easily grown, and so beautiful, both in the garden and as cut-flowers, that it is difficult to understand the general lack of interest in them.

Any good soil is suitable, and unlike most flowering bulbs in this climate, they not only do not deteriorate, but, on the other hand, increase rapidly. Planting may be done at any time in April, May, or June, the bulbs being set about 3 inches under the surface. As supports will be needed for the flowers, it is a good plan to put a dozen or more in a group around one stake, tying the stalks loosely to it. In the South the bulbs are best left in the ground and covered with litter for the winter.

AMERICA. A grand pink; flower-spikes 2 to 3 feet long. 7c each, 75c

per doz., postpaid.

AUGUSTA. Lovely pure white; often has 2 or 3 branches. 6c each; 65c per doz., postpaid

BARON HULOT. A rich royal violet-blue; full round flower. 10c each,

90c per doz., postpaid KLONDYKE. Clear yellow, with maroon blotch in the throat. 7c each;

75c per doz., postpaid

KUNDERDI GLORY. The ''ruffled'' Gladioli. Creamy white, shading to delicate lavender; petals fluted. 10c each, 90c per doz, postpaid MRS. FRANCIS KING. Brilliant flamingo-pink, blazed with vermillionred; blooms 4 inches across. 7c each; 65c per doz., postpaid NIAGARA. Creamy yellow, throat lightly marked with rosy carmine, fine for cut-flowers. 10c each; 90c per doz.

PANAMA. A grand deep pink; flowers large and handsome; the finest pink variety. 8e each: 80c per doz.

each; 80c per doz., postpaid

PEACE. Immense pure white with touch of carmine in lower petals. 10c each; \$1.0 per dozen, postpaid.

PRINCEPS. Rich dazzling scarlet, the lower

portion marked with white; large open flow er. 8c each; 80c per doz., postpaid MIXED GLADIOLI. All colors from pure white to dark red. 60c per dozen, postpaid



TUBEROSES



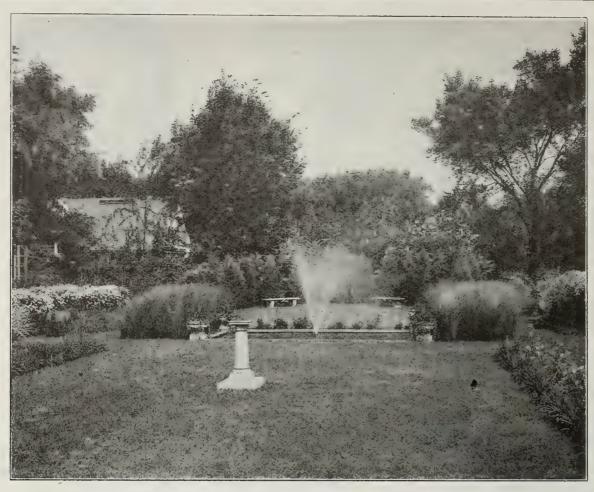
TUBEROSES

AUGUSTA GLADIOLUS

This well-known flower is highly prized for its delicate fragrance, and needs no description.

Tuberoses should be grown only in rich, well-drained soil, and their love for the sunshine must be remembered. As the bulbs are extremely sensitive to cold, planting should be deferred until all danger of frost is past, and they should be set so that the top of the bulb will be not more than 2 inches under the surface of the ground. As the flower-stalks shoot up, some kind of light support should be provided to prevent damage by storms.

DOUBLE DWARF PEARL. 75c per dozen; \$5.25 per 100, postpaid SINGLE or ORANGE-FLOWERED. 75c per dozen \$5.25 per 100, postpaid



WYATT'S EVERGREEN MIXED LAWN GRASS

In the South we often have trouble in getting good lawns because it has been found that no one grass will give satisfactory results at all seasons and on all soils. By careful experiments we have succeeded in getting a combination of grasses that will produce an evergreen lawn, giving permanency and beauty of sward. By the use of this Evergreen Mixed Lawn Grass Seed a rich, velvety lawn can be made and maintained. One pound will sow a space 10 by 30 feet (or 300 square feet); 75 to 90 pounds to an acre. Lb., 45c; 10 lbs. and over at 40c per lb., 25 to 50 lbs. at 38c per lb. By mail, postpaid, lb., 50c.

SUGGESTIONS FOR THE MAKING AND CARE OF LAWNS

It must not be supposed that by sowing grass seeds at any season of the year in soil of any character, and in any state of cultivation or neglect, a durable, attractive turf is to be formed. From the beginning the lawn is both troublesome and expensive, and even when obtained, it is, like liberty, preserved only by 'eternal vigilance.' The coarser natural grasses and weeds will take possession unless kept down, and wherever, from any cause, a bare spot is formed it will rapidly enlarge unless repaired.

As in housebuilding, so in the making of a lawn-a good foundation must be secured, or the rest of the work will be entirely wasted, and too great care cannot be exercised, since the roots must be able to penetrate quite 18 inches in order to keep the grasses growing through the scorching days of July, August and September. If the ground is not already very rich, give a liberal application of fertilizer, avoiding the use of stable manure, as it invariably contains seeds of weeds and noxious grasses. Bone meal never produces the "burned" appearance so often noticed after the use of ammoniated fertilizers. Harrow or rake the surface to the finest possible condition and roll until all elevations and depressions have been removed.

Rake the seeds in lightly, following with a roller of medium weight, a firmly rolled surface being abso-

lutely necessary if the ground be dry; small areas may readily be packed firm by the back of a spade. Sowings made in the fall, from the first of September to the middle of November, are most successful, but if deferred until spring, sowings may be made in February, March, April and May.

When the grass is well set, about 4 inches high, it should be cut with a sickle or mown with the machine set to avoid cutting too closely, 2 inches at least being left above the root. After that a cutting every ten days and an occasional rolling will make the grass finer, strengthen the turf and keep all rankgrowing weeds in check. In the heat of summer the mower should be arranged so as to leave ample protection to the roots. Watering must be done with discretion. Unless the drainage is perfect, it is much more injurious to give too much water than to neglect watering altogether, and an occasional saturation is much better than the daily sprinkling commonly thought beneficial. If bare spots appear, they must be patched by breaking the ground about 10 inches deep, smoothing the surface and raking in double the usual allowance of seed. To maintain the vigor and color of the grass a light top dressing of bone meal two or three times a year is advisable. Liberal applications of sheep and cattle manure are very beneficial and will give your lawn that rich, velvety appearance that is so much admired by everyone.

Wyatt's Quality Field and Farm Seeds

TESTED CLOVER and ALFALFA SEED

Our Clovers and Alfalfa can be depended upon, as they are of the highest grade and recleaned. Our seeds are not only of a high-germinating test, but they are of a high purity test, giving assurance to the planter that he will receive the best seeds obtainable. Our Brand means the Highest Quality, the Most Profit and Cheapest for the Planter.

Prices named on Clovers are subject to change. Write for prices. Mention quantity wanted and we will fill orders sent us at our lowest prevailing price day order is received.

Red Clover

This valuable crop is not only one of the most excellent hay and forage crops, but it is a great soil improver. Red Clover can be cut for two or three years from one seeding, and on good land will yield two cuttings per year... Red Clover has been found particularly adapted to the northern part of the cotton-belt; when sown alone in this section, use 10 to 12 pounds to an acre. Excellent results are received by sowing for hay a mixture of 1 bushel Orchard Grass, 1 bushel Tall Meadow Oat Grass, with 8 pounds of Red Clover to an acre. If to be used also for pasture, an addition of 6 pounds Red-Top, or Herd Grass, to the above mixturf will increase the pasturage. Lb., 35c; 10 to 20 lbs., at 30c per lb.; bu. (60 lbs.), about \$17.50. Prices fluctuate.

Mammoth, or Sapling Clover

This is similar to Red Clover, both in appearance of the seed and its habits of growth, the difference being that it usually grows larger and is later in maturing. It is a good variety for thin soils, or to seed with Timothy, Meadow Fescue, or Herd Grass, as it matures about the same time as these grasses. Sow 10 to 12 pounds per acre by itself or with Timothy. Lb., 35c; 10 to 30 lbs., at 30c per lb.; bus. (50 lbs.), \$17.50. Prices fluctuate. Will quote prices upon request or fill orders at market prices day order is received.

Alfalfa, or Lucerne

THE PROFITABLE AND NUTRITIOUS HAY CROP. Alfalfa, or Lucerne will produce from 5 to 7 tons of hay an acre each year in the South. Its very large, branching roots penetrate far down, loosening the soil, getting plant food where other crops would be a failure. Alfalfa is a perennial, and lasts for eight to ten years. Sow seeds in thoroughly prepared soil at the rate of 20 pounds to the acre. Lime should be applied at the rate of 1,500 pounds to the acre. Be-



ALFALFA

fore sowing the seed it will be best to inoculate them, if Alfalfa has never been grown on the soil you are to sow. We can supply you with the bacteria for inoculating Alfalfa and Clover at \$1.00 per acre. 10 to 30 lbs., at 30c per lb.; bu. (60 lbs.), \$16.00. Prices fluctuate.

Alphano Inoculant. For seed and soil inocbeans, soy beans, cowpeas, clover, and all legumes. Send for descriptive circular. Acre size, \$1; 10-acre size, \$8.

WIZARD BRAND



SHEEP MANURE, PULVERIZED. A pure natural manure, un equaled for mixing with potting soil for lawns, general vegetable and flower cardens or for making liquid manure where quick as well as lasting results are wanted. 2 lb. pkg. 20c; 5 lbs., 40c; 10 lbs., 00c, 25 lbs., \$1,50 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$3.25; 500 lbs., \$15: 1000 lbs. \$26, ton \$50.

CATTLE MANURE. Same price as Sheep Manure,

FERTILIZERS

PURE BONE MEAL. This pulverized ground bone is excellent for rose culture and lawns. It decomposes rapidly and is quickly effective. Should be applied at the rate of 400 to 500 pounds to the acre. 10 lbs. to a

In 100-lb, bags: 100 lb, \$1.75 1 000 lbs \$10,00 500 lbs 1100 2 000 lbs \$10,00

NITRATE OF SODA. Pifteen per cent altrogen, equivalent to over 18 per cent ammonia Lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 80c.

We also have in stock at all times Acid Phosphate, 8-3-3, and other grades of fertilizer. Get our prices by the bag, ton or carload.

Crimson Clover

Also known as German, Annual and Scarlet Clover. The greatest soil-improver known to the southern farmer, the earliest hay crop to ripen, and makes, excepting alfalfa, some of the most nutritious feed for horses and cattle. When sowed with wheat, oats, rye, barley or some such crop, it produces an enormous crop of hay. No man is farming until he sows Crimson Clover. 20c per lb., postpaid Write for market prices on bulk quantities. Present price \$8.00 per bushel.

White Dutch Clover

White Clover does well in nearly all parts of the South. In this section it is indigenous to all kinds of soils. Is especially valuable and largely used in lawn and pasture mixtures. It makes a small, close, compact growth. If sown alone, sow 6 to 8 pounds an acre; more largely sown with other grasses, in which case use half the amount. 75c per lb., 5 to 10 lbs. at 70c per lb.

Alsike Clover

A valuable perennial Clover, growth of fine texture, more spreading and recumbent than Red Clover; has pinkish blossoms and does not make such large roots, nor do they penetrate so deeply into the soil. Notwithstanding, it seems to be hardier than Red Clover, standing as much heat and decidedly more cold. Alsike Clover should be sown in the South from August to March, the sooner the better. It seems to be well adapted to creek and river bottoms. From 8 to 10 pounds should give a good stand. Lb., 35c; 10 lbs. and over, 30c per lb. Price fluctuates.

Sweet Clover, or Melilotus

FOR FORAGE AND SOIL IMPROVEMENT
Sweet Clover is also known as Bokhara Clover. One
of the great uses Melilotus has been put to is to inoculate the soil where Alfalfa is intended to be grown, as
it contains the same class of bacteria that infest the
roots of Alfalfa, for it will grow where Alfalfa will not
the first year. It enriches poor, thin land, prevents land
from washing, stands heat and drought remarkably
well, is very fattening for all live stock and valuable for
bee pasture. It is sown at the rate of 20 to 30 pounds
to an acre. Lb., 25c; 10-lb. lots and over at 20c lb.

Bur Clover

Can only be sown in the summer and fall. For the South it is a most valuable winter grazing crop, growing mer comes fully on. It is admirably adapted for use

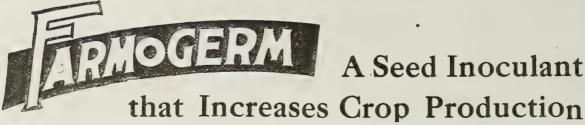


SWEET CLOVER

luxuriantly all through the winter and until the sum-with Bermuda Grass, the combination of the two making a splendid all-the-year-round pasturage. Price, Seed a splendid all-the-year-round pasturage. Price, Seed in the Bur: Lb., 30c; 10 lbs. and over at 20c per lb. Recleaned Hulled Seed: Lb., 40c.

Lespedeza, or Japan Clover

This is valuable to sow on poor wornout fields, hill-sides, thin woods, groves, and wet bottom lands for summer pasture and for improving the land. It is particularly valuable for late summer grazing on land that cannot be used for other purposes. Sow 10 to 15 pounds per acre broadcast in March or April and do not graze it early if you wish it to re-seed. Lb., 45c, postpaid; not postpaid, lb., 35c; 10 lbs. at 34c per lb., 100 lbs at 32c per lb.



Seeds of all legumes—beans, peas, clover, alfalfa, and related crops—will yield far better if inoculated with Farmogerm, and in addition leave in the soil a heavy deposit of nitrogen which benefits all succeeding crops. Farmers and gardeners who have used Farmogerm would not be without it.

STAYS GOOD INDEFINITELY

Farmogerm keeps for years. Because of the method of sealing the bottle—a patented stopper which admits filtered air and keeps out all impurities—Farmogerm is just as good in five years as when first bottled. Other inoculants get weaker each day—Farmogerm always has its full strength. Just add water and shake the bottle and sprinkle over the seeds as directed. Your crop will benefit beyond your expectations beyond your expectations.

IS ECONOMICAL

No other inoculant on the market is so strong and virile; no other inoculant will thoroughly treat as much seed. The one-acre size bottle of Farmogerm is sufficient for 15 pounds of clover, 20 pounds of Alfalfa, 100 pounds of Canada Field Peas, 60 pounds of Vetch, etc. A different bacteria is required for each crop. When ordering, be sure to state what crops you wish to inoculate.

PRICES REDUCED

New methods of production have given lower prices. You cannot now afford to do without Farmogerm. A special composite culture is prepared for peas, beans and sweet peas—1/4-acre size only. You'll get more peas and beans, and larger sweet peas by using this. Ask for No. 5, price 50c.

Farmogerm prices are: 1-acre size, \$1; 3-acre size, \$2.50; 12-acre size, \$9. Full directions accompany

each bottle.



Wyatt's Pasture and Grass Mixtures

It has long been an established fact that Grass Seed in mixture makes a far better yield of hay and also a better pasture than when one variety is sowed alone. We have made a study of Grass Mixtures, and in offering the following we have the ideal mixtures for the purposes for which they are recommended. Only the highest grade of seed is used and it is thoroughly mixed in the proper proportions to give the best results. In the Hay Mixtures we use only the Grasses which have proven the best to sow together and which mature and ripen together, which is, of course, necessary to get the best crops. Should you desire a special mixture we shall be glad to fill your order.

WYATT'S DEPENDABLE GRASS MIXTURE NO. 1, FOR HAY OR PASTURE. Recommended for light, learny or medium upland, for either hay crop or grazing purposes. Composed of Orchard Grass, Perennial Rye Grass, Tall Meadow Oat Grass, Red Clover, Alfalfa, etc. These Grasses mature and ripen together, making a splendid hay. Sow 30 to 35 pounds to the acre. Lb., 40c; 10 lbs. at 35c per lb., 100 lbs., \$33.00.

WYATT'S DEPENDABLE GRASS MIXTURE NO. 2, FOR HAY OR PASTURE. Recommended for stiff, heavy or low lands. Composed of Kentucky Blue Grass, Alsike, Clover, Herd Grass, White Dutch Clover, and Meadow Fescue, etc. Sow 30 to 35 pounds to the acre. Lb., 40c; 10 lbs. at 35c per lb., 100 lbs. \$33.00.

GRASS SEED

ORCHARD GRASS. This is one of the most reliable grasses for hay or pasture grown in this section, making quick, vigorous and continuous growth from early spring to winter. Sow 30 pounds to the acre in the spring or fall, and in any soil; loamy upland is best. It is excellent to mix with other grasses. Price fluctuates. Present prices: Lb., 35c; 10 lbs. at 30c per lb.; bus. (14 lbs.), \$4.00.

TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS. A most valuable grass (45) for the South, as it stands heat and drought well and flourishes on dry, light soils. Splendid for pastures and for hay; it may be cut twice in a season. Sow 30 pounds to the acre. Price fluctuates. Present price: Lb., 40c; bus. (11 lbs.), \$3.25.

FANCY CLEANED HERD GRASS, or RED TOP. This excellent pasture and hay grass does well on any soil, but perhaps thrives best on moist, heavy soils. It spreads and thickens from year to year, and will gradually supplant other grasses. Matures at the same time as timothy, with which it makes a good mixture. Sow 10 to 12 pounds to the acre. Price fluctuates. Present price: Lb., 30c; 10 lbs. at 27c per lb; 100 lbs., \$25.00.

MEADOW FESCUE. Remains green all winter, making fine, nutritious pasture, and also yields well as a hay crop. Largely used for grazing. Sow about 30 pounds to the acre. Price fluctuates. Present price: Lb., 45c; 10 lbs. at 40c per lb.; 100 lbs., \$39.00.

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. Good for hay and pasture if sown on strong moist soil, but does not stand drought well. It grows rapidly and matures very early, and lasts several years. Sow 30 pounds to the acre. Price fluctuates. Present price: Lb., 20c; 10 lbs. at 18c per lb.; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

ITALIAN BYE GRASS. Larger and stronger than Perennial Rye Grass; has large, broad, glossy green blades. Thrives best on moist, fertile soils, furnishing three or four cuttings a year. Sow about 40 pounds to the acre. Price fluctuates. Present price: Lb., 20c; 10 lbs. at 18c per lb.; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

BERMUDA GRASS. A valuable grass for permanent sod, and especially recommended for dams and terraces, as it has long, tough roots and is of a matty growth; prevents land washing Would not advise sowing on land which is to be planted in other crops, as it is very tenacious in habit and very hard to eradicate after it once gets a hold. It is very similar to Virginia Wire Grass. Sow in March or April, 7 to 8 pounds to the acre, in well prepared soil. Lb., 60c, postpaid; by express, lb., 55c; 10 lbs. at 50c a pound

TIMOTHY. Very nutritions, and salable for hay, but not so good for pasture, as it is injured by close cutting or grazing. Thrives best on heavy moist soils; should not be sown on light, dry land. Good results are obtained if mixed with red-top, sapling clover, alsike or some grass maturing at the same time. Sow 15 pounds to the acre. Price fluctuates. Present price: Lb., 20c; 10 lbs. at 16c per lb.; bus (45 lbs.), \$7.00.



RED TOP OR HERDS GRASS

GRASS SEED—Continued

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. This grass succeeds best on limestone soil, but does well on any stiff soil. Stands cold, but does not do well in extreme heat. Grows slowly at first, making a thick, compact turf. Grows slowly at first, making a thick, compact turf. First class for lawns or pasture. Succeeds better, however, when mixed with other grasses. Sow either in the fall or spring, 35 to 40 pounds to the acre. Price fluctuates. Present price: Lb., 55c, postpaid; by express, lb., 52c; 10 lbs. at 50c per lb.; 100 lbs., at 50c per lb.; 100 lbs., at 50c per lb. SUDAN GRASS. This grass was introduced by the Department of Agriculture, and is recommended for the hot, dry regions of the South and Southwest, although it appears to do well in almost any soil of

though it appears to do well in almost any soil or climate. It belongs to the sorghum family, is some-what similar to Johnson grass, only more thrifty, growing from 4 to 7 feet high, with small stems and growing from 4 to 7 feet high, with small stems and an abundance of broad leaves. Its root system is similar to that of millet, it being an annual grass, hence it has not the objectionable roots of Johnson grass. It stools freely and produces the best hay of any of the sorghum family. When sown for hay it is broadcast at the rate of about 8 pounds per acre, seeding being done in the spring. It will yield from 8 to 12 tons of hay per acre. Lb., 20c, postpaid; not prepaid, 10 bs. at 17c per lb.; 100 lbs., \$15.00 Bags 35c extra.

\$15.00. Bags, 35c extra.

KAFFIR CORN. The grain is much relished by cattle.

and poultry. It can be sown with cowpeas; the corn holds the vines off the ground, making a larger yield. holds the vines off the ground, making a larger yield of peas, and both can be cut together, making a larger yield of feed. Sow alone, broadcast 40 to 50 pounds to the acre for forage, and cut before fully headed. White is the standard variety; Red is very popular, and in some sections is considered hardier. Lb., 25c, postpaid; not prepaid, 10 lbs. at 15c per lb

at 15c per lb. TEOSINTE. This is a valuable fod-der plant, resembling corn, but with larger leaves and sweeter stalks. Much relished by stock, either green or as dry fodder. It may be cut five or six times a year. Stalks 10 to 12 feet high. Drill in May or June, 3 pounds to the acre. Present price: Lb., 60c.

Spanish Chufas

Chufas are highly recommended by the experiment stations throughout the South, and in some portions of the South the statement is made that no crop will produce as heavy in proportion to the quality of the land as Chufas. Any land suitable for cotton, corn, or peanuts will make profitable crops of Chufas. They can be planted from April to June. Make rows 2½ to 3 feet apart, dropping from three to five Chufas together, 15 to 18 inches apart in the row, covering about 2 inches. Chufas require from 1 to 1½ pecks per acre. When it is desired to turn the hogs into them, pull Chufas are highly recommended



A FIELD OF GEORGIA BUSH VELVET BEANS



SUDAN GRASS

up a few of the hills by the roots and leave them on top of the soil, and when either hogs or chickens get a taste of them they will quickly go over the field in search of them. Lb., 30c, postpaid; bu. (40 lbs.), \$6.00.

Velvet Beans Dolichos multiflorus

Velvet Beans make a large growth Velvet Beans make a large growth of vines. They are equally as nutritions as Cowpeas, and are largely used, both for grazing and as a forage crop, throughout the South. The vines and roots are very rich in nitrogen, making it a most valuable soil improving crop. The vines grow so rank that it is with difficulty that they can be turned under in the they can be turned under in the green state, and it is much better, if possible, to leave them above ground until killed by frost, than to plow under in the winter or early plow under in the winter or early spring, at which time they will make a heavy matted coating of vegetable matter, which, turned under, will benefit the soil almost as much as a heavy application of stable manure. These beans should be planted in May, June or July, at the rate of OSCEOLO VELVET BEANS. Price on application. Usually about \$4.50 per bushel.

EARLY SPECKLED, or 100-DAY VELVET BEANS. Price on application. About \$4.00 per bushel.

Georgia Bush Velvet Beans

Grows up and stands sturdily as a bush, distinct entirely from the twining variety. The upright bush grows 3½ feet high with limbs branching from the bottom.

Stock likes it better than the vining varieties. The seed is a little smaller and darker than the seed of the 100-day Speckled Velvet Bean. The pods are a little shorter and they have no sting whatever, a very desirable feature.

For hay, sow one bushel broadcast per acre in May or June. In the corn plant about April 15th. Price. Qt., 50c, postpaid; bus., about \$6.00.

PRICES.

Account of catalog going to press before spring market has been established on all field seeds, we are unable to quote quantity prices. For current prices write us.

CHUFAS

Broom Corn

EVERGREEN. Grows long and straight; brings highest market prices for making brooms. Sow in 3-foot drills and thin plants to 3 inches. Sow 5 pounds to the acre. Present price: Lb., 25c.

Cane, or Sorghum

All Varieties Cane: 10 lbs., \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

TEXAS SEEDED RIBBON CANE. This cane gets its name from being a variety that closely resembles the true Ribbon Cane, raised from cuttings. It makes the finest kind of syrup. Price: 1 lb., 30c, parcel post paid.

EARLY ORANGE. A variety well adapted for the South. It is from 8 to 10 days later than the Early Amber, and produces a syrup of excellent quality. Price: Lb., 20c; parcel post paid.

EARLY AMBER. Farmers and stockmen say that the Early Amber is the most valuable fodder plant in existence. It is profitably is the most valuable fodder plant in existence. It is profitably grown from Manitoba to Mexico on any good corn ground, and is but little affected by drouth. Price: Lb., 20c, parcel post paid.

SUGAR DRIP. As a feed for horses and cattle this variety has no equal. Its quality is the best, and it contains a great deal of sugar, which adds to its feeding value. It is also one of the best varieties for making syrup, giving an immense quantity, as well as the very best quality. Sow broadcast at the rate of 1 bushel per acre. Lb., 30c, postpaid. Write for prices on bulk quantities.

Peanuts

Plant in May, 12 inches apart, in 3-foot drills. About 1 bushel in the hull is required to plant an acre, and about 15 pounds shelled nuts. Cultivate flat, keep well worked. Peanuts

should be shelled before planting.

PANISH. Nuts small, and have a thin hull, full kernel, and yield enormously. In addition to their value for growing for nuts, these are very largely used in the south as a forage and fattening crop for hogs and other stock. They SPANISH. are early to mature, very productive, and in the far South, where they can be planted during March and April, two crops can be made in one year. The vines and roots make excellent food for stock. In the hull, lb., 20c (post-paid, 25c); 10 lbs., at 18c per lb; 100 lbs., \$16 00; shelled, lb., 30c (postpaid, 40c); 10 lbs., at 28c per lb; 100

paid, 40c); 10 10s., at 20c pct 10, 100 lbs., price quoted on request VALENCIA. These are dull red in color, of medium size. A heavy yielder with long pods, sometimes containing three or four Peanuts. It is probably the hardiest Peanut in cultivation. It is mild in flavor and becoming popular wherever grown Lth. 20c. (postpaid wherever grown. Lb., 20c, (postpaid, 30c): 10 lbs. at 18c per lb., 100 lbs.

VIRGINIA JUMBO. A large variety of the well-known Virginia Peanut. In the hull, lb., 20c (postpaid, 30c); 10 lbs., at 18c per lb.; 100 lbs., price



Texas Seeded Ribbon Cane



CANE OR SORGHUM

Table Cowpeas

All varieties, except where noted, present price about, pk. \$1.50; bus. \$6.00.

BROWN-EYE WHITE PEAS. This is a well-known Pea in the tarelinas. It has a purple hull and is a tremendous yielder. Present price: Bus. \$6.00.

LARGE EARLY BLACK-EYE. The best and most prolific of the Black-Eye Peas The pods are long and well filled with large, pure white Peas with a coal-black eye. Price, about \$6.00 bu. Write for prices on bulk quantities.

SMALL BLACK-EYE. Similar to the Large Black-eye, but smaller. The seeds are of beautiful shape and color. very small, and of the most select eating qualities. Write for prices on bulk appearance. bulk quantities.

ROWDER. A new Pea that we put ahead of any for table use. Its color is a light brown. The seeds are large or medium size, irregular shape and of the most choice flavor. Its eating qualities are far superior to those of any other variety. CROWDER.

Cowpeas (Vigna sinensis)

Sow 60 to 90 pounds of seed to the acre.

Cowpeas are one of the largest yielding and most nutritious crops known. The vines when cured are considered superior to timothy hay in the South is a fertilizer the Cowpea has no superior, for, to a greater extent than any other leguminous crop, it has the power of extracting the nitrogen from the air and depositing it in the vines and roots, so that the land is benefited even when the crop is cut for hay. Sow in late May to the first of August.

WHIPPOORWILL. A favorite, early, upright-growing variety, more largely used and sold than any other kind. Has brown-speckled seed, which are easily gathered.

WONDERFUL, or UNKNOWN. A variety valuable on account of its immense growth of vines. It is late in maturing and needs a full season to give good results

COWPEAS—Continued

RAHAM. A new variety that is a cross between the Iron and the Blue Whippoorwill, or Crowder. It has the good qualities of both the Iron and the Whippoorwill. It is disease resistant and heavy yielder of both seed and hay. The seeds are small. One bushel will go twice as far as any of the older varieties. varieties.

NEW ERA. It is quicker in growth than any other Cowpea; makes a very large growth of vine and a very prolific yield of Peas.

CLAY. Seeds medium-sized and cream or clay-colored. Vines grow long and leafy. Seed matures medium late.

LACK. This is the standard variety, and the most largely grown in this immediate section. It is very prolific, early to mature, makes a fine growth, both BLACK. of vines and leaves and a good yield of Peas.

This variety is noted for its disease-resistant ties. The seed is smaller than the average Cowqualities. pea, so that not so many are needed to sow an acre.

RED RIPPER. The Red Ripper resembles the Black Cowpea in growth of vine, but is ten days earlier and more prolific.

MIXED COWPEA SEED. The principal varieties in the Mixed Cowpeas we offer are the Clay, Black, Red Ripper, Whippoorwill, and other southern varieties. A great many southern farmers prefer to sow Cowpeas in mixture, as they grow thicker, producing a better crop of vines and forage than sowing single varieties alone.

All varieties of Cowpeas, present price, pk. \$1.50; bus., \$5.00.

We handle over 5,000 bushels of Cowpeas annually. Write us for prices when you are ready to buy.

White Beans

One of the most popular ies. Can be planted dur-NAVY. varieties. Can be months, when dry stored for winter use. Makes a most appetizing dish throughout the entire winter. Beans small and pure white. Very prolific. Lb., 35c, postpaid; 100 lbs., at 15c per lb. Write for prices on bulk quantities.

WHITE KIDNEY. Similar growth and use to the Navy, but larger and kidney-shaped. Makes a choice eating bean. Very pro-lific. Lb., 35c, postpaid; 100 lbs. at 20c per lb. Write for prices on bulk quantities.



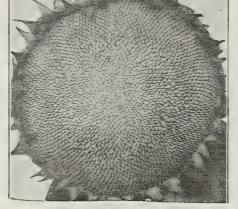
DWARF ESSEX RAPE



Dwarf Essex Rape

Makes Splendid, Nutritious Pasturage for Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry.

This crop is very highly recom-mended for pasturage for cattle, sheep, and hogs, furnishing most rich and nutritious pasturage with-in six to eight weeks from the time of sowing. The fattening properties of Rape are said to be very much better than those of clover. It also makes splendid green feed for poultry. In this green feed for poultry. In this section Rape can be successfully sown both in the spring and fall. For spring sowing, sow as early as you can conveniently set it in, the earlier the better, although it can be successfully seeded any time during March or April. Rape is best sown in drills, at the rate to 8 pounds per acre, or it can be sown broadcast, when 6 to 8 pounds per acre should be used. Lb., 25c, (postpaid, lb., 35c); 10-lb. lots and over at 23c per lb.; 50-lb. lots and over at 20c per lb.



RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER

20c per Ib.

Mammoth Russian Sunflower

The best variety for the farmer, as it makes heads nearly double The best variety for the farmer, as it makes heads nearly double the size of the common kind, and yields much more seed. Will yield, under favorable conditions, 40 to 60 bushels to the acre, and yields of as high as 125 bushels have been reported under exceptionally favorable conditions. It is highly recommended for poultry, and one of the best egg-producing foods known. The leaves make excellent fodder, relished by all kinds of stock. Cultivate the same as corn. When the seed is ripe and hard, cut off the heads and pile loosely in a rail-pen having a solid floor, or in a corn crib. Lb., 25c, postpaid; 10 lbs. at 20c per lb.; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

Yellow Milo Maize

This makes a thick, succulent growth of forage, very nutritious This makes a thick, succilent growth of forage, very nutritious and of splendid milk-producing qualities. Like sorghum, it can be cut over two or three times, where it is desired to cut for green forage. Also makes excellent ensilage, or can be cured same as other sorghums. By express or freight, lb. 15c; 10 lbs., and over at 12c per lb.; 50 lbs and over at 9c per lb; by mail, postpaid, pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 10 lbs., and over at 15c per lb.

Vetches

SAND, HAIRY, or WINTER. Sow from July to November, preferably with grain, which will hold the Vetch off the ground. Sow 25 lbs. to the acre with grain. Lb., 25c; 100 lbs., \$15.00. OREGON, or SPRING. Larger seed and coarser growth than the Hairy Vetch; may be sown either in spring or fall. Sow 25 pounds to the acre with 2 bushels of Oats, which will make excellent early hay. Lb., 25c, postpaid; by express or freight, lb. 11c. lb., 11c.

Millet

PEARL or CAT-TAIL MILLET. Makes a splendid continuous cutting forage plant for either green feed or hay. It grows rapidly, and will attain a height of 12 feet, but we advise cutting several times, rather than allowing it to mature. It can be fed either green or cured as dry forage, as it makes a most nutritious food which is relished by all kinds of stock. It will continue to grow until killed by freezing weather. Sow 5 pounds of seed per acre in drills 3 feet apart, or sow broadcast at the rate of 20 to 30 pounds per acre. Crop very short. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c, (postpaid, 35c); 10 lbs. at 23c per lb; 100 lbs. at 22c per lb.

GOLDEN or LIBERTY MILLET is decidedly one of the heat re-

GOLDEN or LIBERTY MILLET is decidedly one of the best varieties to grow for a hay crop; produces large crop of fine grass ranging in height from 4% to 6 ft., according to strength of soil. Can be cut green or made into hay, and is readily eaten by stock. It requires 1 bushel to sow an acre broadcast. Lb., 20c; 10 lbs. at 15c lb.; 50 lbs. and over at 9c per lb.

Seed Wheat

RED MAY, PURPLE STRAW, or BLUE STEM, LEAP'S PRO-LIFIC, and FULTZ. Bus., \$2.50; 10 bus. at \$2.40 per bus.

Winter Rye

COMMON WINTER. Bus., \$2.00

BOSEN. Bus., \$2.25 ABRUZZI. Bus., \$3.50.

Barley

BEARDED WINTER. Bus., \$2.50. SPRING. Bus., \$2.50.



GOLDEN OR LIBERTY MILLET

Japanese Buckwheat

This is a profitable crop for either grain, flower food for bees, soil-enricher, or to kill out weeds. Splendid for poultry. Sow 1 bushel to the acre in June, July, or August. Price, about \$3.00 per bu.

Oats

BURT, or 90-DAY. The best spring Oats, as it is the earliest, nearly rust-proof, hardy and vigorous, and yields more grain than any other spring Oat. Sow 2 bushels to the acre. Present price: Bus., \$1.20; 10 bus. at \$1.10 per bu.

VIRGINIA GRAY WINTER, or TURF. Though a winter Oat, it also succeeds well if sown in the spring, making surest crop if sown by March 15. Sow 1½ to 2 bushels to the acre. Bus., \$1.35.

RED RUSTPROOF. A very desirable early variety for heavy soils and low, moist grounds, where rust attacks other varieties. Yields abundantly of large, heavy grain, but does not grow as tall as the winter oat. Sow 2 bushels to the acre.

Present price: Bu. \$1.25; 10 bu. at \$1.20 per bu.

PPLER. An early, large red Oat, similar to the Rustproof, but hardier and yields more grain. Present price: Bu., \$1.25; 10 bus. at \$1.20 per bu.

FULGHUM. This Oat is of rustproof type, somewhat earlier than the Appler, and is a heav ier yielder. Is largely used in the South. Present price: Bu., \$1.35; 10 bus. at \$1.25 per bu

Canada Field Peas

Canada Field Peas should be sown in Feb ruary or March, weather permitting. Thake large yields of most nutritious hay, either green or cured for hay. They should be sown 1½ to 2 bushels per acre, with ¼ bushel Spring Oats. Pk., \$1.25; bus., \$4.50. Cotton bags 35c. Special prices on request.

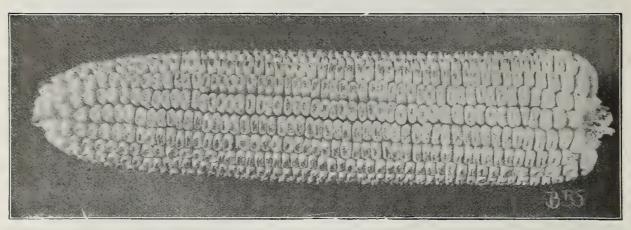
On account of their extreme hardiness, they can be sown earlier than any other legume crop, furnishing an excellent crop of hay or serving the purpose of a green fertilizer for succeeding



BURT, OR 90-DAY OATS

Pearl or Cat-Tail Millet

Field Corn



WYATT'S GOLDEN DENT CORN

WYATT'S IMPROVED GOLDEN DENT. We have been carefully growing and selecting this Corn on our own farms for several years, until now we have in it the most prolific and hardy yellow Corn to be had for the South. It is not a flint variety, but being a moderately hard Corn, does not rot in the field as do many varieties of yellow Corn. It is very early, maturing in about 90 days. Present price: Pk. \$1.00; bushel, \$3.75.

RED-COB WHITE GOURD SEED. A very deep-grained Corn, with large ears and medium cob. One of the most popular Corns for medium or light land. Present price: Pk. \$1.00; bus. \$3.75.

BOONE COUNTY WHITE. A pure-bred white Corn of very large size and high fattening and milling qualities. It is rather a late variety, maturing in from 110 to 115 days. A very large, fat, heavy ear, tapering only slightly from butt to tip, rounding off nicely within an inch of the top; eighteen to twenty-four rows of about fifty kernels each, carried out to the full length of the ear. A vigorous grower and very productive. Qt. 25c; 4 qts., 75c; pk., \$1.00; bus. \$4.00; 5 bus., at \$3.75 per bus.

EARLY NORTHERN WHITE DENT. For early ripening, large yield, and compact growth, is one of the best varieties; ears large, from 14 to 18-rowed. Qt. 25c; 4 qts. 75c; pk. \$1.00; bus. \$3.75; 5 bus. at \$3.50 per bus.

TRUCKER'S FAVORITE. Almost as sweet as Sugar Corn, and more delicately flavored than some of them. For such markets as rank size and profit first, this variety is very profitable to grow for market as a Sugar Corn; it is a White Dent sort with 12-rowed, long, symmetrical, well-filled ears. Qt. 25c; 4 qts. 75c; pk. \$1.00; bus. \$3.75; 5 bus. at \$3.50 per bus.

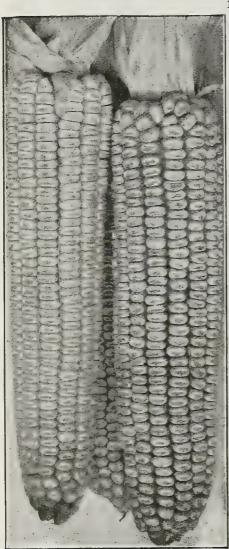
HICKORY KING. It produces on good soil three or four average-sized ears to the stalk. The grain is large, broad and beautifully white, making the finest quality meal. The cob is often so small that a large sized grain will cover the end of it. By express or freight, qt., 25c; pk., \$1.00; bus., \$3.75; by mail, postpaid, pkt., 10c; qt., 40c.

WYATT'S NORTH CAROLINA TWO-EAR WHITE. An extra-early variety that we have been improving on our own Wake County farms. Stalks produce two and three ears of good size: the fodder is also abundant and of fine quality. Pk. \$1.00; bus., \$3.75.

COCKE'S PROLIFIC: On land of good fertility, and especially on low river grounds, it may be relied upon to produce from two to four ears to the stalk, and we have seen as high as 11 good ears to the stalk. The ears are of good average size, the grain being white, of flinty nature, making an excellent meal or hominy Corn. By express or freight, qt. 25c; pk., \$1.00; bus. \$3.75; by mail, postpaid, pkt., 10c; qt., 40c.

IMPROVED SOUTHERN WHITE SNOWFLAKE. This is a most valuable field variety, one that makes a large yield, and when ground makes meal of the best quality. It also makes a splendid roastingear corn, being deep-grained, producing large-sized ears of a shape that is most salable for green Corn in our markets. It is an early and quick-growing variety, maturing its crop in about 100 days. It grows about 8 feet in height with ears set 4 to 5 feet from the ground. Nearly always produces two ears to the stalk. Will make good Corn in poor land where other sorts with large stalks will fail. By express or freight, qt. 30c; pk. \$1.25; bus. \$4.00; by mail, postpaid, pkt. 10c; qt. 35c.

WE CAN ALSO SUPPLY ALL THE LEADING VARIETIES OF CORN.
WRITE FOR PRICES.



COCKE'S PROLIFIC



Mammoth Yellow Soy Beans

Soja, or Soy Beans

A Great Drought-resisting Forage Crop, Producing Immense Quantities of Nutritious Feed, Besides Being an Excellent Soil Improver.

The cowpea and Soy Bean are nearly related and have many points in com-

The cowpea and Soy Bean are nearly related and have many points in common, but there are certain characteristics which make the Soy Bean distinct. Very few varieties make a vine, but are of upright growth, although if grown on rich soil there is a tendency to lodge. The Soy Bean produces a much larger crop of seed than the cowpea, and this crop is easier to harvest.

The plant is generally upright, branched, and grows from 1½ to 4 feet tall, according to variety and weather conditions. The plants are covered with fine hairs, whereas the cowpea is smooth and glossy. The pods are small and usually contain many beans. The seed is as valuable as that of the cowpea as to size, color, and shape, but the Soy Bean ripens practically all its seeds at one time. With so variable a plant, it is but natural that many varieties are offered. are offered.

If sowed in rows 21/2 feet apart, it requires 1/2 bushel of seed per acre; If sowed in rows 2/2 leet apart, it requires /2 bushel of seed per acre; and if drilled in or broadcast, 1½ bushels per acre. Seed can be sown in May, June, or July, but does best if sown rather early and the seed should be covered lightly, not over a couple of inches.

Soy Bean prices, Jan. 1, 1922: Pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50. Write for firm

quotations when ready to place your order.

MAMMOTH YELLOW. The largest-growing and most popular of Soja Beans for forage purposes. A little later in maturity than other kinds, but makes larger yields, both of forage and seed. Especially valuable for this section and further south. Lb., 15c (postpaid, lb. 22c). Price fluctuates. Crop values not settled at time catalogue is printed.

TAR HEEL BLACK. Dark green foliage. Slightly earlier than Mammoth Yellow. Heavy growth of vine, upright in habit, and a Soja Bean that is destined to become very popular. Fully equal to any variety of Soja Bean for hay or seed production. It is fast growing in popularity wherever planted. Lb. 15c, (postpaid, lb., 22c).

BROWN. This is one of the best varieties for forage and soil-improving purposes, making a quick and large growth of forage. Is also very prolific in its yield of Beans. Probably better adapted for sowing with cowpeas than

any other kinds, on account of its maturing with the cowpea crop to better advantage than the Mammoth Yel-Lb., 15c, (postpaid, lb. 22c.)

MEDIUM SOY, WILSON, EARLY BLACK, HABERLANDT. Prices on application.

North Carolina-Grown Cotton Seed

One to 11/2 bushels of seed are required for an acre.

The cultivation of Cotton varies considerably, of course, according to the locality and soil, but in general the ground should be prepared by thorough plowing and harrowing, with rows 40 to 50 inches apart, 5 feet being given where the land is unusually rich. Seeding is best done with the Cotton planter, and the young plants should be thinned to about 18 or 20 inches in the rows; if the ground is very rich, two plants may be left in a hill, but otherwise only one. Frequent shallow cultivation is necessary to keep the surface free from crust, and the planting should never be done until danger of frost is passed.

PERRY'S EARLY PROLIFIC. (Medium boll.) This is exclinitly a selection from the king's, as a larger percentage of the flowers bear the well-known red spot of the King's, but it is a full week earlier in maturing. The bolls are also larger, and it is a heavier and surer cropper. Pk. 80c; bu. \$2.50. Write for special prices on larger

80c; bu. \$2.50. Write for special prices on larger quantities.

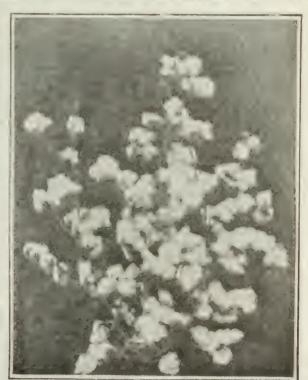
KING'S. (Medium boll.) This standard variety holds its own against the newer Cottons, many of the best of which were bred from it, as evidenced by the King's characteristic red spot in the center of the bloom. It is one of the earliest kinds, and is invaluable for sections where the growing season is short. No Cotton is so popular with the large planters of North Carolina, and its use in the extreme South is becoming more extensive now that the boll weevil is such a menace, especially to Cottons whose slow maturity gives a long exposure to damage. Pk. 80c; bus. \$2.50. Write for prices on larger quantities.

damage. Pk. 80c; bus. \$2.50. Write for prices on larger quantities.

IDEAL. (Medium boll.) Although several days later than the King's in maturing, this fine Georgia selection has been making wonderful yields every year since its introduction, and competent judges believe it to be the best type of Prolific in cultivation. It is of rank growth and resists drought better than most kinds. Pk. 80c; bus \$2.50. Write for special prices on larger quantities.

CLEVELAND BIG BOLL. This is the variety from which the famous Wannamaker Cleveland was developed. It has bigger bolls than Wannamaker, and longer staple, about 1 1-16 inch full, and for that reason is better liked in some sections. Big boll type, heavy fruiter in the field and big out-turn at gin, 37 per cent. Price, single bushels, \$2.50.

Most of our Cotton Seed is grown at W. L. Wyatt's Oakview Farm, and is especially selected from heavy-cropping cotton. A cotton-gin is maintained on the farm; therefore only seed that is of the highest quality is taken for our seed stock. We know that you will be pleased with the special strains that we grow, or have grown under our personal supervision.



KING (Medium Boll) COTTON

Insecticides and Fungicides



Slug-Shot. Destroys insects and worms on garden and house plants, potatoes, cabbage, shrubs, trees, vegetables, and fruits, and kills lice on poultry. Positively not poisonous, and will not injure the foliage. May be applied dry or in water. Lb., 25 cts; by express or freight, 5-lb. pkg. 60 cts; 50 lbs., \$5; 100 lbs., \$8.50.

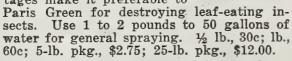
Fish-Oil Soap. Generally called Whale-

Oil soap. Effectually destroys the mealy bug and nearly all lice on indoor plants and scale on palms. Recommended for San Jose scale and insects that infest the bark of trees. It has been used with good results against the pea louse. By express, lb., 20c;

5 lbs., 65c.

Lime-Sulphur (For San Jose Scale). The most effective remedy for San Jose scale, oystershell scale, and kindred insects that are killing valuable fruit and shade trees. For fall and spring spraying, after the leaves have fallen and before freezing weather comes on and just before the buds begin to swell, use 1 gallon concentrated Lime-Sulphur to 8 gallons of water. For summer spraying, use 11/2 gallons Lime-Sulphur, 2 pounds Arsenate of Lead, and 50 gallons water. Apply this mixture after the blossoms have fallen and again when the second brood of codling moth appears. The above mixtures are for apple, pear and similar hardy fruits. For peach, plum, cherry, and less hardy fruits, use the strength recommended for fall and spring spraying, except that after the bud and leaf clusters have reached a good size, when a mixture of ½ gallon Lime-Sulphur, 2 pounds Arsenate of Lead and 50 gallons of water should be applied at intervals up to a month of ripening, when the Arsenate of Lead should be omitted. Qt., 30c; 2 qts., 50c; gal. 80c; 5 gals. \$2.75; 10 gals., \$5; bbl., \$17.50.

Arsenate of Lead. (For leaf-eating insects.) Sticks to the leaf better than Paris Greer and remains longer in suspension; requires fewer anplications; does not burn the leaf, thus allowing stronge solutions. White in color and shows just where it has been applied. These advantages make it preferable to



Make up a club order in your neighborhood and secure the benefit of quantity prices on seeds and insecticides.

Lime-Sulphur Powder. Where large quantities of this solution are used the powdered form is the most economical way to buy it. Lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$6.00.

Copper Sulphate (Blue Stone, or Blue Vitriol). Used for early spraying and in making Bordeaux Mixture. Will keep indefinitely. Special prices quoted on large quantities. By express, lb., 18c; 10-lb. lots at 15c per lb.; 50-lb. lots at 14 cents per lb.

Sulphur. For making Lime-Sulphur Spray, for mildew and plant-mites. By express, lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 75c; 25 lbs., \$1.65.

Paris Green. (For leaf-eating insects.) It is a strong poison and should be used with care. Mix 1 pound of Paris Green to 50 pounds of plaster, or with water to 150 gallons. On vines and tender vegetables use a larger proportion of plaster or water. 1/4 lb., 20c;

½ lb., 35c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.75.

Black-Leaf 40. (For sucking insects.) Kills plant lice on roses, shrubbery, fruits and vegetables. A concentrated solution of nicotine sulphate, guaranteed to contain not less than 40 per cent of nicotine. A solution in the proportion of a teaspoonful to a gallon of water, to which add 4 pounds soap to each 100 gallons of solution, will kill the

garden pea louse and not injure the vine. Mix with 800 times its bulk of water. Oz. bottle, 25c; ½ lb., 75c; 2 lbs. \$2.50; 10-lb. pkg., \$10.75. Cannot be mailed.

Melrosine. A most effective cure for rose bugs. Pint cans \$1.00; quart can, \$1.75.

Bordeaux Mixture. (Powder.) The standard fungicide and most effective remedy for all fungous diseases, indispensable for the control of black rot in grapes and blight in cucumbers, melons and potatoes. Also used for apple scab, bitter rot, cedar rust, leaf spot and downy mildew. ½ lb., 30c; lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25. Write for prices on larger

quantities. Dry Calcium Arsenate. This is the proper and most effective powder for dusting on cotton for eradicating the boll weevil. It is the poison used by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in experiments which proved that the weevil could be killed out at a profitable cost. Be sure to get Bulletin No. 731, U. S. Department of Agriculture, which gives all information. ½ lb., 30c; lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.00; 25 lbs., \$8.00; 50 lbs.,

\$15.00; 100 lbs., \$29.00.

Bug Death. Kills potato, squash and cucumber bugs, tomato, currant and gooseberry worms, and all leafeating pests. May be applied dry, in water or in Bordeaux Mixture. By express or freight, lb., 25c; 3-lb. pkg., 50c; 5-lb. pkg., 90c; 12½-lb. pkg., \$1.75.
Use 12½ to 25 lbs. per application to the

acre. Write for circulars.





MARTIN-SENOUP

"Gardener's Choice"

Cart Sprayer

Deming Spray Pumps

"Century" Barrel Sprayer. Widely used for disinfecting farmyards, barns, poultry-houses and stock-pens; spray-

ing stock-dip and cattle-fly oil: whitewashing buildings, fences, etc., in addition to the regular work of spraying. Is proof against cor-

rosion, as all the working parts are brass. Universal Iron

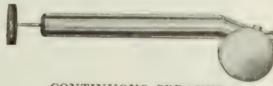
Base fits 10x10-inch in side or end or barrel. Filling hole in base admits liquid. 2\(\frac{1}{4}\)-inch iron cylinder, 4-inch stroke. Large air-chamber. Shipping weight, 75 lbs. Pump only, with "Y" connection, \$14. Outfit "A," including one 12½-foot section of ½inch hose and Simplex nozzle, \$21.00.

Major Barrell Sprayer. Outfit "A," \$17.50.

"Gardener's Choice" Cart Sprayer. A one-man machine. All brass working parts. Hardwood tank holds 24 gallons, 24-inch diameter wheels and 2-inch tires; hub to hub measurement, 33 inches. Equipment includes 6 feet of 12-(Barrel not furnished) inch hose and Bordeaux Nozzle. Shipping weight, 120 pounds. Price \$34.00.

"Perfect Success" Bucket Spray Pump. It's fun to use the "Perfect Success." Indispensable for spraying a small number of fruit trees; for gardens, greenhouses, etc; also used for washing windows, buggies and autos; applying whitewash and disinfecting in barns and poultry-houses; also applying cattle-fly oil, stock dip, etc. Has malleable iron bucket clamp for holding pump firmly in bucket, can be carried from place to place while full. Fitted with 3 feet of %-inch hose and Bordeaux Nozzle. Shipping weight, 10 pounds. Price \$7.50.

Prize Bucket Spray Pump. Price \$5.00 Success Bucket Spray Pump . \$7.00 Wyatt's Perfection Barrel Sprayer. Pump with 121/2-ft. section of 1/2-inch hose and nozzle for \$16.50.

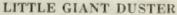


CONTINUOUS SPRAYER Tin. \$1.00; Galvanized, \$1.3

FEENY DUST GUN

Double-acting, and applies all dry powdered insecticides in a smoke like cloud that reaches all part of the plant. So light and easily worked that a child can operate it. By mail, postpaid, \$2.65; by express, \$2.50.





Machine weighs six pounds: furnished with three tubes and five nozzles and strap. Distributes Paris Green, London Purple, Hellebore, sulphur, lime, dry Bordeaux Mixture and Paris Green compound, etc. Capacity, about 1 quart. Dusts potate vines as fast as you can walk, two rows at a time. \$12.00.



"Perfect Success" Bucket Spray Pump (Bucket not furnished)

Feeny Dust Gun

CAHOON SEED SOWER

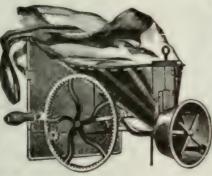
Century

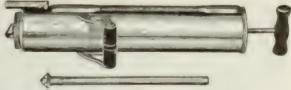
Sprayer

Barrel

will sow any kind of seeds that are to be broadcast, and will do it better than you can by hand, much faster and evenly. can average 4 to 6 acres an hour with a No experi Cahoon. ence necessary-follow directions

Postpaid, \$6.00. By express, \$5.75.



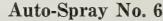


DUSTER BROWN

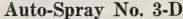
A new powder gun for the garden or farm Automatically ejects a sufficient amount of any dry powdered insecticide or fungicide in a fine mist-like manner that reaches all parts of growing plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Parcel post weight, 4 pounds. If wanted by parcel post, add postago. By express or freight, not prepaid, \$1.75 each.

SPRAYERS

We list only a few of the important sprayers and dusters. Should you desire any special type, let us know, for we can usually secure what you want if it is obtainable.



A splendid brass sprayer, with 3 feet of hose; has two nozzles, one to be used when a single-stream spray is desired, and one for a mist spray. The pump sprays on both the up and down strokes. Price \$6.



Galvanized tank. Capacity, 12 gallons. With truck, 20-in. wheels. \$25.00.

The Auto-Spray Compressed-Air Sprayer

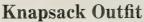
For applying all insecticides, fungicides, disinfectants, cattle- fly oil, whitewash and cold-water paint. The Auto -Spray is the strongest and most simple in its working parts of any Compressed-Air Sprayer. Two pumpings of about 15 strokes on the plunger will discharge the contents under high and constant pressure. After pumping, the op-

erator has nothing to do but direct the spray. It is regularly equipped with a carrying strap, 2 feet of 1/2-inch hose, fine spray nozzle, solid-stream cap and shut off as selected and at prices below.

"Auto-Spray" No. 1 B, brass tank, with "Auto-Pop," \$10.00

"Auto-Spray" No. 1 D, galvanized tank with "Auto-Pop," \$7.00.

Extension pipe, 2 ft. long, solid brass, 70 cents.



Complete, \$8.50

Garden Hose

25 and 50-foot lengths with couplings, 15c, 20c, and 25c per foot, depending on quality. Nozzles, \$1.00.

Price-List of Nozzles

Figure. 965. Bordeaux. May be adjusted to throw fine or coarse spray or solid stream. Best

for white-washing, \$1.35.

Figure 963. Vermorel. With caps for fine or coarse spray. Spring disgorger, \$1.00.

Figure 766½. Angle Simplex. Has two removable steel discs for coarse or fine spraying,

Price 80c.

Auto-Spray No. 3-D

Auto-Spray No. 6

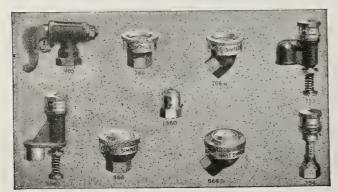


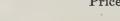
Fig. 866½. Giant Simplex Angle. Similar to 766½ but larger, \$1.35.

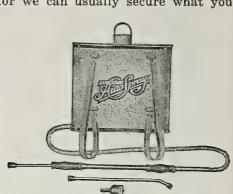
Fig. 960. Acme. Throws solid stream or fine spray, 55c.

Ask for prices on other nozzles.

Complete stock of Extension Rods and Brass-Lined Bamboo Extension Poles.







Knapsack Outfit



Auto-Spray Com-pressed-Air Sprayer

Pexto Pruning Shears

Order a good pair of Pruning Shears and keep your young trees, grape-vines, berry bushes, etc., in proper condition to bear the most and better fruit.

14	\$1.65	165\$2.10
R65		R85 2.75
R170	0 2.35	R165 2.25
R275	$5 \dots 2.50$	65 1.85
R70		R50 1.25
99	2.50	60 1.35
50	1.10	

Tiffany Pruning Shears

HEDGE SHEARS

Made of the finest grade tool steel; 9-inch blade with notch at crotch of blades for cutting small branches. Blades polished; handles of hardwood. By express, \$1.85 to \$3.25, depending upon size and quality.



Rhodes D. C. Pole Pruner\$7.50 Rhodes Pole Paragon Pruning Saw

Pruning Shears and Saws

16-inch Pruning Saw\$1.50 18-inch Pruning Saw 1.75 20-inch Pruning Saw 2.00 Tiffany 22-inch Steel Handle Pruning Shears \$3.50

Rhodes 36-inch D. C. W. H. Pruners 5.00 Rhodes 30-inch D. C. W. H. Pruners 5.00

CYPHERS INCUBATORS AND BROODERS

For the season of 1922 we offer our customers the Cyphers Incubator Company's complete line of Incubators. These three styles of high-class, guaranteed hatching machines, running through four different sizes, represent all that is efficient, convenient and reliable in incubator construction. In buying a Cyphers Company Incubator you take no chance.



Standard Cyphers Incubators

These are machines that for fifteen years and more have been recognized as the standard hatchers of the world. Tens upon tens of thousands of them have been sold and are in successful use in every civilized country on the globe. They are used by more Government experiment stations, on more large, practical poultry plants, on more successful duck and egg farms, and by a larger number of the foremost poultry breeders than all other makes combined. They are built to hatch and to last. With ordinary care they should last an ordinary lifetime. Every Standard Cyphers Incubator is guaranteed by the manufacturers to do first-class work in the hands of every purchaser who will give it a fair trial. Are built in four popular sizes and at prices as follows:

No.	0.	70-egg	size	0		0	0	0		 0	0	0	o		ь			٥				0		\$33.00
No.	1.	144-egg	size																					42.00
No.	2.	244-egg	size		0	0	p	0	0 0		0	0				a			6	0	0	0		56.00
		390-egg																						

Cyphers Fire-Proofed Brooders

Cyphers Incubator Company has designed a line of improved Brooders that embody the most advanced ideas known to date in Brooder construction. They are built to do the work required of them, cost price being treated as of secondary importance. These Brooders are based on many years of practical experience and are not only fireproofed and insurable, but are

claimed by the manufacturers to be the best designed, the most durable, the most convenient, and the most efficient indoor and outdoor brooding devices thus far invented and placed on the market.

Style B, outdoor, size 32x62 inches\$35.00)
Adaptable Hover, for home-made brooders 18.00)
Portable Hover 13.50)
Cyphers Coal Burning Colony Brooder-	
Outfit No. 10, 41-inch Hover, price, each. 21.50)

Outfit No. 20, 52-inch Hover, price, each. 26.50 Paradise Brooder, Base Section, price, each .. 25.00

A full line of Thermometers and other supplies for Incubators always in stock, or quickly secured.

MOESTRIPLE COMPARTMENT GRITAND SHELL BOX



No. 9. Three compartments, \$1.00 each.

No. 90. Four compartments, \$1.35 each.



Moe's Never Clogand Waste Proof Hopper



No. 35. Width 8½ inches \$1.50
No. 36. Width 12 inches, \$2.00
No. 37. Width 24 inches \$3.00.



Moe's Sanitary Brooder Fountain



Removable bottom Easily Cleaned. A practical and convenient style of fountain, made of heavy galvanized



iron. Can be hung on the wall, up out of the litter. Price 75c each.

Star Jar Fountain and Feeder

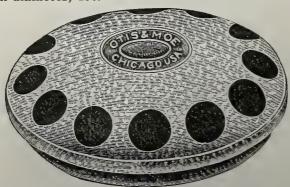
Will fit pint, quart, or one-half gallon, Mason jar. Manufactured of one piece of non-rusting metal. No parts to come unsoldered. Convenient, cheap and sanitary. Provides greater drinking



surface than the round fountain. Little chicks cannot get drowned. Can be used for feed as well as water. Price, postpaid, 26c each. Price by express, 20c each, \$2.00 dozen.

Baby Chick Feeder

Saves feed; keeps it clean; can also be used for water or milk. Made in two sizes: No. 11, 6 inches in diameter, 25c; No. 12, 8 inches in diameter, 40c.

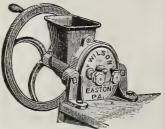


Sanitary Feeding Troughs

Can be used for feed, wet mash or water. Barrel top prevents wasting of feed and if used for water, does away with the little chicks drowning. The feed saved by using this trough will more than pay for itself in a few weeks. Made of the best grade of galvanized iron in three sizes, namely: No. 21, 12 inches long, packed 12 in. (shipping weight, 12 lbs.), 60c each. No. 22, 18 inches long, packed 6 in. (shipping weight, 10 lbs.), 90c each. No. 23, 24 inches long, packed 6 in. (shipping weight, 13½ lbs.), \$1.25 each.

Dry Bone and Shell Mill

For grinding dry bones, oyster shells, charcoal, and coarse grain like corn, etc. this machine is one of the handiest appliances in use, and is well made. The hopper is 4 inches wide and 4½ inches



long, with a balance wheel 20 inches in diameter. Price \$6.00 each.

Leader Aluminum Leg Bands

Adjustable and can be made in different sizes to fit the fowls. Numbered consecutively from 1 to 100. No. 1, for small breeds; No. 2 for large breeds, 15c per doz., \$1.00 per 100, postpaid.

CELLULOID LEG BANDS. All colors, 15c per doz.; 90c per 100.

Thermometers



Tyco Incubator. Adjustable, can be used in any machine. Price \$1.00 (mailing weight, 4 ozs.).

Brooder. Price 75c (mailing weight, 3 ozs.).

Nest-Eggs

Knox Medicated. In this is combined a nestegg and vermin-killer in one. They look exactly like natural eggs and are just the thing for laying hens. 5c each (mailing weight 4 ozs.); 60c per doz. (mailing weight 1 lb.).

Porcelain. 3 for 10c (mailing weight 1 lb.), ozs.); 60c per doz. (mailing weight 2 lbs.)

Moe's Poultry Punch

A popular and practical punch for marking baby chicks. Price 25c each.

We can furnish Oat Sprouters, Vegetable and Hay Racks for Rabbits and many other supplies. Write for prices.

POULTRY FOODS AND REMEDIES

- Scratch Feed. This is scientifically prepared by practical poultry experts to meet all the demands of growing and full-grown fowls. Sifted and recleaned until entirely free from dust and chaff. \$3.50 per 100 lbs.; less than 100 lbs., 5c per lb.; 200 lbs. and over at \$3.25 per 100 lbs.
- Laying Mash. Carefully prepared and contains ingredients in proper proportion essential to health, growth and egg-production. It is suitable for either morning or noon or evening meal, whichever method preferred, or may be kept before the fowls in a hopper in dry form. Present price: \$4.50 per 100 lbs.; less than 100 lbs., 6c per lb.
- Chick Feed. A complete grain feed for chicks up to eight weeks old. It is a standard mixture of recleaned cracked grain and seed, hulled oats, fine granulated bone and fine charcoal. Present price \$4.00 per 100 lbs.; less than 100 lbs., 5c per lb.
- Pigeon Feed. Most raisers do not understand either the pigeon or its feeding as well as they do poultry. The true fancier, the man who raises birds, will find our Pigeon Feed especially chosen for pigeons, as there is no corn used, but various grains, peas and seeds, all clean, well matured, so that the young or old are able to use every particle of same. Present price: \$5.00 per 100 lbs.; less than 100 lbs., 6c per lb.
- Alfalfa Meal. This is alfalfa clover, cured green and cut fine for poultry. Present price: \$2.75 per 100 lbs.; less than 100 lbs., 6c per lb.
- Pure Meat Meal, or Beef Scrap. This is excellent for hopper feed, and may be mixed and fed in a mash to great advantage. Present price: \$6.00 per 100 lbs.; less than 100 lbs., 7c per lb.
- Poultry Grit. This is essential in the poultry yard, to keep fowls in healthy condition. \$1.75 per 100 lbs.; less than 100 lbs.; 3c per lb.
- Crushed Oyster Shell. Indispensable for successful poultry keeping. It is best to have it where the fowls can get at it at all times. Present price: \$1.50 per 100 lbs.; less than 100 lbs., 3c per lb.; 5-lb. pkg., 15c.
- Charcoal. Aids digestion and promotes health. No poultryman can afford to be without it. Present price: 50-lb. sack \$2.25; less than 50 lbs., 7c per lb.







Pratt's Poultry and Stock Remedies

Pratt's Baby Chick Food. 3-lb. pkg. 30c;	
6½-lb. pkg. 60c, 14-lb. bag \$1.75, 25-lb.	
bag \$3, 100-lb. bag\$ Pratt's Poultry Regulator. 24-oz. pkg. 25c,	8.00
Pratt's Poultry Regulator. 24-oz. pkg. 25c,	
4-lb. pkg. 50c, 12-lb. pail \$1.75, 25-lb. pl.	3.00
Pratt's Roup Remedy. Pkg. 30c, 60c, and	1.20
Pratt's Roup Tablets. Pkg. 30c, 60c and	1.20
Pratt's Sore Head Chicken Pox Remedy	~^
Pkg. 35c and	.70
Pratt's Scaly Leg Remedy. Box	.30
Pratt's Head Lice Ointment. Pkg	.30
Pratt's Gape Remedy. Pkg. 30c and	.60
Pratt's White Diarrhoea Remedy. Pkg.	.00
30c and	.60
Pratt's Lice Killer. (Powdered form.) Lb.	
pkg. 30c, 21 ₂ -1b. pkg	.60
Pratt's Liquid Lice Killer. Qt. can 60c,	
2-qt. can \$1, gal. can	1.75
Pratt's Poultry Disinfectant. Qt. can 60c,	
2-qt. can \$1, gal. can	1.75
Pratt's Chicken Cholera Remedy. Pkg.	00
30c and	.60
48-oz. pkg. 60c, 12-lb. pail \$2.55, 25-lbs.	4.10
Pratt's Heave, Cough and Cold Remedy.	4.10
Lb. pkg	.60
Pratt's Dip and Disinfectant. Qt. can 60c,	.(/(/
2-qt. can \$1, gal. can	1.75
Pratt's Liniment. Bottle	.30
Pratt's Bag Ointment. Box	.35
Pratt's Peerless Hoof Ointment. Box	.30
Pratt's Healing Ointment. (For man or	
beast.) Box 30c and	.60
Pratt's Healing Powder. 4-oz. sifting top	
can	.30
Pratt's Cow Tonic. Pkgs 60c and 3	
Pratt's Germ-a-thol. Bottle 30c and	.60
Pratt's Fly Chaser. ½-gal. can 85c, gallon	1.40 1.50
National Hog Remedy. Pkg. \$1 and Blackman's Medicated Salt Brick. Best for	1.00
all kinds of stock. 25c each, case of 30	
bricks	6.00

Beekeepers' Supplies

We have added a full line of Hives and Beekeepers' Supplies. Call and inspect our stock or write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Miscellaneous Requisites

- Hotbed Sash. Open (without glass), made of cypress, either grooved, or rabbeted, to fit glass, 6 ft. long, 3 ft. wide, \$3.00 each.
- Glass for Hotbed. Per box of 150 lights 6x8, \$7.50; per box of 90 lights, 8x10, \$7.50.
- Binder Twine. Standard, 5-lb. ball, \$1.00; 50-lb. bale, \$8.00.

Fruit-Baskets. For packing berries and	fruits.
	1,000
Pt. size (oblong)\$1.25	\$11.00
Qt. size (square) 1.50	12.50
2-qt. size (oblong) 1.90	16.00
3-qt. size (oblong) 2.75	26.00
4-qt. size (oblong) 3.00	27.50
16-at. size	160.00

55

The Little Wonder Hedge Trimmer

Revolutionizes hedge trimming. Guaranteed for one year. Demonstration at our store. Price complete, \$25.00.





Moe's Never Fail Trap Nest

As the name implies, it never fails. Every nest set up and ready for use when shipped. Manufactured in two sizes.

No. 33, 12x12x12 ins., complete, each \$1.65. No. 34, for larger fowls, 12x12x14½ ins., complete, each, \$2.30.

By parcel post, No. 33, \$1.90; No. 34, \$2.65, not past third zone.

STIM- @-PLANT

You can have the largest crops of fruits and vegetables, and an abundance of the finest and sweetest scented flowers of the most intense and vivid colors, if you will use Stim-U-planT plant food and fertilizer. Odorless, clean, easy to use. Complete directions with every package. Order Stim-U-planT tablets with your seed and plant order. Price, 10 tablets for 15c; 30 for 25c; 100 for 75c; 1,000 for \$3.50.

DON SUNG Makes Hens Lay

Thousands of successful poultry raisers are getting wonderful egg results from Don Sung. Doesn't force or hurt the hens. Guaranteed to get the eggs no matter how cold or wet the weather. Large size, \$1, holds three times the 50c size. Add 4c war tax. Special size, \$5. Holds 6 times the \$1 size. Add 20c war tax.

Tobacco Barn Thermometers

Very best grade 75c and \$1.00, postpaid.

ROSE BUSHES

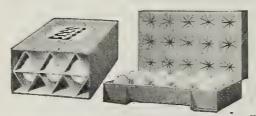
Strong plants. All varieties and colors. Price 75c each; \$8.00 doz.

Diamond Egg Box

Spading Forks\$1.75 each

Steel Rakes75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 Wire Lawn Rakes\$1.25 each

This is the strongest and safest egg shipping box on the market. Especially recommended for setting eggs.



				Parcel
1		Expr	ess	Post
		Each	Doz.	Each
12-egg	size	 .\$.25	\$2.75	\$.35
			3.00	.40
24-egg	size	 35	3.50	.45
30-egg	size	 45	4.00	.55
36-egg	size	 45	4.25	.55
48-egg	size	 55	5.75	.65
50-egg	size	 60	5.75	.70
60-egg	size	 70	8.00	.80

FRUIT TREES AND NURSERY STOCK

We shall be glad to quote on your Nursery Stock. Our stock is grown under conditions that make the trees and plants well adapted to this section. You will find that our prices on all varieties will be in line with those of reliable nurserymen. We list only a small part of the stock that we can supply.

APPLES. Early Harvest, Yellow Transparent, Red June, Red Astrachan, Williams' Early Red, Horse, Bonum, Grimes' Golden, Winesap, Delicious. 4 to 6 feet, each 75c; \$6.00 for 10.

PEACHES. Mayflower, Arp, Greensboro, Carman, Belle of Georgia, J. H. Hale, Elberta, Late Crawford, Matthews, Smock, Bilyeu. 3 ft. and up, 50c each; \$4.00 for 10.

PEARS. Koonce, Seckel, Bartlett, Duchesse d'Angouleme, Kieffer, Le Conte, Magnolia. \$1.00 each, \$7.50 for 10.

PLUMS. Abundance, Burbank, Wickson, Green Gage, Damson. \$1.00 each, \$7.50 for 10.

CHERRIES. Tartarian, Governor Wood, May Duke, Richmond, Montmorency. \$1.00 each; \$7.50 for 10.

Farm and Garden Planet Jr. **Implements**

Thousands of people are now cultivating gardens who have never done so before; thousands of people, therefore, are making a large saving in their living expenses and finding out, perhaps for the first time in their lives, what fresh peas, beans and corn taste like when they are right out of the garden. The labor of cultivating these gardens is made easy by the use of Planet Jr. Seed Drills and Wheel Hoes, as is shown by the fact that many of the most enthusiastic gardeners of recent years are women.

The name "Planet Jr." has become synonymous with labor-saving among farmers and gardeners everywhere, and they instinctively want the implement that bears the Planet Jr. trade-mark.

No. 4 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and No. 17 Planet Jr. Single- Wheel Hoe



This accurate, easy-running tool sows all garden seeds, from the smallest up to peas and beans, in hills, 4, 6, 8, 14 or 24 inches apart, or in drills at the proper thickness and depth, rolling down and marking out next row all at one passage. By removing the seeder and substituting the tool frame you have a complete Single-Wheel Hoe which plows, hoes, cultivates easily and thoroughly all through the season.



This attractive implement is especially designed for the farmer's garden work, though it offers to everyone with either field or garden a cheap and effective tool for wheel-hoe operations. The standard is slotted for depth regulation, and an adjustable piece carries any of the attachments that go with the machine. variety, shape, and quality of the tools make the implement light-running and effective. It is strong, well made, and quickly adjusted. The height of the handles can be changed to suit man or woman, boy or girl.



These Single-Wheel Hoes are the highest type of their class. They have a great variety of attachments, which adapt them to a large variety of work, and there is scarcely any gar-den cultivation they will not do. The hoes are wonderful weed-killers and leave a fine dust mulch which prevents evaporation of the moisture. Cultivator teeth for deep or shallow work and plow furrows for seed, manure, etc., and covering, hilling, etc. All steel parts of high carbon steel, oil-tempered and specially hardened. This combination has the most popular set of attachments useful throughout the sea-

No. 119 Planet Jr. Garden Plow and Cultivator



This tool will appeal to those wno prefer a high-wheel tool for their garden work. Where the soil has not been so thoroughly and carefully prepared, the high wheel undoubtedly makes an easy-running tool. The equipment is so complete that it will meet all the needs of the ordinary garden where the adjustments and refinements of the higher-priced wheel hoes are not required. The tool is light and strong, and is built with the same care for detail which has made the "Planet Jr." the leaders among garden tools.

Planet Jr. Farm and Garden Implements

You cannot afford to till the ground without Planet Jr. tools. They not only save hard labor, but enable you to cultivate double the acreage in the same time, and thus add over 100 per cent to your crop yield. Invented by a practical farmer and manufacturer—the result of fifty years' experience. Strong, lasting construction. Fully guaranteed.



These Pianet Jr. Horse Hoes and Cultivators are stronger, better made and finished than any other one-horse cultivators, and enable you to increase your yield, because they do a greater variety of work in corn, potatoes, cotton, beans, tobacco and other crops requiring similar cultivation, and do it more thoroughly. Cultivate deep or shallow, in different width rows, and the extra-long frames make them steady running. All Planet Jr. cultivator steels are made of beveled steel, thickest down the center, making them self-sharpening, and the points retain their shape and strength. No. 9 has lever expander, allowing quick adjustment for different width rows. Used with or without a wheel. No. 9-D, without wheel, price \$14.75.

No. 4-D Planet Jr. Plain Cultivator



With them the frame and handles seem almost like one solid piece. Changes in width are quickly made by loosening one nut on each side, and one side may be opened wide, while the other is closed. An every-day all-day tool.

No. 100-D Planet Jr. Plain Cultivator

We offer this Cultivator with the object of filling a definite need where lands are light or where farming is done on a modest scale. It weighs but 42 pounds. Will stand hard usage and do excellent work. A steady running tool and easy to handle and adjust.

Weight, 42 lbs. Price, \$8.75

No. 90 Planet Jr. Twelve-Tooth Harrow, Cultivator and Pulverizer



This tool is a special favorite with strawberry, tobacco, and sugar-beet growers, market gardeners and farmers, because of its twelve chisel-shaped teeth. The teeth and pulverizer leave the ground in fine condition. Cultivates any width from 12 to 32 inches.

No. 76 Planet
Jr.Pivot-Wheel
Riding Cultivator, Plow, Furrower and
Ridger
Complete with
Spring Trip Standard (8) in Place
of Regular No.

76-F. No. 76-D (with Cultivator teeth and Pair of Plant Guards Only).

A one-row machine, strongly constructed, easily handled, that has no equal anywhere. Its superior construction, almost entirely of steel, accurate-fitting parts, spring lifting levers and variety of cultivating attachments make it yield big dividends in time and labor saved. The arch is extra wide and 34 inches high, and will work corn safely up to 4 feet. The frame and tongue are steel. Pivot wheels change in width easily to suit different width rows. The gang frames are extra heavy, but improved levers with lifting springs make their control easy. Has malleable pivots and steel axles, both practically dust-proof; steel ratchets and pins. The center lever operates the hinged tongue, regulating the depth of the front teeth and leveling the machine; the same lever moves the teeth instantly, either closer to or further from the row, while the team is in motion. The cultivator is simple, roomy, strong and easily handled. Cultivates, plows, and hills crops 28 to 44

inches apart.

Hocking Valley One-Hole Corn Sheller

The Hocking Valley One-Hole Sheller has more than a national reputation. It goes not only to every state and territory in the Union, but to every country in the world where corn is raised. It is the standard Sheller with which all others are compared. It fully deserves all of its popularity. It is carefully made of the best material that can be gotten, is finished as handsomely as a piece of furniture and is always perfectly satisfactory in its working. It is furnished either with or without fan, feed-table, and pulley, as ordered, and has a capacity of from twenty to twentyfive bushels an hour.



Iron Age No. 976 B Walking Cultivator

Equipped with six spring hoes instead of pin-break hoes, as shown in cut. Has balance frame, double cone bearing, steel wheels with flat rims and dust-

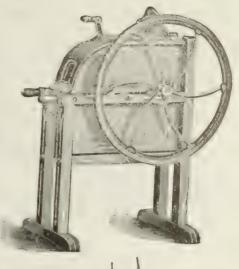


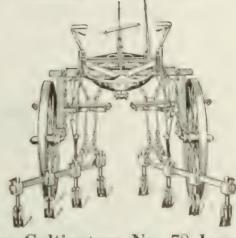
Steel Beam Cultivator

Carried in stock with 3 or 4 shovels. Some heavier than wood beam Cultivator below, so is better adapted to the heavier soils. Beams are adjustable.

Wood Beam Side Cultivator

This cultivator is made strong but light in weight, so as to be adjustable to the lighter soils. Fitted with steels 31/2 by 8 inches.





Iron Age Cultivators No. 78 Low Wheel and No. 68 High Wheel

All-Steel Pivot Wheels, Pivot Gangs, Parallel Motion, Perfectly Adjustable, Balance Frame Steel construction makes them both strong and rigid, and yet light—steel pipe, solid steel neck yoke, steel frame, inverted angle iron arch, one-piece steel axle standards (or shinbones), steel levers, steel lock washers on every bolt, the simplest but strongest steel gangs you have ever seen. Not a piece of wood in the machine, except the break pins for the plain hoes.

Coldwell Lawn Mower

and 18-inch sizes.



Gantt Guano Distributor No. 1. Rotary Feed

Strongest, most perfect made. Far superior to anything on the market. Unsurpassed for putting out all kinds of guano; easily regulated to distribute the proper amount; no waste in turning rows. The Gnatt patent cotton planters

and guano distributors are the best implements

for the purpose ever put on the Satisfaction guaranteed.



Gantt Guano Distributor No. 2

This distributor is built on steel frame, with covering plows to list or bed on guano when put out. It opens the furrow, puts down and spreads the fertilizer, covers the same, all at one operation, with one man and one horse. The hopper is large and holds nearly twice the amount of guano as some other

makes. No waste in turning or going from one field to another. The lever is in easy reach of the operator, and will distribute from 100 to 1,000 pounds to acre.

in stock. Most popular sizes of one horse

are No. 6, Goober and A. C. Sizes of two horse B. C., Nos. 10, 13, 19 and 20.

Oliver Plows All sizes of one and two horse Genuine

Oliver Plows carried

Nº 12

Black Hawk One-Row Drill No. 123

The No. 123 is a one-row chain-driven Drill, using the famous Black Hawk edge-drop

system of seed selection, and plates can be furnished for all kinds of beans, peas, milo maize, kaffir corn, broom corn, sorghum, beet seed, long, slim Yellow

Dent and shoe-peg corn at slight additional cost. Shipping weight of this drill is 91 pounds.

The combination of plates and sprockets furnished with this drill will plant seeds from 7 to 28 inches apart.

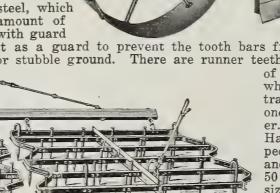
New Southern Spike Harrow

This Harrow has proved universally popular wherever used, and no farm should be without one. The tooth bars are made of U-bar steel, while

the side bars are made of I-bar steel, which gives the Harrow the maximum amount of strength. The Harrow is equipped with guard

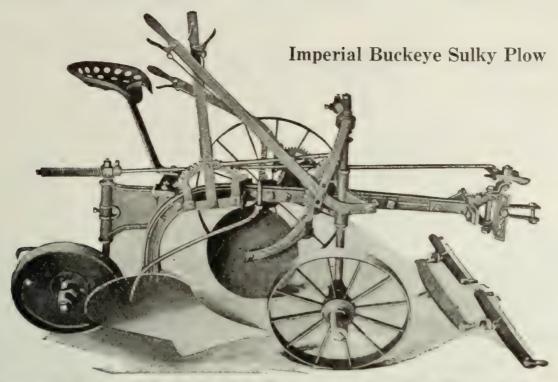
rail in front, and the side bars act as a guard to prevent the tooth bars from catching on obstructions when used in orchard or stubble ground. There are runner teeth at each corner





of the Harrow on which it can be transported from one field to another. The two section Harrows are equipped with draw bars and made in both 50 and 60-tooth sizes, with either 1/2 or 5-8 in. teeth.

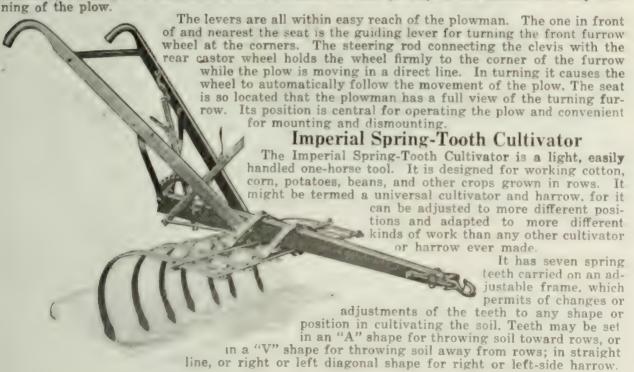
SEEDS IN QUANTITY. To Market-Gardeners and public Institutions who buy Vegetable Seeds in large quantities, we ask that you send us a list of your requirements for special prices, as we can make substantial reductions on large orders.



The Imperial Buckeye Sulky is a medium-lift, moderate-priced Plow without any unnecessary parts, but with every useful adjustment. It is easily controlled and of very light draft for its capacity. Its work under any condition is fully equal to that of the more expensive sulkies, and, having fewer parts, it requires less attention. It is light in weight because of high-grade

material and superior construction.

The beam is made of stiff steel and has ample strength to resist all strains. Its high throat affords sufficient clearance for deep plowing. The wheel brackets are attached to it direct, making a frameless plow, strong, compact and easy to operate. The wheels are steel with dust-proof compression grease cups. Both furrow wheels are staggered so as to run in the corner of the furrow and reduce the pressure against the landside. After finding the proper width of furrow to suit the capacity of the plow bottom, the front width of furrow wheel is adjusted for this width on its axle. This insures a uniform furrow width and, by the lever adjustment, a uniform depth. The land wheel is provided with a cushion spring, which relieves the strain caused by running over obstructions and elevations. It adds greatly to the smooth and easy run-



its work.



The New Imperial Disc is a Harrow with a Medium High Steel Frame and Steel Standards

Frame. This is an important feature of the improved New Imperial. The main frame bars are heavy steel angles; no wood whatever is used for any part. Both the frame and post or standard have hinged connections with the disc gangs. These allow flexibility and freedom of movement both in setting the disc gangs at the desired cutting angle and also in

the movement of the Harrow over un-even ground. While the pressure bars hold down the inside ends of the gangs, the hinge connections permit of an up or down movement to conform with the surface of the ground. This form of frame and method of connection also prevents any binding of the bearings, no matter in what position gangs may be set or what inequalities of ground they may be obliged to follow.

Anti-Friction Bumpers. These are loose cast-iron plates attached to the inside of each gang axle. They are always in contact when the Harrow is in motion and revolve together, taking up the end thrust of the disc gangs. Continuous contact of the bumper plates is secured by the manner in which the disc gangs are attached to the Harrow frame. This allows sufficient movement in either direction, so that each gang man accommodate itself to inequalities in the surface, and the ten-

dency of the gangs being always to push toward the center, they are kept in contact.

Interlocking Hubs. The Interlocking Hub is a decided improvement over the ordinary method which is merely to pass a square axle through a square hole in the disc blade. If the blade works loose it cuts the axle. In the Interlocking Hub a square block passes through the disc blade, fitting into the heads of the spools on each side. (See illustration above.) When the gang of discs is fitted together and securely clamped, each disc blade is held tightly between two spool heads and connected by the interlocking block. This connection positively secures the disc blades from turning on the axle even though they should loosen between the spools. Adjustable Pressure Bars. The pressure caused by the end thrust of the disc gangs towards the center produces an upward tendency, which if not controlled, would result in the inside blades of each gang cutting less than the outside gangs. The Harrow would cut deep at the ends and shallow in the center. To prevent this a pressure bar is bolted to the harrow frame near the inner end of each gang. This bears on the gang frame and holds the gang down to

Acme Harrow, Size No. 23 The Acme not only pulverizes, smooths, and turns the surface, but cuts through to the under soil, pulverizing and compacting it. It also turns and mixes the soil so that the seed sown is covered evenly with fully pulverized soil, insuring a quick catch under the most favorable conditions for best germination. Size No. 23, for two horses, has a wrought-iron

tubular bar, to which are attached two gang bars, which can be used either flexible or rigid, each pro-

vided with six curved cast-steel coulters, supplemented by flat cast-steel crushing spurs. The forward half of each coulter is curved to the left, while the rearward half is curved to the right, thus forming a double gang. By this arrangement of the coulters, the whole surface of the ground is cut, lifted and turned. This size Harrow works a space 61/2 feet wide.

Acme Harrow, Size H

This size Harrow can be used for either one or two horses, being equipped with eight coulters like the one described above. When used for two horses the driver rides, as in case of the large-size Harrow, but when used for one horse the driver should walk behind, in which case the handles will be of assistance to him in using.

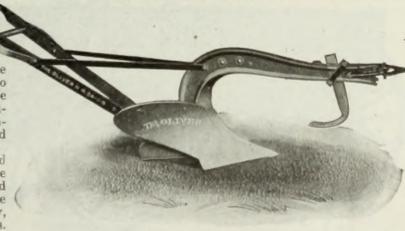


The No. 24 Road Plow

A special feature in the construction of No. 24 is its one-piece cast-iron beam and standard. There is nothing else that we could do to add to its strength. All wearing parts are built around the standard, which gives the bottom greater strength than any other construction.

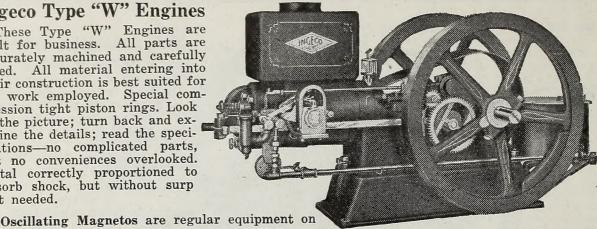
around the standard, which give This Plow is practically indestructible. In its design and construction we kept foremost in our minds the nature of work it would be expected to do. It is made especially for the meanest of roadbeds. Notwithstanding its superior size and construction, it is a moderate- priced implement.

It is fitted regularly with chilled mouldboard, chilled cutter share and straight, single-flange chilled landside. It is advisable to use wheel and coulter with this Plow, which may be specified as extras.



Ingeco Type "W" Engines

These Type "W" Engines are built for business. All parts are accurately machined and carefully fitted. All material entering into their construction is best suited for the work employed. Special compression tight piston rings. Look at the picture; turn back and examine the details; read the specifications-no complicated parts, but no conveniences overlooked. Metal correctly proportioned to absorb shock, but without surp not needed.

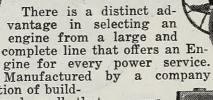


all Type "W" Engines above 1 h. p. Engine started on oscillator more easily and reliably than on battery.

No deterioration while standing in storage. No forgetting to turn off the switch. No wondering whether battery is "run out." No spark coil to become water-soaked. No battery wire to break. Oscillating magnetos are mounted on the ignitor

bracket. Easily accessible and free from dirt and grease. The 1 h. p. is equipped with geared type magneto.

The Type "W" Engines are entirely self-contained, come to you fully tested out and ready to start. Meets all competition, not only in least cost of operation and maintenance, but price is right.



that has the reputation of building engines, large and small, that will "stand up" and do satisfactory and economical work day after day. An Engine that may be started easily and quickly in all kinds of weather.

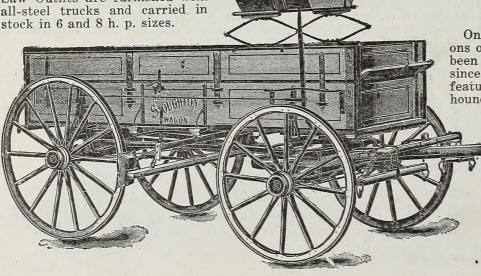
Ingeco Portable Wood Saw

The Ingeco Portable Wood Saw Outfits are furnished with all-steel trucks and carried in stock in 6 and 8 h. p. sizes.



One of the oldest Wagons on the market, having made continually been since 1865. This Wagon features the unbreakable hound, the long-distance,

self-oiling skein, the strongest, best iron-ed and designed gear on earth, wheels superior in every respect; nothing but "A" grade material used throughout. We carry in stock 2¾, 3, and 3¼ inch sizes of two horse, and 2½ and 2½ inch sizes of one horse.

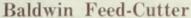


Carolina Stalk-Cutter

The Carolina Stalk-Cutter is steel built throughout with heavy angle steel frame and equipped with latest type steel wheel with dust-proof boxing, which, with special feature given above, makes it one of the strongest and most durable machines on the market, one that has had a thorough test under the most exacting conditions, thereby proving its worth. The knife head must have the necessary weight to give force to the cutting blow. It must have all the bearings dust and sand-proof. The blades must be attached so they will not become loose. The double-edge knives prolong the life of the machine. All these points are found in the Carolina

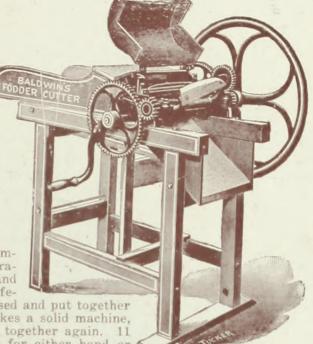
Stalk-Cutter. Stalk hooks adjust automatically as the knife head is raised from the ground. These hooks are under spring pressure, which holds them in line with knives, and a foot lever enables the operator to raise and lower them at will to prevent clogging. The draft clevis is connected to the main frame with spring hitch, thereby relieving the horses as well as the machine from unusual strain. The cutter is equipped with nine double-edge blades and weighs 500 pounds.





This is the standard Feed-Cutter among farmers, owing to the small power required in its operation, due to the excellence of its construction and its principle of having the knives near the knifeshaft. The frames are of hard wood, well mortised and put together

shaft. The frames are of hard wood, well mortised and put together with joint bolts. This construction not only makes a solid machine, but one that can be easily taken apart and put together again. 11 and 13-inch sizes carried in stock, these being for either hand or power.



INDEX

GARDEN SEE	DS A		
			Page
Asparagus Beans, Bush			9
Beans, Bush			
Beans, Wax			annual 3
Beans, Wax Beans, Pole Beans, Lima			
Beans, Lima			4
Beets			
Broccoli			
Brussel Sprouts Cabbage	8		minimum 4
Cabbage	****		6-7
Cabbage Plants			
Carrots			
Cantaloupe			
Cauliflower			9
Celery			
Chinese or Cel	ery C	abba	Ke 9
Corn Salad	23 4		
Corn (Roasting	Ear)		Advancement
Corn (Sweet o	r Sug	(ar)	
Corn, Pop			
Cow Peas (Ta)	No. 5		10
Cucumbers	ile)		977
Endive			
Egg Plant			
Gourds			
Kala or horace	la		1.4
Kale or boreco Kohlrabi	200	- 4	7.4
Leek			1.4
Lettuce			
Mangel-Wurtsel	A stone of		De de de
Martyna			18
Mustard			
Okra or Gumbo			

	Page
Onions	.18-19
Onion Sets	
Parsley	
Parsnips	19
Pepper	
Potatoes	22
Potato Plants (Sweet)	22
Pumpkin	21
Radish	
Rutabaga	28
Salsify	23
Spinach	25
Swiss Chard	5
Squash	24
Tobacco	28
Turnips	27.28
Tomatoes Watermelon FLOWER SEEDS	25-26
Watermelon	17
FLOWER SEEDS	30-36
BULBS	.38-39
FARM SEEDS	
Alfalfa	41
Alphano Inoculant	41
Barley	47
Beans (Navy)	46
Beans (Velvet)	44
Broom Corn	45
Buckwheat	4.7
Canada Field Peas	47
Cane or Sorghum	45
Clover	41-42
Cow Peas	45-46
Cow Peas (Table)	4.5
Corn	4.8

Pag	e
Cotton49	
Grass (Lawn)40	
Grass (Field and Pasture)43-4-	4
Millet 4	7
Milo Majze4	6
Oats4	7
Peanuts4	S
Rape41	Ġ
Rye 4'	
Soy Beans4	
Sunflower 4	
Vetches4	7
Wheat4	100
MISCELLANEOUS	
Farmogerm4	2
Farm & Garden Implements 57-6.	5
Fertilizers4	1
Flower Pots3	Į,
Flower Pots	6
incubators and Brooders	8
Insecticides and Fungicides50)
Miscellaneous Supplies5	6
Parcel Post Rates Inside Front	
Cover. Poultry Supplies5	
Pountry Supplies	3.
Poultry Foods and Remedies 5.	
Pruning Shears	15
Pruning Saws	di
Savo Steel Flower Box	15
Spray Pumps51-5; Suggestions to Customers, Inside	il.
cukkestions to Customers, Inside	

To Our Patrons ...



Job P. Wyatt & Sons Co., Raleigh, N.C.